

Sedalia Evening Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, THURSDAY EVENING AUGUST 1, 1895.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

DEADLY RACE RIOT.

Further Details of the Affray in Alabama.

BATTLED FORTWO HOURS.

Four Negroes and Two White Men Killed—Many on Both Sides Were Wounded.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., August 1.—The sheriff's posse returned from Brookside, the scene of the race riot, yesterday, bringing with them the negro rioters who had been arrested, two having been rescued from the enraged white miners after ropes had been placed around their necks preparatory to hanging them. Half a dozen officers were left at Brookside to arrest other rioters and prevent further trouble.

Investigation shows that the negroes whom the deputies, Woods and Baxter, went to arrest were entrenched in a ditch, strongly reinforced, and poured a murderous fire from their cover, shooting down two officers at the first volley. Reinforcements came to the whites, but the negroes never ceased firing until their ammunition was exhausted. Then they fled to the woods, the whites in pursuit. Three negroes are reported dead and one wounded. One woman is among the rioters arrested. Half a dozen women took part in the riot. All is quiet now.

Further details of the race riot are that in the first battle between the whites and blacks two negroes were shot dead. The battle waged fiercely for nearly two hours. Biggars and his men were sheltered by dense foliage, and the white miners were forced to retreat. They gathered reinforcements and again renewed the attack. Two more negroes fell dead under the heavy fire. The ranks of the whites were thinned by several being wounded. While the miners were caring for their injured the negroes struck out for the deeper woods. Another posse was formed and the pursuit resumed. Word was wired to this city for help, and Sheriff Morrow, with twenty-five of his men, left for the scene.

When Sheriff Morrow and party came upon the rioters the whites had captured several of them, but Biggars was not among them. A rope had been carried along for a purpose. That purpose was just being carried into effect when the sheriff arrived. The captured negroes were bound hand and foot and the dangling noose from the limb of a tree overhead told their impending fate. Sheriff Morrow demanded the surrender of the prisoners. His request was received in silence. Another demand for surrender was met with a flat refusal from the leader of the white miners. Morrow then threatened to open fire on both parties unless the prisoners were given up at once. Not until his men presented their arms and the ominous click of the weapons was heard did the spokesman of the white miners deliver up his captives. They were brought back to the camp, where another demonstration was made by those miners who had not joined the pursuit.

They made a desperate attempt to take the prisoners from Sheriff Morrow, but the determined stand of his men deterred them. The camp is in a great state of excitement and the negroes will be brought here to prevent a lynching. The bodies of the four negroes were brought to the camp and the bodies of the two deputies were taken to their homes.

Over a dozen men received wounds during the battle and were brought to camp for surgical treatment. It is not thought that they are fatally injured. Further trouble is feared.

SOLD HIS HOME.

"Bob" Morrow Disposes of His Elegant Third Street Property.

Colonel Robert N. Morrow has sold his elegant homestead at 721 West Third street, embracing nearly three lots, to Will Powell, jr. The sale is one of the most important recently made.

Another peculiar feature of the day's real estate sales was the trans-

fer of a lot in Dresden three separate times, the deeds being filed all at one time.

Sales in detail: J. A. Williams and wife, by James Sewell, trustee, to the Houston bank, Houston, Mo., lots 11 and 12, block 26, Jaynes & Newkirk's addition to Houston, \$600.

Alice L. Morrow and husband, Robert N. Morrow, to William H. Powell, jr., lots 2 and 3, and 15 feet off the west side of lot 4, Todd's addition to Sedalia, \$5,850.

Andrew Gresham and wife to Uriah Gresham, undivided one-sixth interest in lot 6, block 5, Ritter's addition to Sedalia; also one-sixth interest in lot 104.7 by 52 feet at the corner of Sixteenth street and Ingram avenue, Sedalia, \$250.

Joseph M. Johnson to John F. Taylor, lot 1, of the western division of Dresden, \$200.

John F. Taylor to O. H. Coe, lot 1 of the western division of Dresden, \$250.

O. H. Coe to W. E. Steele, lot 1 in the western division of Dresden, \$100.

THE FREE SCHOLARSHIP.

Manufacturers of Patent Medicines to Be Taxed for Its Support.

When Senator Yeater's bill establishing a free scholarship in the State university in each county was passed at the last session of the legislature it required that the manufacturers of proprietary articles be taxed \$25 a year to create a fund to maintain this scholarship.

Accordingly, at the August term of the county court, to begin next Monday, that body will be asked to make an order levying this license fee and providing for its collection. The law will apply to Mertz & Hale, W. E. Bard & Son, and some other Sedalia druggists who are manufacturers of patented medicines.

Big Day Tomorrow.

Dr. Shell, the general secretary of the Epworth League of the United States, will be the attraction at the Methodist assembly at Pertle Springs tomorrow.

Mrs. Louie Hoffman will go up tomorrow forenoon. Her cousin, Miss Dixie Dimmitt, of Rocheport, and Professor George Beasley and bride, also of Rocheport, went today and will return with Mrs. Hoffman. Mrs. Beasley is a relative of Mrs. Gould Sturges, of this city.

Nail In His Foot.

Walter, the 10-year-old son of Fred Lueking, at 1111 South Massachusetts street, ran a rusty nail into his foot yesterday afternoon, causing a very aggravated wound. The foot was swollen and the wound inflamed, necessitating the presence of a physician. He is much improved today, and will pull through nicely.

Nothing Heard of Them.

The three prisoners who broke jail here a few nights ago are still at liberty. It is believed that Finley, the negro, is in hiding between Smithton and Otterville, but not a trace has been obtained regarding Thatcher or McCormick since they left the jail.

Fired a Pistol.

A man just drunk enough to be noisy, and carrying a pistol, caused a flurry on East Eleventh street last night by whooping and yelling and firing his pistol. He was maudling drunk, and his language incoherent.

The Injunction Suit.

The state capital injunction suit is being argued before Judge D. W. Shackelford at Jefferson City this afternoon. Lawyers Bothwell and McKeegan, the latter of St. Louis, appearing for Sedalia.

Young Lady Sick.

Miss Maude Ramsey, the daughter of the street commissioner, has been quite sick for some days with something like cholera morbus. She was able to sit up some this forenoon.

Pushing the Work.

Contractor Church's force of men have reached to nearly Massachusetts street with the concrete. The excavators are working beyond Washington avenue.

Increased Collections.

City Collector Wiley collected city taxes to the amount of \$4,254.81 in July, against \$2,756.26 for the same month in 1894, an increase of \$1,498.55.

Looking After His Crops.

County Clerk Lower is at his farm near Houstonia, listening to the tune the corn sings.

PERFUMES

Circassian

Rose

ONE OF THE LATEST

'Tis Sweet and Pleasing.

Ott Pharmacy,

Tel. 243. 312 Ohio St.

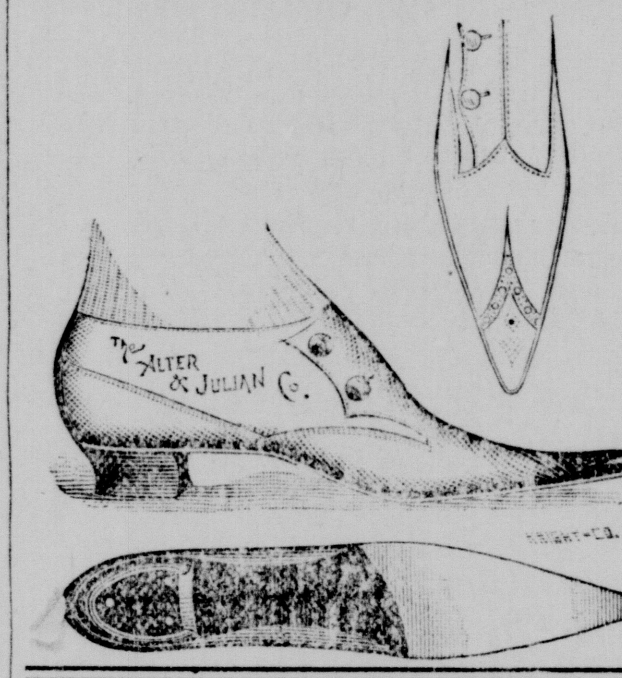
THE BODY NOT FOUND.

Miss Anna Meyer's Letters Disappeared With Her.

The body of Miss Anna Meyer, who jumped from the Hannibal bridge into the Missouri river Tuesday evening, has not yet been found, says today's Kansas City Journal.

Yesterday her sister, Mrs. Katie Farrah, with whom she lived, said that when Anna Meyer left her home at No. 530 Holmes street, on her way to the bridge, she took with her all her letters and two Mexican coins. The latter had the initials of her betrothed, J. A. Matier, cut on each side. The letters and coins were not in the pocketbook found on the bridge, after she had jumped into the river.

Mrs. Farrah believes that when the dead girl's body is found the



letters and coins will be found with it.

NEIL O'GARA'S BURIAL.

The Remains Brought Here from Kansas City at Noon Today.

The remains of Neil O'Gara, whose death was chronicled yesterday, arrived at 12:45 o'clock this afternoon from Kansas City, accompanied by the widow, her sister, Mrs. M. C. Byrns; her brothers, Robert and Andrew Lafferty; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Murphy and Messrs. Heiney and Cannon, of Kansas City.

The body was met at the depot by the Catholic Knights of America and Catholic Benevolent society, together with a large host of friends, and taken direct to the cemetery, where brief devotional services were conducted by Rev. Fr. Mueller, of Lake Creek.

Several beautiful floral tributes were bestowed, among them being "Gates Ajar" by the two societies that followed the body to the grave, a cross by James Glass and family and a wreath by E. G. Cassidy and family.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. John Cashman, Edward Donnelly, Con Quinn, Edward Hurley, James Glass and E. G. Cassidy.

Suit in Equity Filed.

Judge T. P. Hoy, attorney for the plaintiff, today filed in the office of the circuit clerk a bill in equity in the suit of John G. Rissler against A. P. Morey, administrator of the estate of J. W. Beaman, deceased. This is a suit to revive an old administration, involving the title of some property conveyed by mistake in the description of the land. It will be heard at the September term of the circuit court.

Postal Clerks Paid.

The postal clerks who make Sedalia their headquarters were paid their July salaries by Postmaster Hart today.

Stanley Coal Co.

ARE SELLING

HARD AND SOFT COAL

Better and cheaper than ever before. See them and get prices before you buy.

Phone 26.

Take a Benefit.

Standard Extracts at the unheard of price 5c a bottle.

The Laundry Soap at 5c for two bars is a bargain.

That double bar of Toilet Soap at 5c is a snap.

The 40c Baking Powder will not give any better results or satisfaction than my 10c Powder. Try it, and save 30c.

Just received, a fine Table Syrup which I offer at the low price of 30c per gallon.

Best make of Mason's Quart Fruit Jars I will sell at 75c per dozen.

The Honey I offer at 10c a pound is pure, and a good value.

Come and trade where you can get the best values in the city.

W. HAIN,

CASH GROCER, 303 Ohio St.

Why Pay

Rent

When you can buy a house and lot from

DONNOHUE

And pay for it in small monthly payments?

If you never begin you will never finish, so do not delay, but come and see what I can do for you.

Yours Truly,

J. D. DONNOHUE.

309 Ohio St.

Now is your time for

BARGAINS IN FOOTWEAR

Big Clearance Sale now going on at

Wm. Courtney's

MILITARY NOTES.

Company Details to Arrive—Religious Services By the Chaplain.

The quartermaster's detail from Company F, at Clinton, and the detail from the Second regiment band, also of that city will arrive in the city, tomorrow forenoon, under command of a sergeant, and will report to Lieutenant Beck, assistant quartermaster, for assignment. The details from the other companies are expected to arrive tomorrow afternoon, when the active work of arranging the tented city will begin. The grounds have been staked, and Saturday's round of duty will include the erection of the tents and the completion of the camp detail.

Military Officers Coming.

Adjutant General Wickham, of the National Guard of Missouri, and Chaplain Charles O'Connor, of the United States army, will arrive in the city Saturday afternoon, to attend the encampment of the Second regiment. Captain O'Connor has been detailed by the secretary of war to have charge of the

A Nice Job

Is what people want when they pay for it. Good printing is an advertisement for any business, and it is as cheap as bad printing. We make a specialty of good work and have every facility for it. Give us a trial order.

Sedalia : Printing Co.

Tel. 189. W. F. WALLER, Mgr.

SEDALIA NATIONAL BANK.

Capital, \$100,000.00; Surplus, \$12,000.00.

Have moved to their new banking room, southwest corner Third and Ohio streets.

DIRECTORS:—E. R. Blair, Pres.; J. H. Bothwell, Vice Pres.; F. W. Shultz, Cashier; W. A. Lower, J. W. Murphy, Martin Renkin, Chris. Hye, H. G. Clark, Dr. D. F. Brown, Charles E. Musick, Dr. W. H. Evans, William Courtney, H. W. Meuschke, Dr. E. F. Yancey, Henry Lamm.

We invite your business and offer to depositors every facility which their business and responsibility warrant.

CUT PRICES

ON REAL ESTATE FOR

10 days.

Call on Porter Real Estate Co., 404 Ohio St.

500

Dozen Jelly Glasses.

1/2 Pint at 20c.

1/2 Pint at 25c.

Fresh ROASTED Coffee

Received here every day.

Come in and see the handsome presents you get if you buy your tea and coffee of the

Capital Tea Store

Opposite Servant's

505 Ohio St.

military training of the young soldiers composing the regiment.

Has Forwarded the Invitation.

Colonel Caffee, of the Second regiment, has forwarded to Chaplain Mackinnon, at Nevada, the invitation of the vestry of Calvary Episcopal church, in this city, to occupy the pulpit of that church on Sunday evening, and the invitation was today accepted.

HIT WITH AN EGG.

A Sensation at the Court House Square Last Night.

There was a sensation at the southwest corner of the court house square shortly before 9 o'clock last night.

A trio of negroes, two bucks and a wench, were carrying on in a disgusting manner, when from the opposite side of Ohio street came an ancient egg that had been hurled with unerring aim.

There was no preliminary warning, and it struck the negro squarely in the breast, the contents spilling on her clothing, while a snell worse than that emitted from a tanyard caused pedestrians to beat a hasty retreat.

The victim of the hen fruit indulged in language much more forcible than elegant, but was finally induced to withdraw in order that the hose might be turned upon her. As to who threw the egg, nothing could be learned.

GOT INTO LINE.

St. Joseph Joins the "Missouri on Wheels" Movement.

St. Joseph will be represented in "Missouri on Wheels" if the work started so auspiciously last night is a pointer. Today's Gazette says:

C. A. Shoup was elected manager for the Fourth congressional district, as the plan under which the state organization works divides the state according to congressional districts.

It is proposed by the committee to push the work in the other counties at once, as no time is to be lost if the proper showing is made.

It is proposed that St. Joseph and

IT WILL PAY YOU

Sorghum, good, per gallon.....	.35
Bacon, per lb.....	.08
Lard, per lb.....	.07 1/2
Lump Starch, per lb.....	.05
Baking Powder, good, per lb.....	.10
California Beans, 6 lbs for.....	.25
Tea Dust, per lb.....	.10
Tea, a good article, per lb.....	.25
Coffee, a good blend, per lb.....	.22 1/2
Norwegian Fish, per doz.....	.20
Corn, best, 4 cans for.....	.25
Tomatoes, best, 2 cans for.....	.15
Crackers, 3X, per lb.....	.05
Ginger Snaps, 3 lbs for.....	.25
Big cake soap, 7 bars for.....	.25
Tobacco, a first class plug, per lb.....	.25
Raisins, per lb.....	.05
California Prunes, per lb.....	.05
Parlor matches, per doz.....	.15

FOR CASH!

ROLEY BROS.,

1000 E. Third St.

Telephone 216 Cor. Third and Brown.



10 per cent saved, is 10 per cent made; this can be done by buying your groceries from

W. E. POINDEXTER

CASH GROCER,

Cor. 6th and Ohio. Tel. 34.

21 lbs Granulated Sugar.....	\$1.00
22 lbs Light Brown Sugar.....	1.00
Dr. Price's Baking Powder, per lb.....	.40c
7 bars Lenox Soap.....	.25c
Rio Coffee, fair, per lb.....	.20c
Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb.....	.35c
Good Tea, all kinds, per lb.....	.25c
Bakers' Chocolate, per cake.....	.20c
Sweet Chocolate, 2 pks.....	.15c
Dunham's Cornnut, 2 pks.....	.15c
3 lb box Starch.....	.20c
1 lb box Starch, 4 for.....	.25c
Tubs, 40c, 50c and.....	.60c
8 lbs Baked Oats.....	.25c
Mason's Qt. Jars, per dozen.....	.80c

We want your trade and will save you money

Money to Loan

ON REAL ESTATE

At low rates, without delay, no commission, with small expenses, and to be repaid in installments.

MIDLAND SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY

112 E. Second St., Sedalia, Mo.

the Fourth district shall make a showing as great as the wonderful resources of the garden spot of the country will make. Chairman Shoup and Mayor Shepherd will go to Kansas City next Friday to attend the session of the state executive committee, and at that time the preliminaries will be arranged.

All of those who so far have interested themselves in the project are in the work to stay and will push the project forward to success. The next meeting will be held at the Commercial club rooms next Saturday night.

Social in the Country.

The ladies of High Point church, eight miles north of town, gave a delightful social last night at the residence of M. B. Ricks. About \$25 was realized and each and every guest was made to feel that he or she was welcome in the truest sense of the word.

Her Life Hangs by a Thread.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Thos. Kelk's condition was such that it was thought she could not possibly survive the day.

Sedalia Democrat.

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THE DEMOCRAT, SEDALIA, MO.

OFFICE, 307 Ohio Street. Telephone 232.

ATTEND THE PRIMARIES.

The democratic voters of Pettis county have been called upon by the county committee to meet in the various townships at 2 p. m. on next Saturday, August 3d, to elect delegates to a county convention to held be in this city on August 5th to choose seven delegates to represent Pettis county at the forthcoming democratic state convention.

The DEMOCRAT would urge every democrat in the county to attend these township meetings.

It is important that the county convention be composed of thoughtful, conservative, consistent democrats—men who are imbued with the real principles of democracy and thoroughly familiar with the sentiments of the masses of the party.

The duty of choosing such delegates devolves upon each individual member of the party, and all who believe in majority rule in political affairs are expected to accept in good faith the result of the state convention.

Thus will harmony be restored, party strife in Missouri allayed and the work of organization for the great battle of 1896 will be promoted.

The Missouri democracy has declared for bimetalism time and again, and has demanded the free coinage of gold and silver into redemption money, both through its platforms and its representatives in congress, and until recently the position of the party on this issue has never been questioned.

The Pertle Springs convention is to again enunciate this oft declared doctrine and to officially dispute and disprove the assertion that Missouri democrats have become converted to the gold standard doctrine.

When this is done the whole duty of the convention will have been performed, but it should be the sincere aim and purpose to perform this duty so as to create the least possible friction in the party.

The convention should present the spectacle of political brethren counselling together for the common good, rather than that of enemies flying at each others throats.

The democratic party organization will be strong, active and aggressive long after the silver question has been settled and gone into history.

No one issue should be sufficient to divide intelligent men who agree upon the fundamental principles that underlie free government.

The DEMOCRAT hopes that Pettis county, at least, will go to the state convention with the earnest desire to at one and the same time declare anew her desire for the restoration of the free bimetallic coinage of the constitution, and bring to an end the strife of rival factions in the state.

"Party harmony and party success without the surrender of principle" should be the motto; and, that this spirit shall prevail, let every democrat attend the primaries and then cheerfully accept the result.

THE question before the American people is, Shall we have gold monometallism, or shall both gold and silver be coined into redemption money? It is an issue that earnest, sincere men are not afraid

to meet, and it is one that cannot be evaded or disguised. From the day when John Sherman succeeded in depriving silver of its ancient right of way to the mints down to the present this question has been the foot ball of the dodgers and tricksters of political conventions. But now it must be met. The man who hopes to dodge it will find his utterances without interest in the next campaign. Honest gold advocates have thrown off the mask and boldly proclaim the doctrine that a gold standard is best. Bimetallists contend that both gold and silver should be coined freely. One thing is certain, however, and that is that silver should be recognized as a money metal worthy to stand beside gold, or it should be retired in favor of something less expensive as representative money. If silver must be redeemed in gold, why would paper not do as well? If silver is not a money metal why should it be coined? Why put 50 cents' worth of material in a credit dollar when one-tenth of one cent's worth would do as well? These are questions which the false bimetalist will have to answer.

THE Post-Dispatch has made a gallant fight for free coinage of silver, but it must understand that the success of a principle cannot be made the occasion for gratifying personal animosities. Its attacks upon Francis and Maffitt will injure rather than strengthen free silver, while its demands that the Missouri Pacific shall furnish transportation free to delegates places the party in a false position.

SILVER IN THE EAST.

For the past two or three weeks the New York Mercury has been running a silver and anti-silver ballot contest in its columns. This is the last week of the voting, and Saturday night the returns stood:
For free coinage of silver.....9,830
Against.....519
Of these votes, 2,500 in the affirmative and 120 in the negative are from New York city and state; the others are from the eastern states generally.

Straws show which way the wind blows.—Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. Cleveland had better send Carlisle and Eckels east. These gentlemen have assured us in weekly interviews that "the silver craze is about dead in the west," and they should go where the "craze" is so prevalent.

COMMITTEES NAMED.

President Sampson Names Those for the Free Library.

F. A. Sampson, president, last night appointed the standing committees for the Sedalia Public (Free) Library, viz:

Executive Committee—Messrs. Hunnicke, Reilly and the president of the board.

Committee on Library, Reading Room and Grounds—Messrs. Cook, Dresel and Mrs. Mary Jaynes.

Committee on Finance and Librarian—Messrs. Dexter and Kennedy and Mrs. G. E. Dugan.

Setting Up the Cigars.

Charlie Campbell and wife, of Sedalia, are proud of a sweet little girl baby that came to their house Tuesday morning at 6:30 o'clock, and Grandpa Stegman is setting up the cigars to his friends, says the Nevada Post. Whenever Henry feels good himself he always wants to do a kindness for his friends, and everybody who knows Henry will wish the little miss a long, happy life.

Will Celebrate at the Park.

The colored people of Sedalia, under the auspices of Taylor's chapel, will celebrate emancipation day at Forest park next Saturday. Among the features will be addresses by Prof. J. I. Lane, of Wylie university, Marshall, Texas; and Prof. H. L. Billups and Hon. Geo. L. Fouche, of this city. At night there will be a concert by the Owen Concert Co., of Warrensburg.

John and John.

In its mention of the paving of Massachusetts avenue between Seventh street and Broadway, yesterday afternoon, the DEMOCRAT inadvertently used the name of John A. Collins for John Montgomery, jr. Mr. Collins lives on the north side of Seventh street, but will not object to being classed with other progressive citizens.

Election of Officers.

The directors of the Sedalia Building and Loan association elected the following officers yesterday afternoon: John B. Gallie, president; Chas. L. Taylor, vice president; S. P. Johns, sr., treasurer; Chas. Van Antwerp, secretary; Jno. Montgomery, jr., attorney.

IS THE WOMAN DEAD?

Mrs. Gardiner, of Arcadia, Neb., Has Vanished.

VERY MYSTERIOUS CASE.

A Search in Vain in the House Where the Missing Woman Is Said to Have Died.

Enough has been become known about Mrs. Gardiner, of Arcadia, Neb., who disappeared in Boston during the week of the Christian Endeavor convention, to make the case one of the most perplexing that the police have had to deal with for a long time.

Every antecedent of the circumstances in the woman's life is against the presumption that she has deserted her husband and her three children. She left home with her ticket and \$100 in money in her pocket. No one came with her from that part of the state, and during the long journey she was practically alone. The night of her arrival, July 11, she sent this letter to her husband:

"I am all right and at a house where Michigan people are to be entertained if they come. I did not have any trouble in getting a place. My money will do me nicely."

The day before her supposed death, July 13, she sent a letter, in which she says in part: "Dear Husband—My day has been well spent, and it is over at last. I find that my strength is hardly equal to the meetings of the Endeavorers, and every one else seems so well. Really, it is very hard work, and I need lots of strength and determination. I have enough of the latter to last me through, I think. People here are very kind to me."

That night, according to the evidence in the letter, she was taken very ill, and on the Sunday following died. She realized that her end was near, and wrote a third letter to her husband, beginning: "It has come at last," saying she was dying and bidding him and her children an affectionate farewell.

The next day, July 15, a fourth letter was written, signed "Mrs. M. J. Brown, South Boston," which said, in brief: "I have sad news to tell you. Your wife passed away at 7 o'clock Sunday. Saturday evening and Sunday she was ill, and we asked for advice in the case, but it was too late. Sold effects and inclose a ring and C. E. pin, which she got ready herself."

James W. Landers, of Arcadia, is in Boston looking into the case. He says that the news about Mrs. Gardiner's death was unquestionably accepted in Arcadia at first and Mr. Gardiner at once started for Boston to claim the body. He could not find any trace of the place where his wife stopped, and returned home in despair. Funeral services in memory of the missing woman were held in Arcadia.

Inquiry thus far fails to discover any M. J. Brown in South Boston, or elsewhere, or any Mrs. Brown who knows anything about the case.

Mr. C. G. Strong, principal of the public schools at Anderson, Cal., says: "I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have found it an excellent remedy for lameness and slight wounds."

Lameness usually results from a sprain, or other injury, or from rheumatism, for which Chamberlain's Pain Balm is especially intended and unequalled. It affords almost immediate relief and in a short time effects a permanent cure.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, Servant's Pharmacy, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, J. R. Myers, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Sedalia a Good City.

The Sedalia EVENING DEMOCRAT got out an edition of eight pages on the 23d, giving all the proceedings of the editorial meeting and the great speeches of Governor Stone, Bland and Cockrell. This is enterprise. But it is in keeping with the city that seeks the state capital. It is full of enterprise, and a really delightful little city.—Shelbina Democrat.

No damaged, all fresh, new millinery and notions. Prices no object, at Fifth and Engineer streets.

Don't Give Up.

If you have sought relief in vain, do not despair.

Sufferers from Chronic, Nervous, Catarrhal, Skin and Blood Diseases, who have treated with many physicians and medical institutions without relief, are particularly invited to visit the World Medical Institute and inspect the methods. The physicians of this institution, are especially qualified by long practice for the treatment of disease in its most chronic and obstinate forms, and their ability is materially assisted by the equipment of the institute. The physicians of the World Medical Institute cure when doctors and hospitals have absolutely failed. A perfect and permanent cure is what they offer you in every case accepted for treatment. If they cannot cure you they will be honest enough to tell you so. Consultation and examination is free to all.

Medicine Furnished.

Hundreds of testimonials, which are always open and subject to inspection, attest the above facts. Thousands of cures made in obstinate cases, where other energetic physicians had utterly failed, particularly in those of

Catarrh,

Throat, Lungs, Liver, Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all diseases affecting the Bowels and Stomach, Etc. Diarrhea, Dysentery, Etc. Ailments of this character given immediate relief. Cures effected in a short time.

Prostatic,

and all conditions of the Urethra, producing painful and frequent urination also Bladder and Kidney affections, Weak Back, Sediment in Urine, Piles Tumors, Fistula and all diseases of the Rectum, successfully treated and satisfactory results guaranteed.

Rheumatism,

Sciatic, Lumbago, and Muscular Rheumatism cured speedily by their method of treatment, which never fails.

Nervous Debility,

And all its attending ailments of young and middle aged men. The awful effects of neglected or improperly treated cases, producing weakness of the mind and body, Impotency, Varicocele and other distressing systems, uniting one for study, business or employment. No cure no pay.

Blood Poison,

Primary, secondary or tertiary forms. A complete and permanent cure in every case. Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Eruptions, Eczema, Old Sores, Ulcers, painful swelling from whatever cause, positively cured, restoring health and purity.

Diseases of Women.

Ladies suffering with complaints peculiar to their sex, can consult the doctors with every assurance of speedy relief and a permanent cure when others have failed.

WORLD

Medical Institute,
Marean Bldg., Sedalia, Mo.

P. S.—Out-of-town patients treated successfully by mail. One visit desired, but not necessary. If you cannot call, send for symptom blank to fill out and a letter explaining your disease, free of charge.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 8:30 p. m.

MANY DEAD FISH.

The River at Jefferson City Is Full of Them.

All of yesterday there was a procession of dead fish floating past Jefferson City in the Missouri river. They were of three kinds—carp, buffalo and drum. The largest observed will weigh probably four pounds, and they have apparently been dead from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

The attention of State Fish and Game Warden J. W. Henry was called to the matter, and he expressed the opinion that the presence of so many dead fish was not due to the use of dynamite. Various theories are advanced, but the most likely and plausible of them is that the fish were washed out of the numerous small streams above by late freshets and were unable to live in the muddy water of the Missouri river.

Some of the late rainfalls have been tremendous, and one stream rose 14 feet in one hour. It is estimated that fifty miles of dead fish floated by Jefferson City yesterday and at 7 o'clock last evening the river was still full of them.

Capital Removal Popular.

From the Pilot Grove Herald.

Capital removal, from the rock-ribbed regions of Jefferson City to the Queen City of Missouri—Sedalia—becomes more apparent every day.

Married Last Night.

H. F. Satterwhite and Miss Carrie T. Dillard were married at the bride's home, No. 223 East Pacific street, last night, Rev. C. C. Russell officiating. The DEMOCRAT extends congratulations.

Dr. H. L. Spaulding

has located an office for the accommodation of patients in East Sedalia, at Stephens' drug store on East Third street. Office hours from 1 to 3 p. m.

WHEN YOU PAINT

USE

BEST LIQUID PAINT

Made by Cutler-Neilson Paint and Color Co., Kansas City
Guaranteed Strictly Pure. Durability Warranted.
SERVANT'S PHARMACY.
Wholesale and Retail Agents for Sedalia.

16 to 1.

FREE.

: As a Waterspout.

The earth is no rounder than it ever was.

It gave the pattern for the ups and downs in human life.

It bursted open and threw Free Silver out of its innermost bowels purposely for man to get it for his oats; therefore all sow oats, and all want free silver.

Blair Bros,' also came up out the hole to offer you more clothes, more new Hats, more Underwear than any body else for it.

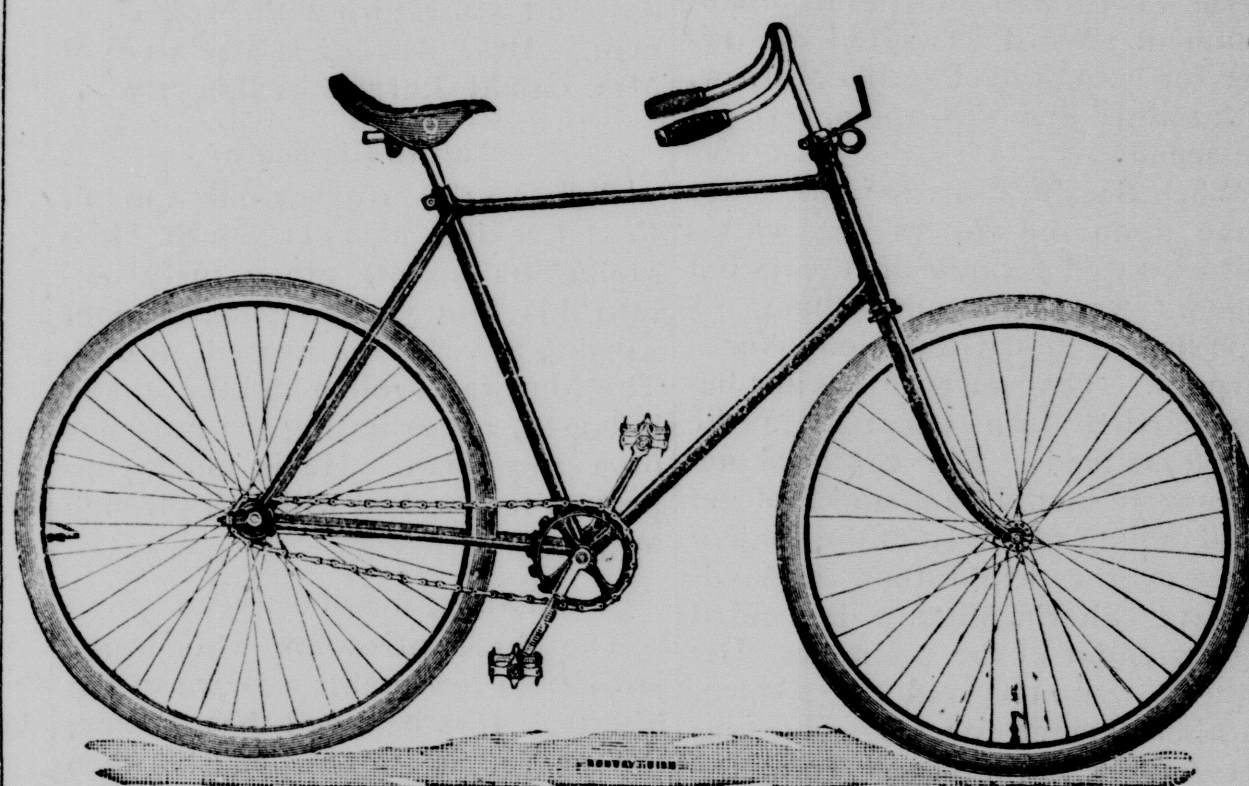
Don't have spasms---Don't swallow anybody's physic but ours.

If your hide gets hungry for clothes see Blairs'.---If you want the latest Hat go to Blairs'.---If you obey the law and wear Shirts, see Blairs'.---If you want a good chaw of decent destiny, see Blairs' always, while you are not on your knees praying for free silver.

The earth is yours and all that's in it---we are in it---we are yours.

Blairs'

Missouri Cycle Co.



Having opened their large Bicycle Academy at 502 Ohio Street, in the Hoffman Building, invite you to call and examine their large line of Bicycles, consisting of ladies', gents' and children's wheels. The largest variety ever before presented to the citizens of Sedalia. Our line consists of all the leading makes, and at prices that defy competition. Ladies desiring to learn the art of riding will be taught in their riding school every afternoon.

Yours Truly,

Missouri Cycle Co.

Carpets and Draperies.

We are receiving new goods every day and our line will soon be complete with everything to be found in any first-class carpet department. We have just received a full line of linoleum and oilcloths, also an elegant line of Jap rugs in all sizes. Lace curtains from 50 cents a pair up. Picture frames made to order. Our undertaking department complete. 116 West Second. Telephone 100. J. E. HILLIS.

All accounts due us can be paid at our present location, in the D. H. Smith building, corner Main and Ohio streets.

VAN WAGNER-HENNEY SHOE CO.
JOHN WALMSLEY & CO.
GENTRY & CLONEY.

To My Old Customers.

Bear in mind that I am located at the Hub Clothing Co., 206 Ohio street. JOHN W. BURRESS.

Tie Timber for Sale.

About 1,000 acres of heavily timbered lands, mostly white oak, lying in Morgan county, Missouri, one to three miles from the Osage river. For inspection, apply to W. S. Gibbs, Proctor, Mo. Proposals received by H. A. Lawton, Atchison, Kas.

Mrs. Monahan-Collier,

217 Ohio street, has on sale hats from 10 cents to 50 cents. Flowers, 10 to 50 cents. All ribbons cheap. Trimmed hats as low as 50 cents. Come early.

For Sale.

A new upright piano. Address, "Music," care the DEMOCRAT office.

Furnished Rooms for Rent.

Two, within a block of the court house. Address "A," care DEMOCRAT.

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS

The Operation of Senator Yeater's Law.

LICENSE TAX COLLECTED.

What Has Been Done in the Interest of Free Scholarships in Missouri.

At the last session of the general assembly an act, introduced by Senator Yeater, of this city, passed both branches, and was approved by the governor, creating in each county in the state and in the city of St. Louis, a "State university scholarship fund."

Under the provisions of this act there is to be paid a collateral succession tax of \$5 on each \$100 of the market value of all property conveyed by will or bequest to any person except father, mother, husband, wife or direct lineal descendant, where the money or property does not exceed \$10,000, in excess of which amount a tax of \$7.50 per \$100, excepting conveyances for educational, charitable or religious purposes.

Besides this, a license tax is to be levied upon manufacturers of medicines and traveling vendors of medicine. Three-fourths of the money collected under the provisions of this act remain in the county treasury to the credit of the "State university scholarship fund," and one-fourth is to be paid into the seminary fund of the state treasury.

In addition to this, a fee of 25c is to be paid into the state treasury on each \$1,000 of the capital stock by every company incorporating under the laws of Missouri. One-fourth of the money collected under this section is to be credited to the state seminary fund and three-fourths to be paid into the scholarship fund in the county from which the money is paid. The money credited to the State university scholarship fund in each county is to be loaned and the interest used to defray the expenses at the university of those selected as beneficiaries of the free scholarship fund.

This law went into effect June 22, since which date there has been collected by Hon. Lon V. Stephens, state treasurer, under section 2 alone, providing for the payment of 25 cents on each \$1,000 of the capital stock of companies incorporated under the laws of Missouri, the sum of \$937.75. Mr. Stephens yesterday distributed this money as provided by the act, crediting the sum of \$234.44 to the state seminary fund, and remitting the remaining three-fourths to the various counties to be credited to the state university scholarship fund, viz:

Adair county.....	\$ 37	Marion.....	\$ 187
Andrain.....	93	Peniscot.....	112
Barton.....	112	Pettis.....	43
Buchanan.....	20.05	Pike.....	4.65
Caldwell.....	37	St. Charles.....	112
Cass.....	1.50	St. Genevieve.....	94
Franklin.....	48.77	St. Louis.....	56
Greene.....	9.25	Sullivan.....	37
Jackson.....	21.94	Scott.....	5.62
Jasper.....	187	Shelby.....	112
Johnson.....	2.06	City of St. Louis.....	571.08
Lafayette.....	112		
Linn.....	375	Total.....	\$703.25

Peaches from Texas.

C. F. Poffenbach, of this city, has the thanks of the DEMOCRAT for delicious freestone peaches raised on his fruit farm in Grayson county, Texas.

THE METHODISTS.

The Assembly Meeting at Pertle Springs a Crowning Success.

Yesterday was the third day of the Methodist assembly at Pertle Springs. The weather was delightful and the park was never prettier.

Tuesday night was held the inter-collegiate oratorical contest. Five young men had been enrolled, but only three made their appearance. B. M. Harris, of Northwest college, Albany, Mo., had for his theme, "Wonder of Wonders." He was awarded the gold medal. The theme of R. E. Dickinson, of Morrisville college, was "The Inequalities of Modern Civilization and the Dogma of Reform." He received second prize. Ellis Miller, of Woodson college, Richmond, spoke on "Teutonic Spring."

Yesterday morning Rev. W. J. Carpenter gave a lesson on "Organized Character of the Sunday School Work." Dr. Hinde, of Columbia, read an interesting paper before this class. Miss Bellis met her class at the same hour. The theme of the little folks at this meeting was "The Danger of Forming Evil Habits." At 10 a. m. Dr. E. M. Hass, editor of the Nashville (Tenn.) Christian Advocate, gave his first lecture before the Ministers' Institute. His topic was

"The Christian Ministry as a Divine Vocation."

At 2 p. m. he lectured again on the topic "Odds and Ends." At 3 p. m. W. J. Semelroth gave his second normal sermon to a large and interested class. A discussion of educational matters closed a busy day's work.

THE ENCAMPMENT.

It Is To Be Held at Sedalia, August 4th to the 11th.

The encampment of the Second regiment, National Guards of Missouri, will be held at Sedalia, beginning next Sunday, and continuing a week, says the Warrensburg Tribune of yesterday.

Sedalia offered inducements, and the soldier boys will no doubt have a good time.

The companies of the Second regiment are located in Southern and Southwestern Missouri. The latest acquisition to the regiment is Co. F, located in Clinton. Clinton also has the regimental band. It will be remembered that this band was one of the crack bands at the recent band association meeting.

Carthage is headquarters for the Second regiment, with Col. Caffee commanding. It is one of the best regiments in the service.

A Few Facts.

Some people do business alone for what money there is in it, regardless of their future reputation or standing, and when they start out to buy cattle for their market they buy cattle the same way. Anything that is cheap catches their eye—quality cuts no figure with them. It is different with us. We will not be tempted with cheap stuff; it must be strictly first-class or no trade at any price. We are using cattle right now that came right out of the feed lot, corn fed and prime. We are the only market in Sedalia today that is using corn fed cattle. We have no use for the grass trash that is being used at this time in Sedalia. We are determined to hold our reputation, let it cost what it may, and still continue to pay good prices and get the best cattle.

If you will just stop in we will show you some beef that nothing in this city can be found to equal it, and all we ask of you is to ask your neighbor, who buys from us, and see what they have to say of its quality.

Everything is held in cold storage until it is made prime and juicy. Try one of our roast beef and you will be convinced you have been doing business at the wrong market.

Leave word at our market and we will call at your house daily and get your orders, or telephone 120.

NEWTON MEAT CO.

A Birthday Party.

Today is the eleventh anniversary of the birth of Ina Mount, the pretty little daughter of Conductor and Mrs. Frank Mount, No. 501 West Fifth street, and the event is being celebrated by a party in her honor, the hours being 4 to 8 p. m. A large number of little friends are Miss Ina's guests, and the charming little hostess received a number of handsome and useful presents. Elegant refreshments will be served, and no doubt the children will have a delightful time.

"It is the best patent medicine in the world," is what Mr. E. M. Hartman, of Marquam, Oregon, says of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy. "What leads me to make this assertion is from the fact that dysentery in its worst form was prevalent around here last summer and it never took over two or three doses of that remedy to effect a complete cure."

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, Servant's Pharmacy, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, J. R. Myers, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

A Hen Operated Upon.

Dr. A. J. Maury has a Langshan hen that had been indisposed for several days, and as the trouble appeared to be in the craw, he yesterday decided to perform an operation. The craw was opened, and imbedded therein was a bunch of hay and some manilla rope, which stopped up the passage. These were removed, the wound sewed up and the fowl is expected to recover.

Burial of Mrs. Byrnes.

The funeral of Mrs. Nannie Byrnes, who died yesterday at her home, six miles south of the city, aged 26 years and leaving two children, took place this afternoon, Rev. J. S. Myers officiating. The interment was in the De Jarnett burying ground, four miles north of the city.

Straight goods, no fake, in millinery and notions. Everything must go.

MRS. CLARA COONTZ,
Fifth and Engineer streets.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE.

An Alarm Clock That Could and Did Alarm.

But the Trouble Was That It Went Off at the Wrong Time and in the Wrong Place—A Street Car Episode.

When Snaffles got married, he moved up to Harlem to live. He hired a flat and bought a brass lamp with a pink shade, a glazed-paper clock with an imitation bronze soldier on the top of it, and secured on the installment plan a red plush "parlor suit," consisting of a rocking-chair, a sofa and two smaller chairs. But Harlem is a good distance from Cortlandt street, and as Snaffles is a good sleeper he frequently found it necessary to hasten his toilet and his breakfast in order not to be late at his office. His wife finally suggested that a glazed-paper clock, even if it did have a soldier on top, was of small use if it could not get Snaffles out of bed in the morning, and she added that an alarm clock would be of more service in their household. And so when Snaffles went to luncheon that day he stopped at a shop where they sell these things and asked to look at alarm clocks. The obliging clerk said he knew just what Snaffles wanted, and showed him a round nickel-plated timepiece that kept time with such a loud ticking that Snaffles feared that he would not be able to sleep in the same flat with it. The clerk, however, assured him that this style was very popular in the best families of Harlem, and so Snaffles succumbed.

"How does the thing work?" he asked.

"Very easily," replied the salesman. "At what time do you wish to get up?"

"At half-past six," said Snaffles. The man set the alarm for that hour and wound up the bell spring.

"Now take that home with you," he said, "and if it fails to wake you up in the morning I'll give you your money back. The alarm is warranted to ring three minutes."

Snaffles took his purchase, wrapped in yellow paper, and went back to his office with a pleased heart and perfect confidence in the future. He got away from his desk late that night, and caught a train on the elevated road shortly after six o'clock. In the next seat sat an Irishman, who soon began to look on him with suspicion, for at every stop he could plainly hear a loud and mysterious ticking emanating from Snaffles' pocket. But Snaffles, reading his paper, was oblivious of his surroundings. He did not notice that his neighbor edged away suspiciously, and remarked to a friend in an audible whisper:

"Moike, me boy, I think I'd be afther sittin' furninst a anarrchist."

"How's that?"

"Oi think he's afther havin' an infernal machine in his clothes."

"Ty-third next!" howled the gate-man, and the door slammed with a bang. Not half a minute later, Snaffles' alarm clock went off with a whirl and a buzz and a jingle that sent the Irishmen to their feet with exclamations of fright. Snaffles slapped his hand to his pocket and tried to get the bulky package out, but his efforts were without avail, and the heartless passengers from one end of the crowded car to the other craned their necks to see who the man was who owned the clock. Snaffles' face grew red, and he could not conceal his embarrassment, yet all this time the clock was fulfilling the three-minute guarantee. When the train pulled up at Twenty-third street, Snaffles jammed his hat over his eyes and rushed out into the darkness of the platform, jingling as he went.—Harper's Bazar.

Boston Women Withdrew to Weep.

It is a tribute to Mr. Irving's genius that when he acted "The Story of Waterloo" the other day, so great was the emotion that men wept and women fainted. We recall one performance of Mr. Irving during his first visit to this country, when he was playing "Charles I.," that the same thing happened in the Boston theater. So bitterly did some women weep that they withdrew to the dressing-room of the theater and had hysterics all by themselves, which shows how much genuine feeling had been excited by that great and doleful interpretation of king.—Boston Herald.

Mrs. Grannis' "Little Brown Rose."

Mrs. Elizabeth Grannis, the advocate of rescue homes, social purity leagues, Christian temperance and dress reform, one day not long ago received a caller, who found her sitting complacently amusing a three-months-old colored baby with kinky hair, inky face and a mouth like a heart, who sat on her knee, in its white linen slip, laughing and crowing delightedly. The visitor was of the somewhat old type of strong-minded women. But that settled her with Mrs. Grannis. Mrs. Grannis alluded to the baby as a "little brown rose." Save the mark!



LONG STRING of diseases and derangements have their origin in torpor of the liver. Deranged appetite, constipation, headache, sour stomach, gassy belchings, indigestion, or dyspepsia, are due to sluggish liver.

Mr. JOHN A. DE BERRY, U. S. Inspector of Immigration at Buffalo, N. Y., writes as follows: "From early childhood I suffered from a sluggish liver. Doctors' prescriptions and patent medicines afforded only temporary relief. I tried Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, taking three at night and two after dinner every day for two weeks and then one 'Pellet' every day for two months. I have in six months increased in solid flesh, twenty-six pounds. I am in better health than I have been since childhood. Drowsiness and unpleasant feelings after meals have completely disappeared. Respectfully yours,

John A. De Berry
U. S. Inspector of Immigration.

COME TO STAY!!!

We Want Your Attention at 207 Ohio Street.

We want your trade!
We'll save you money!
On you hardware!
On your stoves!
On your furnaces!
On your tinware!
On your repair work!
On your tin roofing.
On galvanized iron work!
We lead in low prices!
We are practical men!
In this line of business!
Specials for contractors!
Come and see us!

MULFORD & CO.
The Hardwaremen.

Notice of Free Scholarship.

Notice is hereby given that an examination will be held at the court house, beginning at 11 a. m. Monday, August 5th, 1895, to award, according to law, to the applicant passing the most meritorious examination one free scholarship in any department, school or college of the university of the state of Missouri.

Done by order of the court this 6th day of May, 1895.

W. E. CONNER,

Presiding Judge.

Tourists Rates

Are in effect now to various points north and east. For particulars call on or address,

A. C. MINER,
T. P. A., M. K. & T. Ry.,
Sedalia, Mo.

For Rent.

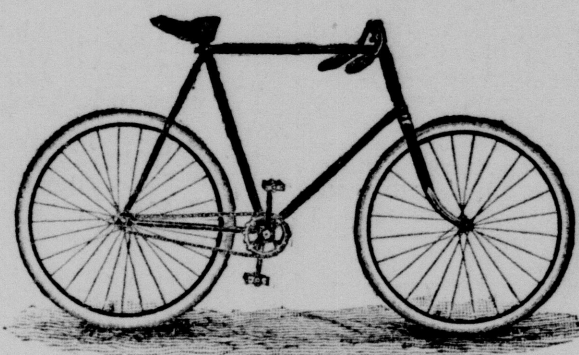
Good pasture at Forest park and Brown Springs.

We will rent you a Wheel by the day or hour.

FULL LINE OF SUPPLIES ON HAND.

We do first-class repairing on all Wheels.

Sedalia Cycle Co.



We make a specialty of handling all first-class standard wheels, among which is the famous Humber "English" Wheel, which has been known and tested for 26 years, and has proved superior to all other makes in style and durability.

G. H. WEHRMAN, Mgr.

511 Ohio St.

CALL FOR : ::



This is the finest cigar on the market today for 5c. Full supply in stock.
SULLIVAN & CO., Sole Agents. Sedalia National Bank Building.

Quality . .

. . Brand

It is a pleasure to sell goods that always give satisfaction—

TRY BRAND

California Canned Fruits, Corn, Tomatoes, Peas, Salmon, &c
Our Prices—The Lowest.

SEDALIA GROCER CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS.
106-108 East Fifth St., Sedalia, Mo.

QUEEN CITY
TRUNK
FACTORY.
113 East 3d St. Sedalia, Mo.

Hello!

YES THIS IS 22—MENEFFEE AND SONS.

BUHR MEAL

And all kinds of Chop Feed, Hay Corn, Oats, Wood and Coal. Leave orders for Ground Bone, the best chicken feed in the world. Custom grinding a specialty.

Geo. T. Menefee & Sons,
112-114 Monticau St., Sedalia, Mo.

C. D. BROWN

Real Estate and Rental Agent.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE.

Notary Public.

Real Estate sold and exchanged
Correspondence solicited.

Equitable Bldg. Cor. 4th & Lamine Sts.
Telephone 230.

A. I. EIST, 109 W. Main. Call and secure Filled and Set or Watches, Chronos, Rings Jewelry of all kinds. Clocks, Musical Instruments, Guns, Pistols and all kinds of Cloth ng. Money loaned on all articles of value

Turn on the Calcium And let its Light Shine on

Washington Place

. . . . DAL-WHI-MO ADDITION

In the high-class section of beautiful Sedalia. Frequent electric cars pass this magnificent property (it's only a few minutes walk from the business center anyway), and "Washington Place" means high-class investment, where values will continue to advance by leaps and bounds. We have another irresistible argument why you should live in "Washington Place;"

A Lot MEANS A Home.

Elegant residences can be erected at once for those who buy a lot in "Washington Place." Choose your own plans and let everybody figure on them. We're not speculative builders, but simply plain, every-day people, who are working to make Sedalia the pride of Missouri

J. D. DONNOHUE,
309 OHIO STREET.

B. F. Hammett & Son,

SEE US. ALAMO BUILDING

Sedalia Democrat.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.			
Going East.		Going West.	
Arrive.	Depart.	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 610:25 a m	10:30 a m	No. 33:10 a m	3:17 a m
No. 212:45 p m	12:50 p m	No. 53:20 p m	3:25 p m
No. 44:10 p m	4:15 p m	No. 13:00 p m	3:05 p m
No. 812:30 a m	12:35 a m	No. 77:50 a m	5:50 a m
		Local Freight, 8:30 a m	

NOTE. o. 7. Fast Mail, will carry passengers to Warrensburg, Holden, Pleasant Hill and Kansas City, but will not carry baggage. Annual passes only will be good on No. 7.

LEXINGTON BRANCH.

No. 192 arrives 10:30 a m No. 193 departs 5:50 a m
No. 194 arrives 11:30 p m No. 191 departs 3:30 p m
No. 198 Local Frt. 3 p m No. 197 Local 10:50 a m

M., K. & T.

Going North and East.		Going South.	
Arrive.	Depart.	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 28:35 a m	8:55 a m	No. 38:55 a m	9:15 a m
No. 46:40 p m	7:00 p m	No. 17:00 p m	7:20 p m

PERSONAL.

Sip Servant's soda.
Leslie Courtney is at Clinton today.

Tom Myers went to Nevada this morning.

J. C. Longan is down from Housatonia today.

C. H. Rider went to Montrose this morning.

Geo. E. Dugan went to Kansas City this morning.

F. L. Teasdale and wife left today for New York city.

J. W. Kennedy was a passenger to Warsaw this morning.

Will Mellor came home from Sweet Springs this morning.

Arthur Hinchcliff returned to St. Louis today, after a visit here.

Will Klein was a passenger to Jefferson City yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. J. B. Hunter and children left last night for a visit at Olney, Ill.

Mrs. H. Franklin returned last night from a visit at Cripple Creek, Col.

F. F. Combes went to Tipton this forenoon and returned this afternoon.

James Montgomery, of the gas company, went to Moberly this morning.

Mrs. E. W. Shultz and daughter, Florence, are at McAllister for a week's visit.

R. C. Combes, of Memphis, Mo., is the guest of his brother, F. F. Combes, here.

Sol Kingsbaker came in last night from a trip over the south end of the M., K. & T.

George and Bertha Neely attended the Sims-Cooper wedding at Versailles last night.

Mrs. A. P. Crowell has gone to Geneva, N. Y., for a six weeks' visit with her parents.

J. B. Quigley and W. J. Cobb returned this morning from a business trip to St. Louis.

G. B. Collier, of Smithton, came up yesterday and remained over until 10 o'clock today.

Misses Myrtle CLOPTON and Marie Pellott went to Warrensburg on the fast mail this morning.

The Dudley Buck Quartette went to Pertle Springs this afternoon and will sing there tonight.

Mayor P. D. Hastain returned last night from a professional trip to St. Clair county.

Mrs. Anna Hawes and Miss Jennie Reinhardt left at noon today for a visit at Asheville, N. C.

Sisters Columbia and Catherine, of St. Anthony's academy, left at noon today for St. Louis.

Col. V. T. Chilton, of the Smithton neighborhood, is here today, and leaves tonight for Clinton.

Miss Nellie Reeder returned to Kansas City last evening, after a visit with Miss Nellie Stark.

Frank Kruse, the tailor, has gone to St. Louis to accept the position of cutter with a leading firm.

Miss Lydia Hensley, of Montgomery City, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. George McVey.

E. M. King, a prominent merchant of Appleton City, is the guest of Capt. H. C. Demuth today.

Wesley H. Graham came in from Sweet Springs this forenoon and left this afternoon for the west.

Miss Sallie Routzong, of Jefferson City, and Miss Mamie Hogan, of Smithton, are in the city today.

Frank B. Meyer and Chas. E. Messerly are now bike artists, they having purchased new wheels of the Victor pattern.

Will Penfield, of Lawrence, Kas., who has been the guest of Mack Looney for a day or two, returned home this morning.

Miss Kittie Allen leaves this afternoon for a visit with Kansas City friends, accompanied by her little sister, Miss Jennie.

Drs. W. H. Evans and E. F. Yancey left today for Otterville to attend Mrs. Dr. Rice, whose condition is quite critical.

Miss Bertha Dickman, stenographer at the Capital office, is on the sick list today and unable to attend to her accustomed duties.

Miss Amanda Rider, of Cape Girardeau, Mo., arrived in the city last

This, will be a regular

BARGAIN WEEK

with us. The entire shipment of New Goods received during the past few days placed on Sale at ridiculously low prices. Right now, if ever, is the time to buy

Bargain Prices.

Table Linens.
12½c About ten pieces of Genuine Turkey Red Table Linen, well worth 25c a yard to be given away at 12½c a yard.

25c Here's a banana. An assortment of 30c, 32½c and 35c. Half Bleached and Genuine Oil Red Table Linens on one counter and tick, eted your choice 25c a yard.

37½c A line of full bleached half Bleached, Buff and Red Table Linens, worth 45c to 50c to be closed out at 37½c a yard.

48c By far the best values ever granted in 60c to 75c Table Linens will be offered during this sale. Bargain Sale Price being 48c a yard.

75c About six designs in Regular \$1.00 full Bleached Damasks to be closed out at 75c a yard.

Napkins.

All Linen Napkins sold this week at 4c, 5c, 7½c, 10c and upwards, worth much more.

See our "ad" in Gazette for Bargain Prices on Vests, Hosiery Ribbons, Laces and Veilings. See "Bazoo" Prices on Dress Goods and Gents Furnishings.

Frank B. Meyer & Bro., Grand Central, 304-306 OHIO STREET.

Bargain Prices.

Lace Curtains.
50c It hardly seems reasonable, but the early buyer can secure during this great sale, Lace Curtains at 50c a pair—Just the trick for bedroom windows.

98c At 98c a pair we will sell Nottingham Lace Curtains that can not be purchased elsewhere less than \$1.50 per pair.

\$1.50 Brussel effect Curtains, others ask \$2.25 for like grade, our price \$1.50 per pair.

\$2.00 Extra size Lace Curtains worth \$2.50, to \$3.25 a pair choice of lot \$2.00 a pair. Finer grade Curtains at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 up to \$10.00 per pair, all reduced.

12½c Curtains on Spring Rollers go at 12½c.

Towels.

See our Huck Towels at 5c, see our All Linen or Turkish Towels at 10c, 12½c, 15c to 25c. To see is to buy. Extra inducements also offered in Towelings this week.

W. M. JOHNS.

E. L. LOONEY.

JOHNS & LOONEY,

Lumber, Laths, Shingles,

.. Building Material of all Kinds ..

Yards: Second and Montevau.

Home Lumber Yard Stand.

ORATORS AT PERTLE.

Miss Rea Rice Awarded the Gold Medal Last Night.

Fully 2,000 people assembled at the tabernacle at Pertle Springs last night to witness the intercollegiate oratorical contest of the Missouri Methodist assembly.

The contestants were Misses Mae Ellston, Central Female college, Lexington; Clementine Williams, Howard Payne college, Fayette, and Rea Rice, Northwest Missouri college, Albany.

A gold medal was awarded to Miss Rice, the successful contestant. Her selection was a sketch from Kennilworth. Miss Clementine Williams was awarded second prize, a silver medal. The contest was interspersed with musical selections.

Paid Dearly for a Ride.

A Knobnoster special to the Warrensburg Star says: Farris Cooper and Clayton Wisely, both colored, thought they would like to go to Lamonte to attend a festival last Saturday evening, and having no horses to ride, they went to a hitch rack where H. C. Aplin and Ed Bayles had tied their horses and cut them loose and rode them to Lamonte.

When they returned, sometime during the night, they turned the horses loose and they were not found until 10 o'clock the next morning. After the parties found out who rode the animals they had Cooper and Wisely arrested. They were tried before Squire Mitchell yesterday and Cooper was fined \$40 and costs and Wisely \$25 and costs. They were unable to pay their fines and were taken to the county jail.

Steamer Benton Sunk.

The steamer Benton, of St. Louis, J. D. Harkins, master, backed on a snag at Arrow Rock yesterday and sunk in five feet of water. The breaking of the tiller rope was the cause of the accident. She had on board 3,000 sacks of wheat, most of which was saved by the ferryboat. She is not damaged to any great extent, and will probably be raised.

Three Short Term Prisoners.

Lee T. Robinson, sheriff of Putnam county, Mo., passed through the city today with three prisoners recently sentenced to the penitentiary at Jefferson City from Unionville, Mo. They are: J. W. Alexander, Grant Joyce and Daniel Harrington. Each of the three men has a term of two years to serve for grand larceny.

After an Offender.

Officer John Jackson went to Kansas City this morning, on the trail of the fellow who is supposed to have robbed Mr. Hamilton, of the Capital City restaurant. He expects to return at 4:10 this afternoon.

His Bond Forfeited.

Lee Pierman, colored, failed to appear in Justice Fisher's court this afternoon to answer a charge of disturbing the peace and his bond was forfeited.

RAILROAD RUMBLE.

An Army Lieutenant as a Railway Brakeman

IS GETTING TO THE FRONT.

Items of Interest Picked Up From Various Sources for the Benefit of "Democrat" Readers.

The president has accepted the resignation of Second Lieutenant Charles De L. Hine, of the 6th infantry. Mr. Hine was appointed in 1888 to the Military academy from Virginia. He had graduated from the Washington High school in 1885, and, upon his graduation from West Point in 1891, he was given the commission that he has just relinquished in order to enter the service of the Big Four Railway company.

Mr. Hines has long had an ambition to join the ranks of railroad men, and, after graduating from the Cincinnati law school—which he had an opportunity to attend while his regiment was stationed across the river at Fort Thomas, Ky.—and learning telegraphy, he decided to break loose from the military service and begin at the bottom rung of the ladder in the railroad work. He had an understanding with the authorities of the Big Four that, if he should show an adaptability for the business, he should receive recognition and promotion, and thus encouraged he took the plunge during the past spring, and was granted a long leave from the army, with permission to resign at its expiration. That period has now passed, and Lieut. Hine has become plain Brakeman Hine, working on a local freight train running in and out of Cincinnati.

Hine writes to a friend in Washington, D. C., that he has had three months of mighty hard work, and sometimes he has missed the comfortable quarters at Fort Thomas, but he has kept at his new work with characteristic vim and energy, and believes that he will soon pass the trying days of apprenticeship, go ahead to the position of conductor and then reach the grade of a superintendent. Those who knew him in earlier years are confident that he will win his fight.

Excess Baggage Receipts.

Baggage-master Johnnie Wright, at the union depot, collected \$369.40 in excess baggage in July. Of this amount, \$237.02 was for the Missouri Pacific, and \$132.38 for the Missouri, Kansas and Texas. In July, 1894, the amount collected for the Missouri Pacific was \$203.60, a difference in favor of the present year of \$33.42. In July, 1894, the collections for the Missouri, Kansas and Texas were \$181.85, \$49.50 more than in the same month this year.

Bridge Foreman Injured.

John Hawkins, bridge foreman on the Missouri Pacific, was injured at Little Blue yesterday and is now at the company hospital in Kansas City. He was riding on a hand car, when he stepped upon a rope. It turned under his foot and he was thrown from the car to the track, the wheels pinching his right leg quite badly.

Hospital Report.

The following patients were admitted to the M., K. & T. hospital this morning:

Jerry Miles, colored, section laborer, Greenville, Texas, intermittent fever.

Henry Harris, colored, extra gang, McAllister, I. T., colic.

George Taylor, section laborer, Big Sandy, I. T., tuberculosis.

Coach, Cab and Caboose.

Master Car Builder Irvin returned from St. Louis this morning.

Business is still good at both shops, with plenty of work in sight.

The turn-table at the M., K. & T. shops will be repaired today, ready for use tomorrow morning.

Tim Tierney, the M., K. & T. baggage-master, is on the sick list and his run is being looked after by Sam Shirley.

Blacksmith Walford, who has been sick for a few days, returned to work in the Missouri Pacific shops this morning.

The new time card on the Missouri Pacific has been given up for the present. The date of its issue cannot now be given.

Vice President and General Manager Purdy, of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, left St. Louis last

A COMPLETE LINE OF.....

Typewriter Supplies,
Fountain Pens, Etc.

Sedalia Book and Stationery Co.

Wholesale and Retail.

208 Ohio Street.

W. W. Finn

Wholesale Dealer in and Sole Agent for the

Herl-Rendlen Brewing Co.'s

Celebrated Keg and Bottled Beer.

Family trade solicited and all orders promptly filled.

OFFICE 213 OHIO STREET. TELEPHONE 105.

C. Cobb

UNDERTAKER and EMBALMER

... 28 Years' Experience ...

604 Ohio Street,

Telephone No. 248.

Sedalia, Mo.

We want your.....

REPAIR WORK

And you can have it when promised.
All work warranted and satisfaction guaranteed.

Dickman's JEWELRY STORE.

105 W. 3d St., Sedalia Nat'l Bank Bld.

SIGN: "BIG SPECK."

The

Negligee shirt,
White ruffled skirt,
The bosoms embroidered or pleat,
The waists with large sleeves,
Or delicate weaves—
We launder them handsome end neat.

BOWMAN & DORN,

205-207 East Third St.

THEO. H. FISHER.

MINNIE LEE FISHER.

Fisher Printing Co.

If you are particular about your printing, better get us to do it. If it makes no difference how it's done, there are other printers who could probably suit you as well.

319 Ohio St.

night for the Jersey coast to spend the balance of the summer.

G. M. Watterson, a boilermaker at the Missouri Pacific shops, went home sick this morning, and will go to the hospital for treatment.

M., K. & T. coach No. 44 was turned out of the shops this morning, thoroughly overhauled and repainted, and was sent north.

Work was resumed this morning on the high board fence along the Hancock street side of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas shops' tract.

Depot-master Carnes is now able to ride over the city each evening, but it is quite likely he will not resume work before September 1st.

Mr. Taylor Here.

S. H. Taylor, contractor for the paving of Fourth street, arrived from Kansas City at midnight, and spent the day arranging his bond and an acceptance of the contract.

E. G. Church, contractor for the paving of East Seventh street, returned at the same time from a business trip to Kansas City.

A New Saloon.

G. C. Deckman and Frank Lorschbach yesterday afternoon filed their petition and bond with the county clerk for a license to open and conduct a dramshop at 208 West Second street, in the Hotel Riley block. The matter will be brought to the attention of the county court on Monday.

Large List of Personal Property.

Henry Schlusin, of Smithton, was in town this morning, and handed his assessment lists to County Assessor Capen. He is one of the largest farmers in Smithton township, and returned nearly \$2,000 worth of personal property.

State School Money.

At the session of the county court on Monday an order will be entered directing the auditor of the state to draw his warrant for Pettis county's proportion of the state school money.

"Fatty's" Fine Work.

"Fatty," the well known sign writer, has just completed an A-shaped street sign for E. L. Hamilton's Capital City restaurant, at 115 West Main street, which is unique and attractive. The sign contains

New

Drug Store

Made new by the addition of new goods, new furnishings and remodeling. Call on J. R. Myers to have your prescriptions filled, and for any drugs or goods to be found in a first-class pharmacy; you will be treated right in price and quality of goods.

Best 10c Drink in the city for 5c.

Yours for Business,

J. R. Myers.

Corner Second and Ohio Streets.

Call up 'Phone 259.

Dr. A. J. TUCKER, OCULIST

FITS

CORRECTLY.

Practice limited to diseases of the eye and the fitting of glasses.

Will remain in Sedalia only a short time.

Consultation Free.

ROOMS 303-304, HOFFMAN BUILDING.

Take Elevator.

C. D. WALE,

CAPITAL

Corn and Feed Mill

Ask your grocer for
BUHR MEAL;
forty-three Sedalia
grocers sell it.

All kinds of...

Feed always on hand.

Custom grinding a specialty.
Prompt delivery.

205 East Main Street.

the bill of fare, and the pictures of two jolly old people, a down-east fisherman and his wife, just in the act of trying a cup of tea or coffee. Their faces are wreathed in wrinkles and happy smiles, and they seem to think they're having a good time advertising the Capital City restaurant.

A Vagrant Released.

Ed Kelley, sent to the county jail May 29 for 63 days, for vagrancy, was released today.

SIP

Servant's

SODA.

PUTS 'EM TO SLEEP.

Prof. Barnes Gives a Lesson in Hypnotism.

SUBJECTS DO WHAT BID.

A Young Lady Plucks Flowers from a Man's Beard and Then Dances Jigs.

"Keep your eye on my finger, look at it! Don't take your eye off it! Look right at it!" yelled Professor Barnes as he made little rings in the air with his forefinger in a parlor at the Southern hotel last night, says the Chicago Chronicle. A pudgy man who had been standing at the doorway of the parlor for half an hour looked at the finger, and as it began to revolve rapidly the pudgy man's head rolled around and his eyes followed every move of the finger.

"Now, come in here, come right here where I am," went on Professor Barnes, as he began to draw his finger back toward his shoulder; "come on, you can't get away from that finger, you know you can't."

The pudgy man was thirty feet from the professor and there were 100 people in the room watching him, but he wanted that finger, and he started after it. He never looked at the floor to see how the land lay, but plunged up the aisle, between the seats, keeping an eye fixed on that moving finger, until he stood beside it.

"Now, you can't get away from it; you've got to follow it," said Professor Barnes, as he rapidly moved backward in a circle, holding the coveted finger about a foot from the pudgy man's face. Round and round went the finger and after it went the anxious man, over chairs and feet, until Professor Barnes suddenly snapped his fingers, stamped his foot and said:

"Here, what's the matter with you?"

Then the pudgy man stopped, looked around at the crowd in surprise, rubbed his eyes and sat down in a corner.

BARNES' STRANGE POWER.

Professor Wm. E. Barnes is a thin young man with a brown moustache, and does not look at all extraordinary. But after he had fastened his eyes upon a few people in the Southern hotel last night and brushed their foreheads with his hands, they did a lot of very queer things. The professor is a hypnotist, and he was showing how the thing is done, but few of the crowd knew an alarming amount about it when they went away.

"Will the young lady kindly take this seat?" asked Prof. Barnes.

The young lady kindly did; a tall, dark young lady who giggled a good deal until the professor got gold of her.

"Now watch my finger," said he, holding it close to her eyes and twirling it rapidly. She watched the finger, and the professor slowly closed her eyelids with his left hand, saying as he did so:

"Now, you can't open your eyes."

But she could, and did, and while the crowd laughed the hypnotist went at her again, and again she refused to play, but flashed her eyes open after all the professor's hard work. But he did not give up, and after passing his hands quickly over her forehead and eyes he waved one hand at her and said:

"You can't get up."

This time he got it: the first guess, for the girl apparently could not rise from the chair. She struggled to rise, but she appeared as if tied to the seat, and at last she gave it up and smiled. Then it was Professor Barnes' turn to laugh, and the crowd was very quiet. Quickly he passed his hands over her eyes, saying, "When you open your eyes you will see beautiful flowers growing in the grass here at your feet. Now, open your eyes."

AND SHE DID.

He snapped his fingers and the girl arose and gazed about her with eyes widely dilated. She did not appear to see the crowd, but when Professor Barnes said, "See the flowers here; you may have them," she smiled and stretched forth a hand. Approaching Dr. Blunt, who sat near the wall, Barnes touched the doctor's long beard and said, "You may have this big one, see?"

"Oh, may I have that chrysanthemum?" asked the girl, as she reached for the gray whiskers and gave them a tug. While she still held them with a firm grip the professor made a quick pass over her head and she started back with sur-

prise, dropped the doctor's beard and sat down in some confusion.

This young lady, however, was no novice as a traveler in the mystic land beyond the looking glass. She had often before been operated upon and was an easy subject.

A tousled youth of about twenty years was called from the door, another subject who had been under Professor Barnes' influence many times. He, too, was made to stick to his chair and then the professor asked him to remove his coat. The young man asked no questions, but stripped it off and Barnes stretched out one of the subject's arms.

"Now, you can't move that, can you?" he said. "You can't let it down."

The arm stayed rigidly where it was placed.

GOES TO DREAMLAND.

"Now, I will put this young man to sleep," said the professor, placing his hand on the subject's head and gently rolling it around on the neck. Slowly the eyes closed, and when the hypnotist removed his hand the sleeper's head sunk forward on his breast.

"He is asleep," said Barnes, "and now I will remove every particle of feeling from this arm."

Hastily unbuttoning the shirt sleeve, he bared the right arm and made three quick passes from the elbow to the hand.

"There is not a particle of feeling in that arm now," said Barnes, "and to prove it I will run this pin through the flesh," and he produced a hat pin about eight inches long. The crowd leaned forward and narrowly watched the performance, while the hypnotist pinched up a little ridge of flesh in the forearm, and, driving the pin clear through, left it sticking there, half projecting on either side. There was not a tremor on the face of the sleeping boy as the pin was withdrawn, and with a wave of his hands the professor released him from the spell. In a dazed way he pulled down his shirt sleeve over his arm, and as he did so two tiny blood spots appeared on the linen to show where the incision had been made.

Then there was a call for subjects, but the crowd seemed perfectly willing to sit around and let someone else be operated upon. Barnes asked for a half a dozen to test and see whether or not they could be hypnotized and, after much coaxing, seven or eight went forward and the professor went at them. He had poor success as a rule, only a few failing to open their eyes after his operations. A small boy who totes ice water and things in the hotel made much joy for the crowd, however. He was easily influenced and then he thought a grave doctor on the front seat was his father; he turned his coat inside out and made violent love to a walking stick under the impression that it was a girl he used to know.

And soon after that the crowd began to go home and wonder how it is done and whether it hurts.

A BICYCLE ROAD.

Chicago and Milwaukee to Be Connected by It.

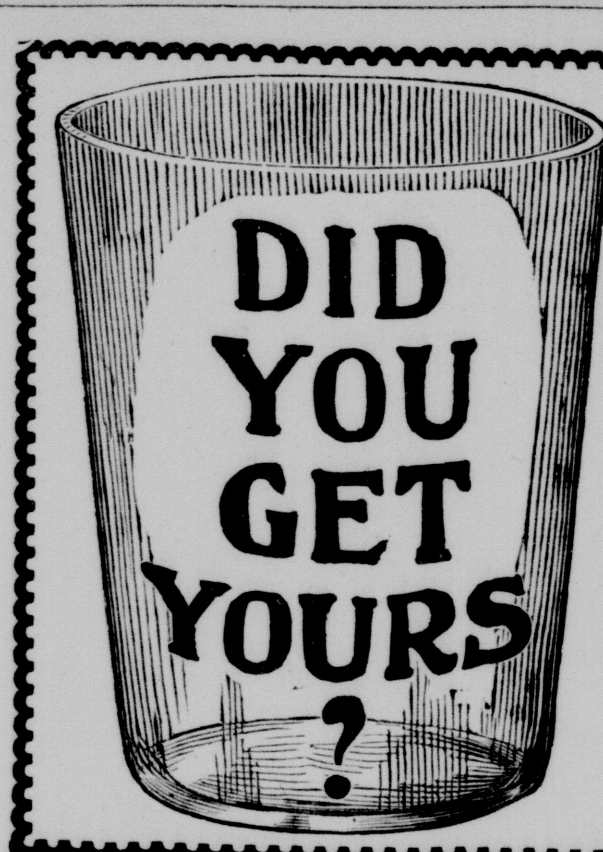
Chicago and Milwaukee are to be connected by an elevated bicycle road. A company has been formed in Chicago, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to build the road. The capital stock has all been subscribed, the plans of the road have been prepared, and the work will begin as soon as the right of way has been obtained.

The plan is to construct a wooden elevated road 16 feet wide, on a nearly straight line between the two cities, and to have the terminus in each city as near the business center as possible. It is to be a toll road, but it is proposed to make the toll between Chicago and Milwaukee only 10 cents. Its projectors think it will be patronized by 20,000 wheelmen per week.

A COSTLY MISTAKE.

By Using Too Many Letters the Telegraph Company Was Out \$5,341.

The insertion of the letter "r" in the name of H. W. Baker promises to cost the Western Union Telegraph company about \$6,000. In the suit brought by Baker at Seattle, Wash., to recover \$7,160, loss caused by the delivery of a dispatch from Australia to Abram Barker, a jury in the United States court returned a verdict for plaintiff for \$5,841.51 after deliberating about an hour. Judge Hanford instructed the jury that a telegraph company was charged with the duty of exercising a high degree of care as to promptness, and that any neglect entitled the parties injured to damages. Barker's measure of damage was the amount he would have realized had he accepted a cabled offer, less the amount he received. The defense moved for a nonsuit



3 Million, 134 Thousand, 9 Hundred and Thirty-four Packages sold in 1894, which made 15 Million, 674 Thousand, 7 Hundred and Thirty-five Gallons of

HIRES' Rootbeer

or 313 Million, 494 Thousand, 7 Hundred glasses, sufficient to give every man, woman and child in the United States, five glasses each—Did you get yours? Be sure and get some this year? The whole family will enjoy it. A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere. Made only by

The Chas. E. Hires Co., Philada.

LARGE WELL-VENTILATED ROOMS.

TABLE UNSURPASSED

BEST \$2.00-A-DAY HOTEL IN CENTRAL MISSOURI.

SICHER'S HOTEL

The Largest and Best Appointed Hotel in the City.

SICHER & CONRAD, Proprietors

COR. THIRD AND OHIO STREETS.

MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY

Capital Paid in.....\$200,000. Surplus.....\$50,000.

THIS company acts as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, Curator, Receiver and Trustee and accepts Trusts of all kinds, whether created by will or under appointment of courts.

Dealer in investment securities. Loans money on real estate. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers.

Nickle Saving Stamp System—Stamps can be found at the following places: Chris Hye, C. F. Boatright, Otis Smith and at our office.

Five Per Cent. Interest Paid on Savings.—The only financial institution in Sedalia authorized by law to receive saving deposits.

Directors—O. A. Crandall, President; F. A. Sampson, Vice President; G. L. Faulhaber, Treasurer; F. E. Hoffman, Secretary; Henry Lamm, Chris Hye, R. H. Moses, J. W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson.

FOURTH & OHIO STREETS, SEDALIA, MO.

JOHN J. YEATER, Pres't. FRANK B. MEYER, Vice-Pres't. ADAM ITTEL, Cash.

Bank of Commerce, OF SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

Northeast Corner Ohio and Second Streets.

CAPITAL STOCK, Paid Up, \$100,000.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. We solicit accounts of Farmers, Merchants, Corporations and Individuals, promising a safe depository for all funds committed to our charge. We are prepared to extend liberal accommodations to the trade, including the Farmers and Live Stock dealers in Pettis county. DIRECTORS.—John J. Yeater, Frank B. Meyer, W. E. Barnd, W. P. Haley, L. H. Darley, A. M. Reed, J. L. Warren, D. H. Orear, J. C. Beedy, Edward Hurley, W. S. Baker, Adam Ittel, and J. M. Offield.

on the ground that the terms of the telegraph blank especially exempted the company from any damages either for mistake or delay, and also as the error was made in Australia by a connecting line, no responsibility could attach, particularly as the cablegram was addressed "Barker," and was actually delivered to "Barker."

Mr. Lewis, for Baker, insisted that conditions in a telegraphic message exempting the company from losses could only apply to a sender, not to one receiving the cable; also that, though the error was made in Australia, the Western Union was liable, as its contract with the Australia company as its agent, and that the mere fact that the message was addressed "Barker" could not excuse the failure to deliver to Baker, where the contents of the message could show it was for the commission merchant. The nonsuit was refused. The case will probably be appealed.

MR. BOTHWELL IS BUSY

Hunting Up Law Points on the Injunction Suit.

The Hon. J. H. Botwell, of Sedalia, Pettis county, Mo., arrived in the city yesterday, and his figure has not been seen on the streets since his arrival, says Wednesday's Jefferson City Courier.

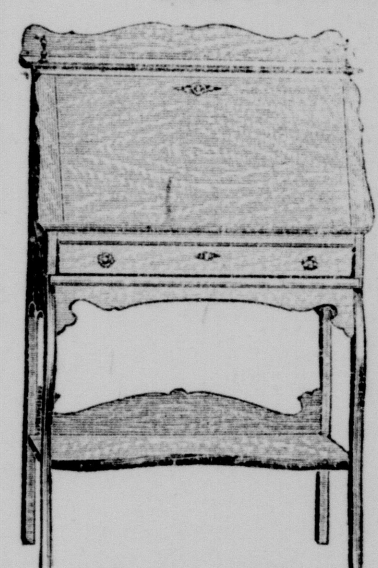
He has no time to spend gadding about, as he is employing his time in the supreme court building hunting up evidence to see why that injunction suit cannot be knocked out in the courts. It is warm work, and Mr. Botwell removes his coat in order that his enduring qualities may have full play.

So far, it is believed he has discovered that several capitals have been removed in the United States, but not on the same plan as the one inflicted on the honest people of Missouri.

When Mr. Botwell secures all the evidence from the United States digests he may be forced to take up the common law of England and possibly Lobenguila's African ex-

McLaughlin Bros

515 Ohio Street.



Cheap

Medium

and

Fine

FURNITURE.

Ladies' Fine Oak Desk, \$7.50.

New and pretty styles received daily. Prices lowest of all. Time payments if desired.

Funeral Directors:

Largest and most complete Undertaking department in the city. Night clerk at store

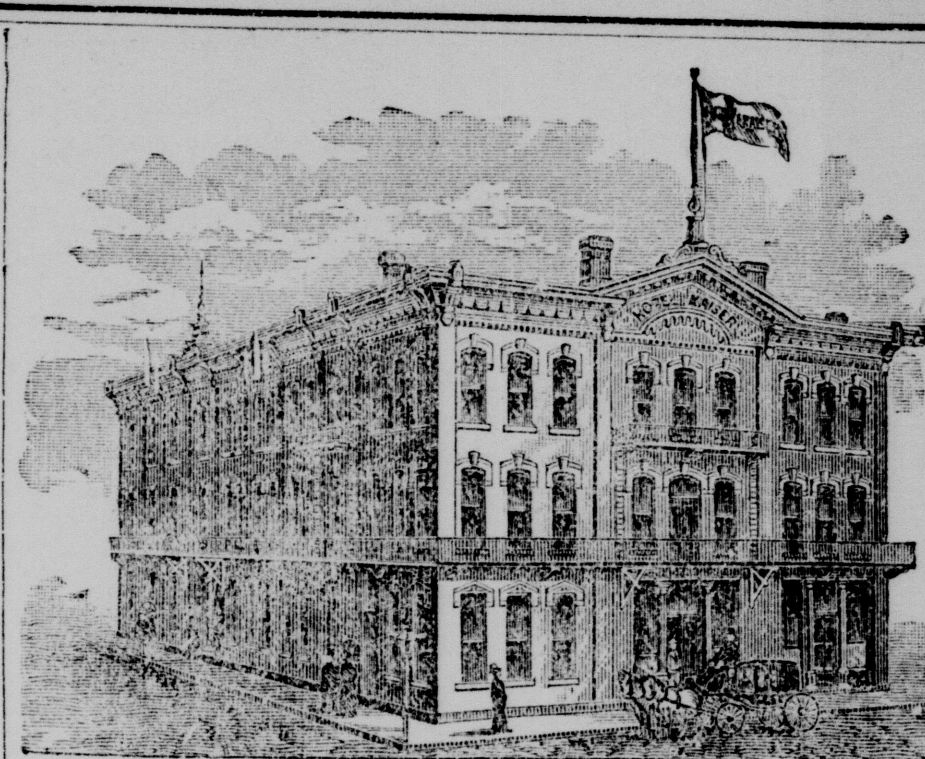
McLaughlin Bros.

Telephone No. 8.

cerpts on "Removals to the Other Worlds by Decapitation."

One night when Mr. Isaac Reese was stopping with me, says M. F. Hatch, a prominent merchant of Quartermaster, Washington, I heard him groaning. On going to his room I found him suffering from cramp colic. He was in such agony I feared he would die. I hastily gave him a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy. He was soon relieved and the first words he uttered were, "what was that stuff you gave me?" I informed him. A few days ago we were talking about his attack and he said he was never without that remedy now. I have used it in my family for several years. I know its worth and do not hesitate to recommend it to my friends and customers.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, Servant's Pharmacy, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, J. R. Myers, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.



Hotel Kaiser

Northeast Corner Second and Lamine Streets, Sedalia, Missouri.

This house is the only one in Sedalia built for hotel purposes; the only one run on hotel principles; the one for commercial men especially; the only one in the state lighted by electricity and incandescent lights exclusively. Restaurant and bar in connection. Every department is under the personal supervision of

ADAM FISCHER.

MAKE NO MISTAKE

—FIND THE—

Kelk Carriage Factory

215-217 SOUTH OSAGE STREET.

And see the elegant vehicles which can be guaranteed to out last two of the "hand out" ready eastern made rigs which catch the eye of the unwary.

When you want a good bargain go to the

'Phone 188.

KELK FACTORY,

Geo. E. Dugan, Prop.

W. J. Kelk, Mgr.

WHERE DO YOU GET YOUR OYSTERS?

I GET THEM AT GARDELLA

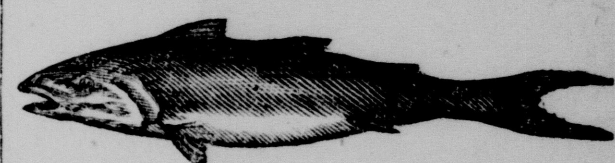
Special attention given to orders for private parties

TRAVELING MEN'S HEADS

GARDELLA'S

FULTON

Market - Restaurant.



Oysters, Fish and Game.

109-111-113 West Second St., Sedalia, Mo.

TELEPHONE 206.

J. W. CORRINS, President.

R. L. MAUPIN, Vice-President.

ROBT TAYLOR, Secretary

PETTIS COUNTY

Investment * Company,

Of Sedalia, Missouri.

Issues an Investment Bond, the maturity guaranteed at definite time, non forfeitable, has a cash surrender value after five years. \$100,000.00 state deposits for the Protection of its investors. Call and investigate.

Hoffman Building, Corner Ohio and Fifth Streets.

W. T. HUTCHINSON, President.

JOHN D. CRAWFORD, Vice President.

WM. H. POWELL, Jr., Cashier.

G. CRAWFORD, Ass't Cashier.

Citizens' National Bank,

SEDALIA, MISSOURI. (Established 1872.)

Cash Capital, paid in, \$100,000.00.

Surplus fund, 35,000.00.

A general banking business transacted. Collections receive prompt attention. Liberal accommodations to depositors.

DIRECTORS: W. H. Powell, S. P. Johns, J. D. Crawford, M. Doherty, S. H. Beiler, W. T. Hutchinson, N. N. Parberry, J. H. Doyle, Wm. H. Powell, Jr.

E. G. CASSIDY, Wholesale Liquor Merchant.

Office and Salesroom, 117 East Main St.

Telephone 114.

The most Healthful Beverage,

So pronounced by Eminent Physicians, is

THE CELEBRATED LEMP'S BEER.

It is undoubtedly the Finest Beer brewed for Family use, for the Table and Invalids. Mail and city orders will receive prompt attention.

E. G. CASSIDY, Wholesale Liquor Merchant.

Office and Salesroom, 117 East Main St.

Telephone 114.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

JOHN N. DALBY, Pres't. R. H. MOSES, Cashier

A. P. MOREY, Vice Pres't. W. H. VAN WAGNER, Ass't.

Capital, \$100,000. | Profits and Dividends, \$35,000

THIS BANK DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS AND SOLICITS THE ACCOUNTS of corporations, firms and individuals. DIRECTORS—James Glass, Morris Harter, John N. Dalby, J. H. Mertz, R. H. Moses, N. H. Gentry, G. E. Messerly, Henry Wanken, A. P. Morey, Charles W. McAninch, F. E. Hoffman, D. W. McClure and Samuel C. Gold.

'Phone 122.

S. S. CROW,

Dentist.

Rooms 205-206 Hoffman Building, 1502 Ohio.

Take elevator.

ODONTUNDER for the Painless extraction of Teeth.

Which IS THE BEST SCHOOL?

That one possessing the most advantages; best and most healthful location; best faculty of experienced teachers, and offering home comforts. Such is CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, for young women, located at Columbia, Mo., the seat of the State University. The Christian College buildings are large and commodious, heated by the hot water system; lighted with electricity; elegant new chapel seated with opera chairs; everything complete. REFURNISHED THROUGHOUT. NO OLD FURNITURE. Plans new. Faculty able, thorough and progressive; the best furnished school in the Southwest; graduating courses in Languages, Literature, Elocution, Music and Art. 45th year; 44 alumnae; session opens Sept. 4. Send for 50-page illus. catalogue to Mrs. LUELLA WILCOX ST. CLAIR, Pres., Columbia, Mo.

POPULAR ILLUSTRATION.

How Pictures Are Made for Papers and Magazines.

Photographing the Original "Copy"—Remounting the Film—Making the Impression on a Zinc Plate—Ready for the Printer.

Pictures for the illustration of magazines and some newspapers are now, says the Pacific American, made direct from photographs. A glass screen with diamond scratched lines ruled at right angles so closely together that the spaces can hardly be distinguished is placed one-eighth of an inch in front of the sensitive plate in the photographic camera. Looked through, the effect is much the same as gazing through a sieve. These lines reappear in the half tone engraving when printed.

The photograph or wash drawing from which the photo-engraving is taken is photographed in the usual way and with the usual sensitive plate, with the previously described screen in the camera between the plate and the picture. This produces a negative of the picture, showing the fine cross lines represented by clear glass. Now, in order to have the same position of the object of the engraving as in the original the film of the negative is treated to one or two coats of collodion, which gives it a sufficient consistency to permit of its being removed. The film is then stripped, reversed and secured to another glass with the aid of collodion. After careful mounting this new negative is ready to be used as a medium for printing on the zinc plate.

The face of the plate is buffed to the highest degree of polish, then coated with a solution of albumen and gelatin, then sensitized with bichromate of ammonia. It is then dried and placed in the "printing frame," the coated side next to the negative film. The case is then exposed to the sun or light three to five minutes or to an electric light for fifteen to twenty minutes. The light passes through the heavy inch thick glass of the printing frame, then through the negative, striking the sensitized plate and decomposing the chemicals wherever it may fall. Where the plate is protected by the shadows and half tones of the negative the sunlight has less effect, and where the shadows are dense it has no effect.

This plate is then removed from the frame in a dark room and carefully washed under running water for several minutes, then dried and heated until the picture appears of a dark brown color. The back of the plate is rubbed with wax while hot to protect it from the etching solution, which is made from perchloride of iron. The picture on the plate is acid proof, and the etching solution eats only where the plate is unprotected, that part which is blank in the finished engraving. The plate is allowed to remain in the acid bath for about fifteen minutes, or until sufficient depth is obtained. It is then washed and is ready for the router and the printer.

A Strange Wooing.

Mortimer Menses, while traveling in the east in search of subjects, came upon a curious form of courtship. Sketching one day in Burmah, he noticed a man a little distance off glaring fiercely straight ahead of him at some object he could not see from his position. The man sat with the same fixed gaze the whole afternoon, and was there again the next morning. Mr. Menses had the curiosity to ask on English visit or what it meant. The reply was: "Oh, he is in love." It was explained that this was their method of courtship. The object of this man's attentive gaze was a girl in a neighboring bazar. When a man falls in love he has to seat himself at a certain distance from his adored one and wait for her to do the rest. If she looks in his direction once or twice on the first or second day he is mildly encouraged, and if on the third day she nods at him and smiles it is time to go to the parents with reference to the marriage settlement.—Chicago Journal.

North German Superstitions.

If you are superstitious there are many things you must not do, says the New Orleans Picayune. In north Germany you must not spin during the twelve nights of Christmas, lest you should walk after your death, nor after sunset on Saturday, for then mice will eat your work. Speaking of eating, if you want to have money and luck all the year round you must not fail to eat herrings on New Year's day; nor, if you wish to be lucky, must you rock an empty cradle or spill wantonly or cross knives or point at the stars. If you leave a dirty cloth on the table over night you will make the angels weep; if you point upward to the rainbow you will make the angels' feet bleed; and if you talk of cabbages while looking at the moon you will hurt the feelings of the man in it, who was a cabbage stealer in his salad days.

THE PERIDOT.

A Precious Stone of Which Fashion Is Now Fond.

A precious stone on which the decree of fashion has, at the present moment, set a fancy value is the peridot, or "evening emerald," as it has been called. It is certainly a lovely stone, with its exquisite shades of transparent green, the best suggestion of whose hue is the effect produced by looking at the light through a delicate leaf.

Jewelers say that the peridot is a species of olivine, of the same class as the beryl, aquamarine and topaz, and that it is, in fact, the ancient "topazion," otherwise known as the chrysolite. It is found in Ceylon, Peru and Brazil—good crystals being extremely rare. Of its various shades of green—olive, leaf, pistachio or leek—the clear leaf green is the most admired, as a rule.

At a fashionable wedding one of the most beautiful and costly of the presents was a set of ornaments composed of peridots set in amethysts; the blending of the soft mauve green was exquisitely artistic.

Of all the precious stones the peridot is the most difficult to polish. The final touch is given on a copper wheel, moistened with sulphuric acid—a process which requires the greatest care, for, if dipped into the acid, the stone has the peculiarity of becoming soluble. Sometimes it is cut in rose form, or en cabochon, like the carbuncle, but it is better and more valuable when worked in small steps, as the brilliancy is thereby increased.—Philadelphia Times.

A DELICATE INSTRUMENT.

Measuring the Speed with Which Earthquake Waves Travel.

Some readers may know that the pulsations of the great earthquake in Greece last April were perceived in England and, it was believed, at the Cape of Good Hope, by means of very delicate instruments contrived for the purpose of registering any slight shaking of the earth's crust. In like manner the shock of the Constantinople earthquake of July last was perceived at various meteorological observatories in Austria, Russia, Germany, Holland, France and England.

By a comparison of times, combined with the distances from Constantinople of the places where pulsations were observed, a fairly accurate estimate of the velocity with which the earthquake waves traveled was obtained.

The average speed was about two miles per second. This is almost exactly the same velocity as that which was calculated for the pulsations of the Greek earthquake in April. At this rate, if it were continued without diminution, the wave would pass completely round the earth, along a great circle, in about three hours and a half.

One of the English instruments which registered these pulsations is at the bottom of a deep mine near Newcastle-on-Tyne, and its delicacy may be judged from the fact that it has recorded the beating of the waves on the sea coast ten miles away.—Scientific American.

CLOSES ITS FIRST CYCLE.

The Thirteen Club Records Thirteen Years of History.

The thirteenth annual meeting and dinner of the Thirteen club, which curiously enough took place on the 12th instead of the 13th of January, was one of the most notable affairs in the history of this anti-superstitious club. The members of the club met at the Old Knickerbocker cottage (now Jacquins'), on Sixth avenue, New York, in the room in which the club was born thirteen years ago. The founder of the club, Capt. William Fowler, gave a historical review of its organization and career. Past Chief Rulers Hon. David McAdam, justice of the superior court, and Hon. J. H. V. Arnold, surrogate, delivered addresses.

With this meeting and banquet closed the first cycle in the club's calendar, which reckons everything by thirteens. The business transacted and the speeches prolonged the festivities past the midnight hour, and precisely at 13 minutes past 12 on the morning of January 13 all present rose and toasted the thirteenth birthday of the Thirteen club.

A Great Cathedral.

Roman Catholics in London will soon have a cathedral of an architecture unique in that city. It will be a basilica, built on the model of Constantine's original church of St. Peter at Rome, 350 feet long by 170 wide and 190 high, and it will hold 10,000 people. Attached to it is to be a monastery for thirty monks and forty-five lay brethren, to which the Benedictines, who for centuries served Westminster abbey, are to be invited. The land was bought by Cardinal Manning nearly thirty years ago for \$55,000 and is now worth £300,000. The buildings will cost £250,000, toward which one contributor has already given £20,000.—N. Y. Sun.

Good Looking Feet

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"Make Your Feet Glad"

It's as comfortable as can be and wonderfully durable.

Selz Royal Blue \$4.00 Shoe is the best you can get. Both made by Selz, Schwab & Co., Chicago, largest manufacturers of shoes in United States.

AT YOUR DEALERS.

Clairvoyant.

Advice and assistance that makes the unhappy, broken hearted and unfortunate happy and successful. Don't fail to consult Madame M. Romaine, the world renowned clairvoyant and spiritualist medium. She tells the truth and nothing but the truth. Correct advice on business changes, law suits, marriage, divorce; brings the separated together; causes happy and speedy marriage with the one you love; overcomes your enemies, removes bad habits, gives you good luck, tells you where to go and what to do to be successful; future foretold without mistake; reunites the separated without fail. Those who have been deceived by so-called mediums before giving up in despair consult Madame Romaine, 403 East Third street. Hours 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Business strictly confidential. Letters with stamps answered.

Delayed.

On account of the adjusters of companies we are insured with delaying adjusting our loss, the great shoe sale will be postponed for a short time. We will announce the opening in advance through the papers. All we need say is wait. VAN WAGNER HENNEY SHOE CO., Corner Main and Ohio.

Urign's Cave and Rockport.

And return, \$1.25. On Sunday, August 4th, a special train will leave the Union station at 7:30 a. m., running via Tipton to Boonville, and steamer from there to Rockport and the Cave. Returning, leave Boonville at 7 p. m.

H. L. BERRY, Ticket Agt.

An Elegant Supper.

There will be a supper given tonight by the ladies of the Christian church whose names begin with the letters A, B, C, D and E. Only 25 cents for a good square meal like mother used to cook. Come and enjoy yourself.

Lawn Social.

On Thursday eve, Aug. 1st, the ladies of the First Congregational church will give a lawn social at the residence of Henry Mertz, on East Broadway. Ice cream and cake will be served for 15c. Everybody is cordially invited.

Money to Lend.

We have a large sum of money to lend on farms and central city property. Call on or address A. P. Morey, 410 Ohio street, Sedalia, Mo.

Take your children to Forest park this afternoon and let them breathe the pure country air for a few hours.

Mrs. Monahan-Collier has decided to sell all her fine damaged hats and flowers at from 10 to 50 cents each for this week only. 217 Ohio street.

Roll Ten Pins.

Bowling alley at Forest park is just the place to spend your evenings rolling ten pins.

Take your children to Forest park this afternoon and let them breathe the pure country air for a few hours.

For Sale.

At a bargain. Cook's patent fifth wheels spring wagon. Address "G," care DEMOCRAT.

Be sure and see Chas. Carroll, of the Electric railway, before buying electric fans and motors, as it will be to your advantage.

Ladies, don't miss the chance to get your millinery now; nothing reserved; everything must go. Fifth and Engineer streets.

Special Notice.

4,000 lemons for sale at Candy Palace, 501 Ohio street.

Bargain in a first class parlor organ. For particulars address "Organist," this office.



Something new every day in Furniture, Carpets, Lace Curtains and Queensware. We have the most complete stock of House Furnishing Goods in the city.

C. W. Daniels
THE
INSTALLMENT HOUSE FURNISHER

118-120 East Third St.

"The Mecca"

... IS THE PLACE.

Billy and Cass

Are the people that will treat you kindly with

PUNCHES, MISCELLANEOUS FIZZES, LEMONADES, Plain or Dashed, BEER, Faust's Special Brew.

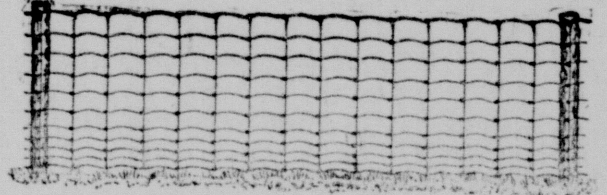
124 East Second, Cor. Lamine.

"FARMERS' FRIEND."

THE PAGE

Woven Wire Fence.

WILL TURN "ANYTHING."



W. H. RITCHEY,

Ag't. Pettis Co. 112 E. Second St., Sedalia, Mo.

NOTE—SEDALIA THE CAPITAL—FOR—
IN 1896
OF MISSOURI.

REAL ESTATE LOANS AND INSURANCE
W. H. RITCHEY.
112 EAST SECOND ST.
GROUND FLOOR NEAR POST OFFICE
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

TOO F
TOUGH ON FLIES
WORTH MANY TIMES
ITS COST IN COMFORT AND
FEEDING. SELLERS: PHARMACEUTICALS, BIO-MEDICALS, SEDALIA, MO.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail for 50c. and \$1.00 per box. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Prop's, Cleveland, O. Sold on a guarantee at MERTZ & HALE'S.

Acme Cement Plaster

BEST ON EARTH.

MISSOURI CENTRAL LUMBER COMPANY
SOLE AGENTS.

MCGINLEY BROS.
DEALERS IN
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Orders filled and delivered promptly.

116 East Third Street.

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MANUFACTURER OF
Tents, Awnings, Wagon Covers, Paulins, Picture Frames, Etc. Tents for rent to fishing parties and etc.

STEAM CARPET CLEANING.

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Stocks, Bonds, Grain (Direct wire to Chicago and Provisions. —go New York and St. Louis.)

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Dr. O. P. Kernodle,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office, 508 Ohio St., In Cassidy Building, Residence, 517 West Sixth St.
All calls promptly responded to day or night. Office Hours: (2 to 5 p. m.)

Dr. E. R. SCHOEN,
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Treats Acute and all Chronic Diseases.
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Repairing Vehicles a Specialty

Shop 314, 312, 323 West Second Street.

SEDALIA Building & Loan Ass'n
OF SEDALIA, MO.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - \$1,000,000

DIRECTORS—J. B. Gallie, President; Chas. Van Antwerp, Sec'y; S. P. Johns, Treas.; John Montgomery, C. G. Taylor.

This Association pays on monthly savings of 80 cents and upward 12 per cent, compounded annually; on paid up stock 8 per cent, payable semi-annually. No forfeiture of dividends. Loans money on real estate security at 7 1-5 per cent. interest. Stock issued monthly in consecutive series and matures definitely in seven years. NO ADMISSION FEE. Call on

Chas. Van Antwerp, Sec'y.

No. 111 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.



DRINK THE BEST **Beer in the World.**

WHICH IS BREWED BY THE
Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association,
OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

And Received the highest award at the Columbian Exposition at Chicago.

I keep the following brands constantly on hand:
Exquisite, Budweiser, Faust, Premium, Pal Lager, Standard, in Kegs and Bottles. Family Trade solicited.

FRED HELM, Agent,
OSAGE STREET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD STS.
SEDALIA, MO.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Telephone 154.

SEDALIA

Steam Laundry

Gloss and Linen Finish.

216 LAMINE ST. 216

T. W. & WILL. CLONEY, Proprietors.

Capital Bottling Co.

CARBONATED BEVERAGES

And manufacturers and bottlers of Ginger Ale, Orange Phosphate, Lemon Sour, Cream Soda, Seltzer Water, &c. A specialty made of Quarts for Saloons, Restaurants, Hotels and Family use. All goods guaranteed firstclass.

ALL ORDERS DELIVERED PROMPTLY.

121 East Main Street.

E. H. HUNT, Mgr.

When Your Eyes Require Glasses

When Your Watches Need Repairing

GO TO HEADQUARTERS **TOWNSLEY'S** 503 OHIO STREET.
Anything in Solid Gold or Silver made to order at Townsley's.

J. M. Murphey, The Jeweler.

. . . Watches, Diamonds, Clocks, Silverware . . .

Watch Repairing a Specialty.

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E. A. WOOD, M. D.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

Residence: 1616 Kentucky St., Telephone 145.

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The best selected Iowa Hams to be found in the city; also fine Roast Beef, Veal, Pork and Mutton. Try our Homemade Lard and Sausage.
J. G. KEHL,
Market House,
Tel. 68.

Hotel LeGrande.

Northeast Corner Fourth and Lamine . . .

Quiet and Select—o

Service the Best in all Departments.

Give us a Trial.

J. K. KIDD, Prop.

T. S. McFARLAND, M.D.

Late of Lincoln Park Sanitarium and Cook County Hospital, Chicago. Female Troubles, General and Official Surgery.

OFFICE SECOND FLOOR ALAMO BUILDING.

PALACE MARKET.

The best arranged Meat Market in the City.

Dealers in Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats, Poultry and Game.

JOSEPH PARADIS & CO.

703 Ohio Street Telephone 80

T. W. BAST,

ARCHITECT

and Superintendent of Building,
Church and School House Work a Specialty,
Ilgenfritz Building, Rooms 34-5.

ON ITS OWN RAILS



TRAINS ON THE
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS
RAILWAY

Now Run Solid

Houston San Antonio Galveston

WITH
WAGNER BUFFET SLEEPING CARS

AND
FREE CHAIR CARS.

W. S. EPPERSON,

ARCHITECT.
Hoffman Bldg. SEDALIA, MO.

Sedalia Weekly Democrat

New Series.

Sedalia, Missouri: Friday, August 2, 1895.

Price Five Cents.

DEADLY RACE RIOT.

Further Details of the Affray in Alabama.

BATTLED FOR TWO HOURS.

Four Negroes and Two White Men Killed—Many on Both Sides Were Wounded.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., August 1.—The sheriff's posse returned from Brookside, the scene of the race riot, yesterday, bringing with them the negro rioters who had been arrested, two having been rescued from the enraged white miners after ropes had been placed around their necks preparatory to hanging them. Half a dozen officers were left at Brookside to arrest other rioters and prevent further trouble. Investigation shows that the negroes whom the deputies, Woods and Baxter, went to arrest were entrenched in a ditch, strongly reinforced, and poured a murderous fire from their cover, shooting down two officers at the first volley. Reinforcements came to the whites, but the negroes never ceased firing until their ammunition was exhausted. Then they fled to the woods, the whites in pursuit. Three negroes are reported dead and one wounded. One woman is among the rioters arrested. Half a dozen women took part in the riot. All is quiet now.

Further details of the race riot are that in the first battle between the whites and blacks two negroes were shot dead. The battle waged fiercely for nearly two hours. Biggars and his men were sheltered by dense foliage, and the white miners were forced to retreat. They gathered reinforcements and again renewed the attack. Two more negroes fell dead under the heavy fire. The ranks of the whites were thinned by several being wounded. While the miners were caring for their injured the negroes struck out for the deeper woods. Another posse was formed and the pursuit resumed. Word was wired to this city for help, and Sheriff Morrow, with twenty-five of his men, left for the scene.

When Sheriff Morrow and party came upon the rioters the whites had captured several of them, but Biggars was not among them. A rope had been carried along for a purpose. That purpose was just being carried into effect when the sheriff arrived. The captured negroes were bound hand and foot and the dangling noose from the limb of a tree overhead told their impending fate. Sheriff Morrow demanded the surrender of the prisoners. His request was received in silence. Another demand for surrender was met with a flat refusal from the leader of the white miners. Morrow then threatened to open fire on both parties unless the prisoners were given up at once. Not until his men presented their arms and the ominous click of the weapons was heard did the spokesman of the white miners deliver up his captives. They were brought back to the camp, where another demonstration was made by those miners who had not joined the pursuit.

They made a desperate attempt to take the prisoners from Sheriff Morrow, but the determined stand of his men deterred them. The camp is in a great state of excitement and the negroes will be brought here to prevent a lynching. The bodies of the four negroes were brought to the camp and the bodies of the two deputies were taken to their homes.

Over a dozen men received wounds during the battle and were brought to camp for surgical treatment. It is not thought that they are fatally injured. Further trouble is feared.

Real Estate Sales.

James W. Cole and wife to M. M. Stevenson, the south half of the southwest quarter of section 14, and the north half of the northwest quarter of section 23, township 45, range 22, containing 160 acres, \$4,000.

Thomas E. Gregory to Joseph E. Gregory, the west half of the southwest quarter of section 1, and the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 2, township 47, range 20, containing 120 acres, \$1,000.

J. A. Williams and wife, by James

Sewell, trustee, to the Houstonia bank, Houstonia, Mo., lots 11 and 12, block 26, Jaynes & Newkirk's addition to Houstonia, \$600.

Alice L. Morrow and husband, Robert N. Morrow, to William H. Powell, jr., lots 2 and 3, and 15 feet off the west side of lot 4, Todd's addition to Sedalia, \$5,850.

Andrew Gresham and wife to Uriah Gresham, undivided one-sixth interest in lot 6, block 5, Ritter's addition to Sedalia; also one-sixth interest in lot 104.7 by 52 feet at the corner of Sixteenth street and Ingram avenue, Sedalia, \$250.

Joseph M. Johnson to John F. Taylor, lot 1, of the western division of Dresden, \$200.

John F. Taylor to O. H. Coe, lot 1 of the western division of Dresden, \$250.

O. H. Coe to W. E. Steele, lot 1 in the western division of Dresden, \$100.

WANT TO COME HERE

A Kick on the Pertle Springs Location

FOR THE BIG CONVENTION.

Sedalia Proposed as a Substitute Because of Better Railway Facilities.

Democratic politicians all over the state have begun to clamor for a meeting of the state central committee to change the place for holding the state monetary convention from Pertle Springs to some more accessible point, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch of last evening. The disposition of the Missouri Pacific railroad to charge an unusually high rate has given rise to this demand.

Sedalia is suggested as the most favorable location for the convention, owing to its more central location and the fact that it is accessible over a dozen lines of railroad. It is a competitive point, and by reason of that fact the railroads would be bound to make a low rate. From St. Louis, as, in fact, from nearly every county in the state, save a few, Sedalia can be reached by some other line than the Missouri Pacific, and the greedy disposition of the latter has engendered a wish on the part of many to go by any other road.

The high rate of fare charged will have a tendency to materially lessen the crowd at the convention. With a cheap rate hundreds of politicians and friends of free silver would go who will be obliged to remain at home unless a lower rate than one and one-third fare can be secured. There is no longer any doubt that the gold men on the state committee entered into a scheme with Col. Bill Phelps at the instigation of Francis and Maffitt to fix the convention at Pertle Springs so that a high rate of fare could be charged. This scheme would serve the ends of the Francis crowd by decreasing the attendance at the convention, and Col. Bill Phelps will be satisfied with the handsome returns his road will receive.

The state committee will be called upon to change the place of meeting, and if Chairman Maffitt can be induced to call the committee together there is no reason to believe that a majority will not vote for a more accessible place than Pertle Springs. This is not the result of any feeling of antipathy to the Pertle Springs people, but the direct outgrowth of the greed of the Missouri Pacific railroad.

Paid Dearly for a Ride.

A Knobnoster special to the Warrensburg Star says: Farris Cooper and Clayton Wisely, both colored, thought they would like to go to Lamonte to attend a festival last Saturday evening, and having no horses to ride, they went to a hitch rack where H. C. Aplin and Ed Bayles had tied their horses and cut them loose and rode them to Lamonte.

When they returned, sometime during the night, they turned the horses loose and they were not found until 10 o'clock the next morning. After the parties found out who rode the animals they had Cooper and Wisely arrested. They were tried before Squire Mitchell yesterday and Cooper was fined \$40 and costs and Wisely \$25 and costs. They were unable to pay their fines and were taken to the county jail.

HE'S SAFE IN MEXICO

Ex-Cashier Thompson Can Remain There.

IS A CITIZEN OF MEXICO.

All That Is Necessary Is to Purchase a Small Tract of Worthless Land.

James C. Thompson, ex-cashier of the defunct First National bank of this city, who has been sojourning in the City of Mexico for nearly fifteen months past, will no doubt pursue with interest and approval the following dispatch from Washington, D. C., dated July 30:

There is some reason to fear that a couple of absconders from the United States have discovered a hole in the meshes of the law which may make it impossible in many cases to secure the extradition of criminals fleeing into Mexico from the United States, no matter how grave the charges laid against them.

About a month ago the state department, upon the application of the governor of Iowa, sought to secure the extradition of Chester and Richard Rowe, the former being treasurer of Powershick county, Iowa, and an embezzler of about \$40,000 dollars, and the latter, his brother, charged with complicity in the crime.

The men went boldly to the City of Mexico under the name of Rose, and when it was sought to serve the extradition papers they set up the claim that they were not citizens of the United States, but naturalized

Bland and Cockrell. This is enterprise. But it is in keeping with the city that seeks the state capital. It is full of enterprise, and a really delightful little city.—Shelbina Democrat.

THE FREE SCHOLARSHIP.

Manufacturers of Patent Medicines to Be Taxed for Its Support.

When Senator Yeater's bill establishing a free scholarship in the State university in each county was passed at the last session of the legislature it required that the manufacturers of proprietary articles be taxed \$25 a year to create a fund to maintain this scholarship.

Accordingly, at the August term of the county court, to begin next Monday, that body will be asked to make an order levying this license fee and providing for its collection.

The law will apply to Mertz & Hale, W. E. Bard & Son, and some other Sedalia druggists who are manufacturers of patented medicines.

Why Pay

Rent

When you can buy a house and lot from

DONNOHUE

And pay for it in small monthly payments?

If you never begin you will never finish, so do not delay, but come and see what I can do for you.

Yours Truly,

J. D. DONNOHUE.

309 Ohio St.

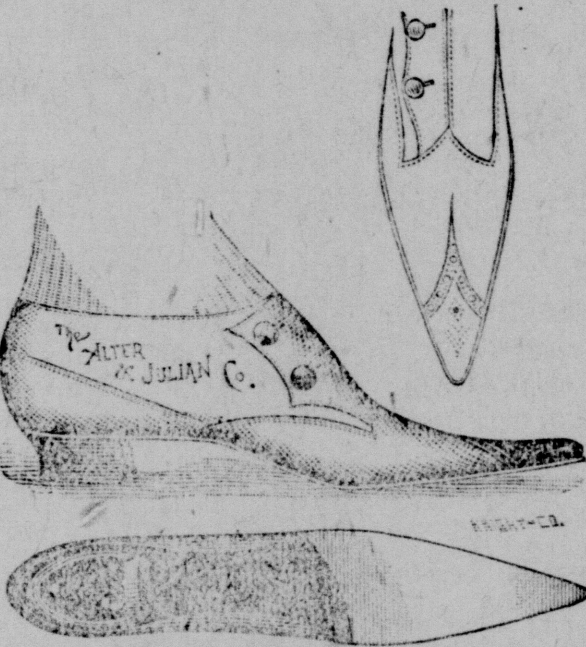
Now is your time for

BARGAINS IN

FOOTWEAR

Big Clearance Sale now going on at

Wm. Courtney's



W. H. JOHNS.

E. L. LOONEY.

JOHNS & LOONEY.

Lumber, Laths, Shingles,

... Building Material of all Kinds ...

Yards: Second and Moniteau.

Home Lumber Yard Stand.

citizens of Mexico. They had accomplished this change in their nationality by the simple process of purchasing some real estate and electing to become Mexican citizens.

According to Mexican laws this was sufficient: to make them actual Mexican citizens. As under the extradition treaty between the United States and Mexico neither country is bound to surrender its own citizens in answer to a demand for extradition, it is apparent that the way is thus opened for a general evasion of it by criminals, unless the Mexican government should decide to take a broader view of the Mexican law.

So far no official notice of the decision of that government upon the point the United States has raised has reached the state department, and the matter has given rise to serious apprehensions at the department.

Social in the Country.

The ladies of High Point church, eight miles north of town, gave a delightful social Wednesday night at the residence of M. B. Ricks. About \$25 was realized and each and every guest was made to feel that he or she was welcome in the truest sense of the word.

Sedalia a Good City.

The Sedalia EVENING DEMOCRAT got out an edition of eight pages on the 23d, giving all the proceedings of the editorial meeting and the great speeches of Governor Stone,

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS

The Operation of Senator Yeater's Law.

LICENSE TAX COLLECTED.

What Has Been Done in the Interest of Free Scholarships in Missouri.

At the last session of the general assembly an act, introduced by Senator Yeater, of this city, passed both branches, and was approved by the governor, creating in each county in the state and in the city of St. Louis, a "State university scholarship fund."

Under the provisions of this act there is to be paid a collateral succession tax of \$5 on each \$100 of the market value of all property conveyed by will or bequest to any person except father, mother, husband, wife or direct lineal descendant, where the money or property does not exceed \$10,000, in excess of which amount a tax of \$7.50 per \$100, excepting conveyances for educational, charitable or religious purposes.

Besides this, a license tax is to be levied upon manufacturers of medicines and traveling venders of medicine. Three-fourths of the money collected under the provisions of this act remain in the county treasury to the credit of the "State university scholarship fund," and one-fourth is to be paid into the seminary fund of the state treasury.

In addition to this, a fee of 25c is to be paid into the state treasury on each \$1,000 of the capital stock by every company incorporating under the laws of Missouri. One-fourth of the money collected under this section is to be credited to the state seminary fund and three-fourths to be paid into the scholarship fund in the county from which the money is paid. The money credited to the State university scholarship fund in each county is to be loaned and the interest used to defray the expenses at the university of those selected as beneficiaries of the free scholarship fund.

This law went into effect June 22, since which date there has been collected by Hon. Lon V. Stephens, state treasurer, under section 2 alone, providing for the payment of 25 cents on each \$1,000 of the capital stock of companies incorporated under the laws of Missouri, the sum of \$937.75. Mr. Stephens yesterday distributed this money as provided by the act, crediting the sum of \$234.44 to the state seminary fund, and remitting the remaining three-fourths to the various counties to be credited to the state university scholarship fund, viz:

Adair county.....	35	Marion.....	187
Andra.....	93	Pemiscot.....	112
Barton.....	112	Pettis.....	193
Buchanan.....	2006	Pike.....	469
Caldwell.....	37	St. Charles.....	112
Cass.....	120	St. Genevieve.....	94
Franklin.....	4877	St. Louis.....	56
Greene.....	937	Saline.....	37
Jackson.....	2194	Scott.....	562
Jasper.....	187	Schuyler.....	112
Johnson.....	204	City of St. Louis	571 68
Lafayette.....	112		
Linn.....	375	Total.....	\$703 25

THE METHODISTS.

The Assembly Meeting at Pertle Springs a Crowning Success.

Wednesday was the third day of the Methodist assembly at Pertle Springs. The weather was delightful and the park was never prettier.

Tuesday night was held the inter-collegiate oratorical contest. Five young men had been enrolled, but only three made their appearance. B. M. Harris, of Northwest college, Albany, Mo., had for his theme, "Wonder of Wonders." He was awarded the gold medal. The theme of R. E. Dickinson, of Morrisville college, was "The Inequalities of Modern Civilization and the Dogma of Reform." He received second prize. Ellis Miller, of Woodson college, Richmond, spoke on "Teutonic Spring."

Yesterday morning Rev. W. J. Carpenter gave a lesson on "Organized Character of the Sunday School Work." Dr. Hinde, of Columbia, read an interesting paper before this class. Miss Bellis met her class at the same hour. The theme of the little folks at this meeting was "The Danger of Forming Evil Habits." At 10 a. m. Dr. E. M. Hass, editor of the Nashville (Tenn.) Christian Advocate,

gave his first lecture before the Ministers' Institute. His topic was "The Christian Ministry as a Divine Vocation."

At 2 p. m. he lectured again on the topic "Odds and Ends." At 3 p. m. W. J. Semelroth gave his second normal sermon to a large and interested class. A discussion of educational matters closed a busy day's work.

A FIENDISH CRIME.

Emmett Divers Has Made a Confession at Last.

BOTH RAPE AND MURDER.

The Hardened Brute Tells the Awful Story of His Crime Without the Slightest Remorse.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 30.—Emmett Divers, the negro who was brought here to save him from a mob of infuriated citizens, has confessed that he outraged Mrs. J. W. Cain near Fulton, Mo., at 10 o'clock last Tuesday morning, and then cut her throat eight times. At 6:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, in the St. Louis jail, in the presence of Jail Guards James Wiet and Benjamin Gleitz, the negro told the awful story of his crime to a Globe-Democrat reporter. He realizes that he has but a short time to live and desires to see his wife and Sheriff Windsor, of Fulton. Divers fears death at the hands of a mob, and requests that he be hanged in the St. Louis jail.

No more fiendish crime of the kind ever occurred in Missouri. The victim of the negro's lust was a fine-looking young woman, but 18 years of age. She was married to J. W. Cain, a prosperous young farmer residing five miles from Fulton, Mo., only last May. The negro entered the house when the young woman was alone, felled her to the floor with his fist, tied her right hand and neck with a rope, outraged her, murdered her, and walked coolly away. In the terrible struggle which she made for her life the young woman's thumb was severed at the second joint by the knife which the negro carried in his hand. After he emerged from the house he wiped the blood from the weapon with his handkerchief and returned both to his pockets. His shirt was covered with blood, and one of the buckles was broken from his suspenders. It was found beneath the body of the murdered woman. All of these articles were taken in charge by Sheriff Windsor and are now held as evidence at Fulton.

News of the tragedy reached Fulton. Sheriff Windsor and his deputies and a posse were soon on a trail that led to the capture of Divers, about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at a farm house two miles from where the crime was committed. In spite of the evidence against him, the negro persistently denied his guilt, and it was not until yesterday afternoon that he acknowledged it in the slightest degree.

He was taken to Fulton immediately after his capture and was hurried out of there at night to avoid a mob and taken to Mexico, Mo. From there he was transferred to other towns in succession, and was finally brought to St. Louis from Hannibal last Saturday afternoon.

In his confession, after persistent questioning, Divers stated that he went to the Cain house about nine o'clock in the morning, and finding no one at home except Mrs. Cain he assaulted her, first choking her until her powers of resistance were gone and then tying her hands with a rope. The brute, after perpetrating the fiendish crime, cut his victim's throat with his pocket-knife and then left the house.

These facts were brought out by careful questioning. At first he persisted in claiming that he had murdered the woman because she refused to give up a ring she wore on her finger and fought with him when he attempted to take it by force. But when informed that his further crime was known, he finally weakened and confessed that he had committed the outrage previous to the murder.

The negro professes no remorse whatever, but fully realizes that he is sure to suffer death as the penalty of his crime.

THROUGH A SWITCH.

A Freight Train and Engine Wrecked at Lamonte.

AN ENGINE ON ITS SIDE.

Seven Cars Completely Destroyed—Engine and Fireman Save Themselves by Jumping.

Engine No. 951, with Henry Boultt at the throttle, ran through an open switch at Lamonte Saturday evening at 7 o'clock and plowed its way through the dirt several feet, turning partly over on its side.

Three empty box cars and four loaded cars were completely destroyed.

There was no loss of life, or even serious injury, as both Engineer Boultt and Fireman Morg King jumped and saved themselves.

Three tramps in one of the empty cars also jumped as the car went over, and neither was hurt.

A wrecking outfit was sent at once from this city, and the track was blocked but a short time.

The passenger train due here at 12:20 arrived on time, and a freight train arrived about 10 o'clock, having passed the scene of the wreck less than an hour before.

The train was in charge of Conductor Snedaker, and was the first section of 126.

The engine was badly damaged.

WAS SHE HYPNOTIZED?

The Startling Claim by a Female Criminal in Oregon.

Dollie Agnew, the young woman confined in the county jail at Portland, Oregon, on the charge of larceny, only one of many similar previous escapades, has made the startling claim that she is subject to hypnotic influences. She claims that Wm. Woodward forces her to steal in spite of herself.

When she is released she is to be taken to Tacoma to answer to the charges of wholesale thievery from lodging-houses and hotels, and her friends will endeavor to show in defense that the young woman's criminal career of the past two years is due to the peculiar power exercised over her by Woodward, her accomplice in some of the robberies. She is an intelligent young woman, and claims that her father, whose name is unknown, is a banker and ex-alderman of Chicago.

Dollie would have been placed in the penitentiary for the greater part of her life months ago had it not been for the sympathy in her behalf exerted by the authorities to good effect. Wherever she stops the woman never leaves without obtaining a goodly amount of pelf. She earnestly declares that she means to be good, and would do no wrong but for Woodward's power, which, she says, has driven her into trouble time and again. Her stealings on the Sound aggregate thousands of dollars.

HAS BECOME A BOY AGAIN.

Nonagenarian Goff Assumes the Physique of a Lad of Twenty.

PUNTA GORDO, Fla., July 30.—At the age of 90 George W. Goff, who lives near here, has grown young again. Up to a year ago Mr. Goff was blind, partially deaf and bald, and has been so for many years. About that time, however, he suddenly recovered his eyesight and hearing and his hair began to grow. Now Mr. Goff hears and sees as well as he ever did and his head is covered with a growth of black hair. As his eyesight strengthened and his hair grew, a marked change occurred in Mr. Goff's physical condition, and from being a decrepit man, hardly able to walk, he became as strong and active as a youth of 20 years. The wrinkles on his skin disappeared and he now looks fresh and youthful. The case has puzzled the physicians. They say the man is entirely rejuvenated and may live ninety years longer. They assert that the old tissues have been replaced by new ones, and that physically Mr. Goff is not more than 20 years old. So youthful did Mr. Goff feel that last week he married a young girl. To see them one would not think there was any difference in their ages, although the groom is 70 years older than his bride. Mr. Goff was born in Georgia in 1805. He fought in the In-

dian war under Andrew Jackson, and remembers "Old Hickory" well. He also was in the Mexican and civil wars, and was wounded at the battle of Buena Vista.

WILL HAVE TO PAY.

Delegates to the Democratic Convention Must Put Up the Cash.

The indications are that unless the delegates to the state democratic convention at Pertle Springs pay a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip they will have to go by some other means than railroads, says yesterday's St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Messrs. James Bannerman and John A. Lee, of the transportation committee, state that they have nothing further to report, as the Missouri Pacific in making a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip has practically fixed the rate for all roads in the state.

There has been some hope that some of the roads leading into Kansas City would make a low rate to that point and from there to Warrensburg, four miles from Pertle Springs, they could go and return via the Missouri Pacific for \$2.60. This will not be realized.

D. Bowes, general western agent of the Chicago and Alton, and D. O. Ives, general passenger agent of the Burlington, when asked if they were prepared to make a cut to Kansas City, answered in the negative.

Mr. Ives said: "Such a cut on our part would open up the rate of all the western territory and would start an endless rate war. We would not think of making a less rate than has been made or will be made by the Missouri Pacific."

All the roads this morning received letters from Chairman C. C. Maffitt requesting them to make a rate for the convention. In no instance will the rate be less than that made by the Missouri Pacific.

General Passenger Agent Barker, of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, said that though his road was the strongest competitor of the Missouri Pacific, he had no idea of making a rate less than theirs.

"Suppose, as the talk now goes, the place of holding the convention were changed to Sedalia what would you be prepared to do?"

"That's a different matter," said Mr. Barker. "Sedalia is a competitive point and I think some agreement could be reached by which a rate of one fare or less for the round trip could be made."

A TEXAS CATTLE QUEEN.

Mrs. King Owns a Ranch as Big as an Ordinary State.

One representative in the next congress will be nominated and elected by a woman, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. She is the widow of Capt. Richard King, and she owns a principality in Southern Texas. Her landed estate consists of about 1,250,000 acres—that is to say, nearly 200 square miles. For taking care of the vast domain a small army of men is required. Their votes are controlled by the mistress, who is to all intents and purposes a queen.

The records of the land office at Washington reveal some extraordinary facts with relation to that part of Southern Texas, which seems on the map to intrude into Mexico, terminating at a point at the mouth of the Rio Grande. This region, nearly as big as New England, comprises four great counties, and is owned by four families—the Kings, the Kennedys, the Collinses and the Armstrongs. Much the largest of the four shares belongs in fee simple to Mrs. King.

The ancient road from San Antonio to Brownsville has been closed by Mrs. King's fences, and there are no gates. There is no road law in that country. The only way to go from Brownsville to Alice is by a stage route of forty hours. In the entire distance there is not a single settlement, because the territory traversed belongs to Mrs. King. The region is wholly wild, being used for cattle grazing.

The owner of this principality is a generous and liberal-minded woman, about sixty years of age. She does much good and takes care of her people. To each laborer on her estates she gives a cow. Her ranch of Santa Gertrudis is the largest in the world. It is bounded by Corpus Christi bay for a distance of forty miles, and by barbed wire fences for 300 miles more. From her front door to her front gate is thirteen miles, and she can drive in her carriage sixty-five miles in a straight line without going off her premises. Her house looks like a castle on the Rhine—a typical baronial mansion. It is situated on a slight eminence, surrounded by the modest dwellings of her dependents and by fields of waving

corn. Beyond on every side is green wilderness of mosquito and cactus.

The chateau is as completely furnished and as handsomely equipped as any mansion on Fifth avenue in New York. No luxury that money can buy anywhere is lacking to the widow, who, by the way, is the daughter of the first Presbyterian minister to the Rio Grande. Corpus Christi is the terminus of a railway, and from that point a continuous stream of wagons carries ice and other necessities to the ranch. Mrs. King lives for several months of each year in a palace in Corpus Christi. Her son-in-law, Robert J. Kleberg, is general manager of the ranch, on which are 200,000 head of cattle of improved breeds. Long trains of freight cars are made up at Corpus Christi to carry Mrs. King's cattle to the east.

To run the vast estate costs about \$100,000 a year. For every twenty miles of barbed wire fence there is a man to make repairs and see that no break occurs. Three hundred cowboys are regularly employed, 1,200 ponies being set aside for their use. Every spring all of the calves are rounded up for branding.

A DRAMATIC SCENE.

It Occurred in a Church at Des Moines, Iowa.

Rev. Daniel McPherson created a wild sensation in the East Grand Avenue Friends church at Des Moines, Iowa, Sunday morning by rising immediately following the usual sermon, which happened to be on "One's Preparation for the World to Come," and announcing that he had received a call from the Great Commander for his commission as a soldier of the cross and would not, as he had been shown, be here in the flesh more than a very short time—possibly but a few weeks or days.

Rev. Mr. McPherson's daughter, who was in the audience with her husband, broke down and vented her grief in tears, evidently believing the call to be genuine, while a large number of their friends in the house were also moved to tears. The scene lasted several minutes and was quite affecting.

Owing to the standing of the McPhersons, the event has excited considerable interest in addition to that given it by the unusual character of the dramatic occurrence. The Grand Avenue church is the largest of that denomination in the city, and Rev. McPherson has been prominently identified with it for a number of years.

During the past week or two he has been in poor health, and he was quite feeble when he rose in church to make his extraordinary announcement, which came to the audience like a death-knell.

HOW ABOUT THIS?

A Kentucky Woman Throws Up Teeth from Her Stomach.

Fannie Thompson, colored, of Louisville, Ky., has been daily throwing up teeth of all sorts since the middle of April. Some resemble dog's teeth, others alligator teeth, cow teeth, bear teeth, hog teeth, horse teeth, sheep teeth and teeth of all kinds.

Within the three months the woman has thrown up 400 teeth, which are now in the possession of the physicians. The woman has been confined to her bed since last January, when she fell from a street car and gave birth to a child. She threw up blood and finally the teeth began to come. About a dozen are discharged at a time and almost every night.

Dr. Grant, one of the most trustworthy physicians of Louisville, says he can hear teeth grinding against each other by placing his ear to the woman's abdomen. There is a large protrusion on one side of the woman's stomach and it is believed that it is where the teeth have been formed. The disease is known as "dermoid cyst" and is extremely rare.

Death of Mrs. Yocum.

Mrs. Sallie Yocum, formerly Miss Harmon, of Lamonte, died at Denison, Texas, Sunday, and the remains was taken through Sedalia to Lamonte Tuesday for burial.

Struck by Lightning.

At Lexington Sunday morning a heavy rain fell, accompanied by lightning. A barn belonging to E. E. Campbell was struck by lightning and set on fire and entirely consumed.

Mrs. Satterwhite's Death.

Mrs. T. P. Satterwhite, of Dresden, died at her home at 11 o'clock a. m. Sunday of consumption, aged 55 years, and was buried from the house at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

WALES' LITTLE JOKE.

One of the Early Escapades of Albert Edward.

England's Heir Apparent Undertakes to Cure a Countess' Ungovernably Bad Temper—Queen Foots the Bill.

Albert Edward, prince of Wales, is perhaps the most popular man in England. This popularity is due to his love of sports and all manly traits which are particularly commendable in the eyes of the average Britisher. As a youth, his audacity and appreciation of a joke, either as a perpetrator or victim, were well known.

One of his early escapades resulted in her majesty, the queen, footing a bill for broken crockery and wrecked furniture which the young prince caused in the house of one of the lesser members of the nobility. A rather elderly countess, whose quick temper and sharp tongue drove even her servants away from her, advertised for a footman. The prince, to whose ears tales of the peculiarities of the old lady had come, resolved to teach her a lesson. He therefore presented himself in disguise at her ladyship's house and applied for the position of footman.

The countess had just finished her breakfast, and, pushing her chair back from the table, instructed the servant to bring before her the applicant. The prince was therefore ushered into the room. The countess looked him over from his feet up.

Apparently pleased with the appearance of the prince, she said: "Let me see you walk."

Albert Edward did as commanded and walked backward and forward several times across the floor from one end of the room to the other, now walking briskly at the request of the old lady and then pacing slowly, as she wished to obtain points on this score.

This performance over, the countess ordered him to trot. The dining room still the theater of action, the prince trotted around it several times. When this exercise was completed he again came to a standstill near the head of the table, where the countess was seated. Her ladyship seemed pleased, and was just on the point of asking the young man some questions about himself when he shouted:

"Now see me gallop!"

Grasping a corner of the table cloth firmly in one hand, the prince rushed around the room, pulling the crockery off on the floor in a heap, knocking over the furniture and finally winding her ladyship up in the folds of the cloth. He then bolted for the door, leaving the countess spluttering and shouting and the servants running about in a distracted way to liberate their mistress and quiet her rage.

In the hubbub and confusion the prince escaped. The next day a check from the keeper of the privy purse settled the amount of the damages, and likewise established the identity of the mischief maker. —N. Y. Herald.

ELECTRICITY AT SEA.

Tests Prove That the White Light Is the Most Easily Seen.

Some interesting experiments have been made on the visibility of the electric light at sea by the governments of the United States, Germany and the Netherlands. The word "visible" in the report on the tests means visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere. The result of the experience of the German committee was that a white light of 1 tallow candle power was visible 1.4 miles on a dark, clear night, and 1 mile on a rainy night. The American tests resulted as follows: In very clear weather a light of 1 candle power was plainly visible at 1 nautical mile; one of 3 candle power at 2 miles, one of 10 candle power was seen by the aid of a binocular at 4 miles; one of 29 candle power faintly at 5 miles, and one of 33 candle power plainly at 5 miles. On an exceptionally clear night a white light of 3.2 candle power was readily distinguished at 3 miles; one of 5.6 candle power at 4 miles and of 17.2 candle power at 5 miles. In the Dutch experiments the results were almost similar, but a 16 candle power light was plainly visible at 5 miles. For a green light the power required was 2 for 1 mile, 15 for 2 miles, 51 for 3 miles and 106 for 4 miles. The results of tests with a red light were almost identical with those with green, but it was conclusively proved that a white light was by far the most easily seen. —Chicago Record.

Belated.

The traveler shaded his eyes with his hand and looked anxiously about him.

"Is there a man in the village," he asked, "who can shoe a horse?" "Yes, sir," said a boy in the crowd, "but he's busy mending a horseless carriage, and there's six broken bicycles ahead of you, besides. You'd better go to the next town, mister." —Chicago Tribune.

SENT AS WRITTEN.

Young Operator's Bad Attempt at Revising a Message.

Several years ago a young man, whom we will call H, was employed as night operator at a small town in Illinois.

The second night of his service a circus arrived in town and with it a great many farmers from the surrounding country. H went on duty at seven o'clock in the evening. About an hour later a stranger came in to send a telegram. As soon as he had written and paid for the message the operator sat down to the instrument and proceeded to tick off the telegram, which was brief, and read, not including address and signature:

"Have seen the party send me the money."

When the operator had nearly finished sending the message the receiving operator telegraphed back, "What are you givin' us?" referring to the spelling of the message.

The rules of the Western Union Co. prohibit any conversation on the wires between operators, but nevertheless this rule is frequently broken. It is also a strict rule that messages shall always be sent and words spelled as they are written, even if, as is often the case, the words are spelled wrongly.

But at the time H took this job he was as ignorant of these rules as an Indian, so to the operator's query as to what he was "givin' him" he replied thusly: "Make it read 'Have seen the party, send me the money.'"

"That's more like it," said the receiving operator.

"I guess the bloke that wrote it never saw the inside of a school," said the sending operator.

The next moment he was chilled to the marrow by the soft words that wafted over his shoulder.

"Young fellow, that was a cipher message. I am a detective and also an operator. I heard your remarks on the wire, and if you don't send that message the way I wrote it, I shall sue your company for fifty thousand dollars. And, furthermore, if you don't take back and apologize for the remarks you made about my schooling I will pound your head off." These words came from the "bloke" that wrote the message.

It is superfluous to add that the apology was forthcoming and the telegram sent again according to the "bloke's" rules for spelling. —Chicago Inter-Ocean.

HE WANTED TO KNOW.

A Puzzling Question for Even a Sporting Editor.

"Is this the place where they answer questions?" asked the rough-looking man as he entered the little back room in a newspaper office.

"There's a man on the staff who makes a bluff at doing it," said the sporting editor, "but he isn't in now."

"Oh, well, maybe you'll do," said the stranger.

"We don't answer verbal queries," protested the sporting editor.

"Write your question out and send it in."

"It isn't much of a question, and I thought perhaps you—"

"Oh, I don't know where the reference books are," interrupted the newspaper man.

"They wouldn't do you any good anyway," said the stranger. "This isn't a book question; it's an up-to-date modern one. It's timely, you understand?"

"Well, then, fire ahead. I may know something about it."

"It's about the new woman—"

"Stop there!" cried the sporting editor. "That's clear out of the sporting department."

"No, it isn't," protested the stranger. "The bloomer girl belongs to that department along with bicycles, doesn't she?"

"Maybe she does," replied the sporting editor. "I hadn't thought of that. Go ahead."

"Well, you see, I'm a street car conductor."

"Yes."

"And I want to know if the bloomer girl will get off the car backward like the—"

But the sporting editor had thrown up both hands as an intimation that the problem was clear beyond him. —Chicago Post.

Cannot Disguise Himself.

"I am endeavoring to become quite English," writes a Boston man in London, "because it will save me from the tips of the first magnitude which servants expect from Americans. I have mounted a perfectly hideous Derby. I carry my right glove in my left gloved hand and swing a walking stick in my right. I wear an English collar, and an English scarf with an English pin in it; my English cuffs are spacious. I am having more clothes made at the Prince of Wales' tailor's. And when I go outside the hotel—it is directly opposite the Abbey—the first cabman up says: 'Driven many American gentlemen, sir, know where they want to go, sir!' Such is the vanity of ambition!" —Boston Transcript.

A CHICAGO WEDDING.

A Novel and Amusing Feature of the Affair.

Guests Dance on the Sidewalk to the Music of a Machine Piano—This, Too, in the Broad Light of Day.

A quadrille in the middle of the street by young society people and in broad daylight was one of several novel and amusing features attending a South side wedding reception, says the Chicago Times-Herald. Miss Clara Agnes Middleton and Collins F. Huntington were married at noon in St. John's church. After the ceremony forty or fifty intimate friends were invited to the home of the bride's parents. The bride is well known in South side society and musical circles and has often appeared as soprano in operas presented by the Carleton club, of which the groom is a member.

No sooner had the bride and groom left the reception rooms to prepare for their wedding journey than a street piano carted on a low express wagon, and driven by a woman with a gayly colored shawl over her shoulders, drove past the house. Hailing the driver, who was accompanied by a man who might be her husband, the Carleton club boys engaged their services for an hour. Selections such as "Daisy Bell" and "The Sidewalks of New York" were given. Then the best man decided that the circus was a trifle slow, and, boosting a pretty young woman in a pink dress and a pair of ten-acre sleeves upon the seat, ordered the chief operator of the outfit to run alongside of the machine and turn the crank, while he drove up and down the street.

After making the circle three or four times the queer combination drove to the front of the house again; the "head guy" of the organ was again subsidized, and then a quadrille was organized in the middle of the street. Here, to the inspiring strains of "Sweet Marie," ground out by the traveling professor, four pretty girls in their prettiest gowns, and four young society men, adorned in all the raiment necessary to make a church wedding a success, tripped an old-time quadrille. The fun was kept up until the pretty gowns of the girls and the immaculate linen of the young men began to wear a wearied look.

The music was continued until the bridal couple drove away in a carriage neatly draped in white ribbons and adorned with a coat of arms hanging to the rear axle in form of a much-worn and generous-sized shoe.

A RADICAL CHANGE.

King's Chapel Swaps Episcopal Doctrine for Unitarianism.

As long as the British occupied Boston, King's chapel was the ruling power in religious circles. The British officers, who had been boisterous members of the riding school in the Old South church during the week, would throng to the King's chapel on Sunday for reverent worship. But this very sacrifice to the puritanical Old South proved the ruin of the aristocratic worship in King's chapel. It was brought about in this way: The members of King's chapel courteously invited the members of the old Old South church to worship with them while the damage caused by the riding school was being repaired. This invitation was grudgingly accepted. But this ill-mated union brought about a startling change in the belief of the King's chapelites. They became dissatisfied with Episcopal doctrines, yet continued to favor Episcopal forms. The result was, the adaptation of the Church of England service to Unitarian doctrines, and the First Episcopal church became the First Unitarian church of Boston. So the Puritans squared their accounts at last with the haughty old governor, who must have squirmed uneasily in his tomb at the hybrid metamorphosis his pet church had undergone.

PATTI'S PRIVATIONS.

A Thirsty Prima Donna Before the Concert.

Pity the privations of the prima donna. Here is a story of Mme. Patti which may be appropriately enough recalled. Once, when she returned from her daily drive, she was exceedingly thirsty, and asked M. Nicolini to have procured for her a glass of water. Nicolini was horrified. "What!" he shrieked. "Ma mignonne, you know that you are going to sing to-morrow night, and the water will chill your blood. Oh, no! I forbid water." "Then give me a taste of wine," pleaded the thirsty Patti. "Wine!" roared Nicolini. "Ma mignonne, you are going to sing to-morrow night, and you know that wine will heat your blood. No, I cannot permit wine." "Please, cannot I have something wet?" pleaded Patti, with parched lips. Nicolini pondered long and deeply, and at length with his own hands carefully prepared for the great singer a soothing draught of magnesia.

WADDELL WILL SUE.

Insurance Commissioner After Masonic Beneficiaries.

TWELVE ASSESSMENTS DUE

Sedalia Who Failed to Pay Up to Be Arraigned in Justice's Court At Once.

J. T. Montgomery, attorney for the plaintiff, has begun suit in Justice Fisher's court, in behalf of James R. Waddell, superintendent of the insurance department of the State of Missouri, and, as such, in charge of the United Masonic Benefit association of Missouri, dissolved, against the following gentlemen.

The suits are to recover assessments Nos. 8 and 9 and 10 to 30, issued the first two January 20, 1892, and the others a month later. The amounts sued for are opposite the names of the beneficiaries, and represent the two assessments, with interest from the date of levy.

THE LIST.

D. R. Cully	\$110.80
O. A. Crandall	110.80
E. Lamy	110.80
Henry Laupheimer	110.80
John R. Gouley	110.80
Ira T. Bronson	110.80
R. L. Hale	110.80
William Russell	110.80
John W. Sibley	110.80
S. B. Shultz	110.80
W. M. Gossage	110.80
Adam Ittlen	110.80
S. Zimmerman	110.80
John Holman	110.80

These suits will be contested on the ground that the assessments were made after the concern had gone into dissolution, and, consequently, the beneficiaries were not liable for their payment. Summons were issued yesterday in the cases.

O. A. Crandall, in speaking of the suit, says he withdrew from the concern on the 16th of January, 1892, four days before the first assessment was made, and the suit doesn't worry him any.

John Holman says he never belonged to the company, in fact, is not a Mason, never was, and doesn't propose to lose any sleep about the suit.

COERCED AN EDITOR.

For This J. W. Wills Is Compelled to Pay a Fine and Costs.

The case against J. W. Wills, charged with coercing A. Rodemire, editor of the Centralia Guard, into signing a retraction of an article published in the Moberly Monitor relating to the compromising conduct of said Wills with Mrs. Robert Saddle, came up for hearing before a jury in Justice Hocker's court in Centralia yesterday, and resulted in a verdict of guilty, and a fine of \$350 and costs was assessed.

The cases of J. W. Strother and J. H. Cupp, for complicity in the act, comes up today in the same court. The cases have excited the greatest interest on account of the prominence of the parties involved.

DECEIVED HIS PATIENTS.

A Traveling Quack Reaps a Harvest of Fees at Fort Scott.

A traveling physician, who advertised himself as "Carlos" from Chicago, suddenly left Fort Scott Monday, after a two weeks' sojourn at the leading hotel, during which time he received advance payments amounting to over \$1,000 from upward of 100 patients.

He left unpaid debts of several hundred dollars. He advertised that he would remain three months. Public indignation runs high and he will be hunted. He traveled with a woman attendant and a business manager. It has been learned that he was known as Dante at other places where he practiced the same fraud.

Strangled in a High Chair.

RICHLAND, Mo., July 30.—Mrs. Bird Carroll placed her 10-month-old child in a high chair yesterday, tying it so as to prevent it falling. Then she went to the garden to gather vegetables. The child slipped and the string caught it under the chin and strangled it to death.

Death of Lify Durrill.

Lify Durrill, father of Milt Durrill, and one of the pioneers of Pettis county, died at his home, six miles south of the city, Sunday, at the advanced age of more than 70 years, and was buried Monday forenoon.

A JAPANESE BABY SHOW.

Four Prizes Out of Six Go to One Family.

Dr. A. Nelson Beach, surgeon of the steamship China, has told the story of the most remarkable baby show and of the most remarkable prize-winning family yet on record, says the San Francisco Examiner.

The China on a recent trip to the orient took on board at Honolulu four hundred and ten Japanese, all homeward bound after having worked out their contracts on the Hawaiian islands. Many of the Japanese had their wives and children with them and there were eighty-three babies under four years—fifty-three girls and thirty boys.

The eighty-three almond-eyed youngsters furnished amusement for the cabin passengers for a time. When there is no view save the broad horizon eighty-three Japanese babies are great attractions. Somebody suggested a baby show. The mothers had never heard of a baby show, but the eagle on an American dollar is a great interpreter, and the Japanese commissioner of emigration to the Hawaiian islands, who was a passenger on the steamer, aroused the maternal pride of the little mothers in the steerage. By contribution of the cabin passengers a purse was made up and prizes were offered for the three handsomest girls and the three finest boys under four years.

The eighty-three little Japs in gorgeous kimonos were placed on exhibition one afternoon, and then the judges awarded the prizes.

After the prizes were awarded a startling discovery was made. The little girls who took first and second prizes were sisters, and the little boys who took first and second prizes were brothers. But when the passengers found that the prize-winning little boys and the prize-winning little girls were brothers and sisters, all children of the same parents, there was astonishment unbounded, and the passengers made up a purse of five dollars for the mother of the prize-winning family in addition to the prize money bestowed on the children.

"If there had been more in the family they would have had the rest of the prizes, I suppose," said Dr. Beach, "but the award of four prizes to four children of the same family, the oldest of the children four years of age, was sufficient glory for one mother, who was the proudest parent I ever saw. The awards were fairly made, and none of the judges knew that the children were brothers and sisters."

Held by a Hair.

In a gathering of officers, after the Franco-Prussian war, a French officer claimed that the French nation is the most artistic nation on the earth; and that her artisans can make a thing of beauty out of anything, however ordinary or crude.

The great Prussian general, von Manteuffel, who was present, plucked a hair from his shaggy beard, remarking: "Let them make something beautiful out of that."

The French officer sent the hair to a friend in Paris, telling him the circumstances, and urging that, as the Prussians had defeated the French in the late war, they should not be permitted to defeat them in the claim to artistic supremacy. Giving the hair to capable artisan, with proper instructions, the result was a beautiful scarf pin, representing a Prussian eagle, artistically wrought in gold, standing on a rock, and depending from his beak was the single hair, at the ends of which were two beautiful gold medallions, on one of which was inscribed "Alsace" and on the other "Lorraine."

Thus, the artistic scarf pin aptly described the political situation: Prussia, as the eagle, with its conquered provinces dependent, but held by a hair; for the temper of the people of Alsace and Lorraine was bitter towards the Germans, and the tie which held them was very slight.

Fighting Consumption.

Consumption or tuberculosis has been the subject of early and more vigorous efforts to check its transmission in Prussia than elsewhere, as is natural considering that Dr. Koch is a Berlin professor. The result is that while from 1875 to 1887, before his discovery, the deaths from tuberculosis or consumption were 31 in 10,000, since 1887 there has been a gradual decrease to 25 in 10,000. Elsewhere this decrease has not taken place. Prussian prisons and insane asylums show a reduction in their death rate from tuberculosis, since careful precautions were adopted. The death rate from this cause among religious nursing orders was in 1881-2 114 per 10,000. In 1893-4 it had dropped to 67, almost half. Facts like these show the absolute necessity of careful precautions for destroying the sputa of consumptive patients. Rigorous care in this direction would greatly decrease a disease to which a large proportion of deaths are due.—Philadelphia Press.

CHINESE LAWS.

Flowery Kingdom Is Well Governed, But Largely Self-Ruled.

A Resident of Shanghai Tells of Peculiar Methods of Administering Justice—Good Home Rulers But Very Poor Fighters.

"The home life of the Chinese," said William Russell, of Shanghai, "appears to be little understood outside the limits of the Flowery Kingdom. The most powerful institution in China is the family. The most remarkable attribute of the family is its ability to exercise judicial powers upon its members. If a Chinaman commits a minor offense, the law, as we term it, takes no cognizance of the case. The family takes upon itself the punishment of the offender by flogging or imprisonment, and the compensation of the injured party. It is only in the graver offenses, such as murder, that the culprit is handed over to judicial authority."

"The ability of the Chinese family to sustain its feudal prerogative is owing to its being part and parcel of the land itself. There are no landlords in China. The land is the property of the state and the occupiers pay a small tax to the former for the use of it. This tax must be paid whether the land is cultivated or not; no family, therefore, makes itself responsible for more land than its members can care for. The state further reserves the right where the occupiers do not do justice to their holdings to dispossess them and relet it. This land tax ranges from twelve to forty cents per acre, and the average size of each holding is nine acres. Apart from this glebe each family has the inalienable right to two acres of land, which is strictly entailed upon the family and furnishes the site of the homestead. The members of the family who in trying their luck in the adjacent cities fail to make a success have always the ancestral home to fall back upon and the accompanying farm to work on and live by. A poor law is unknown in China, and failure is not to be found in the lexicon of the laboring class. Another point which younger nations might incorporate in their code is the respect paid to the aged in China. The old people are assigned the best rooms in the family home, and are not in any way looked upon as worn out or undesirable relations. Such conditions have obtained for hundreds of years, and suggest the thought that, wanting as the Chinese have of late been found in the fighting arena, as home rulers they can give points to the remainder of the universe."

Chicago Journal.

WRINKLES OR NO WRINKLES.

One Can Be Smooth and Yet Not Young.

"Some of the new electrical processes for removing wrinkles do produce remarkable results," said a New York physician the other day, "but they are too dangerous to receive the commendation of any reputable physician, and as a matter of fact, the result, though so remarkable, is not at all what the victim hopes. There is Mrs. —, she has really had her wrinkles removed, but you would hardly notice it, except as she told you so. The curious thing is that she does not look a year younger. I say curious, but it is only so to a person who has not correctly analyzed the look of age. Wrinkles may be the most obvious thing about it, but they are not the main thing. What makes anyone look old is first, the change, the decline of all the chief modelings of the face, the falling of the cheeks, the heaviness or the scragginess of the throat, the settling of the flesh about the mouth. The pain that is given in removing wrinkles increases all this, and is likely to count more than the ameliorative process. Cleopatra says, in the play, that she is wrinkled, and Shakespeare was probably a good judge of beauty. She, to his mind, kept hers and her youthfulness because she was so vital, so well, so alive, that her face had the general contours of youth. Women are on the wrong road when they do anything painful to make them look young."

Maxims of Life.

Keep good company or none. Never be idle. Cultivate your mind. Make few promises. Live up to your engagements. Keep your own secrets. When you speak to a person, look him in the face. If any one speaks ill of you, let your life be so that no one will believe him. Live within your income. Small and steady gains bring the kind of riches that do not take wings and fly away. Earn money before you spend it. Never run into debt unless you see a sure way to get out of it. Never borrow if you can possibly avoid it. Do not marry until you are able to support a wife. Never speak evil of anyone. Be just before you are generous. Save when you are young and enjoy your savings when you are old.—N. Y. Weekly.

WRECKED BY WIND.

A Tornado at Boonville Late Yesterday Afternoon.

At 5 o'clock Monday a terrific wind and rain storm struck Boonville and did considerable damage. It came from the northwest, and seemed to divide as it hit the bluff at the south end of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas bridge, one portion following the river and the other going through the central portion of the city.

No fatalities are reported, but the destruction to property is great. Two warehouses and an old packing house were blown down on the river front. Sombart's mill was unroofed and partly blown down. The State Reform school for boys was unroofed and the superintendent's dwelling slightly damaged. The cupola of the court house was unroofed, and the spires of the Catholic and Baptist churches were damaged. Shade trees blown down in every direction, at places entirely blocked the streets, and the following buildings were more or less damaged:

The Harley block, Windsor block, Roberts' lumber warehouse, Commercial hotel and also the dwellings of W. R. Hutchinson, F. Swap, C. P. Gott and Charles Hofmeister. The telephone lines are down everywhere, and a great deal of damage was done to fences and outhouses.

An Entire Car Wanted.

A movement is on foot at Carthage to secure an entire car for the display of Jasper county to be attached to the "Missouri on Wheels" train. It will cost the county \$5,000.

Heath's Creek Lists.

J. A. Potter, deputy county assessor, has returned all the assessment lists for Heath's Creek township, 335 in number. The number includes several new lists.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Ben P. Goodwin, a single man, by his deed of trust dated October 2d, 1893, and recorded November 8th, 1893, in the office of the recorder of deeds of Pettis county, Mo., in block 12, page 62, conveyed to J. C. Thompson, trustee, to secure the payment of the note in said deed of trust described, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of lot six (6) in block twelve (12), of Sarah E. Smith and Martin C. Porter's first and second additions to the city of Sedalia, Mo.; thence west along the south line of an alley one hundred (100) feet; thence south parallel with Ohio street forty-eight (48) feet; thence east parallel with said alley one hundred (100) feet; thence north to the place of beginning, with the privilege of a ten (10) foot alley west of the above described tract of land; and all in the right of said grantor in said deed of trust; and under a certain contract by Blanka Meyers, and her husband, Peter R. Meyers, and Carloline M. Story, recorded in lease A, pages 24-27, recorder's office of Pettis county, Mo.; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the taxes for the year 1894, levied and assessed against said real estate, and the owner and legal holder of the note secured by said deed of trust, has, pursuant to the provisions of said deed of trust, declared the whole debt due; and

Whereas, the said James C. Thompson, trustee, is now absent from the state of Missouri, and unable to execute the powers conferred upon him by said deed of trust; Therefore, I, the undersigned, sheriff of Pettis county, Mo., at the request of the legal holder of said note, will execute the powers conferred by said deed of trust, and will sell said real estate thereunder at the court house door in Pettis county, Mo., at public venue, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 17th day of August, 1895, and will apply the proceeds of sale as required by said deed of trust.

W. H. C. PORTER, Sheriff and Acting Trustee.

[First insertion July 26th.]

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, C. C. Slack and Anna E. Slack, by their certain deed of trust dated February 2d, 1894, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, in trust deed record 69, on page 228, conveyed to J. H. Pilkington as trustee, all their right, title, interest and estate in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot numbered one in block numbered fifty, in the city of Sedalia, county of Pettis, state of Missouri; also, lot numbered six, in block numbered fifty-four of said city and for a title's addenda to Smith and Martin's second addition to Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri. Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note of obligation fully described in said deed of trust; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note or obligation according to the terms and effect thereof, and the period of six months next prior to the date of the first insertion of this advertisement; and, whereas, said note or obligation has become due and payable and is now due and unpaid; now, therefore, I, J. H. Pilkington, trustee, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said note or obligation, will execute the powers conferred by said deed of trust, and will sell said real estate at the court house door in Pettis county, Missouri, to the highest bidder for cash in hand at public auction on Tuesday, the 27th day of August, 1895,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note or obligation, together with the cost and expense of executing this trust.

J. H. PILKINGTON, Trustee.

Executrix Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that letters testamentary on the estate of Albert S. Hamner deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 9th day of July, 1895, by the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the executor within one year after the date of said probate, and all claims not so exhibited within that time shall be barred. This 9th day of July, 1895. GRACE F. HAMMER, Executrix.

Order of Publication.

In the Circuit Court of Pettis county, Missouri—September term, 1895. Michael McGinley and Frank McGinley, doing business under the firm name and style of McGinley Bros., Plaintiffs.

vs. Mary Weyant and Martin Weyant, Defendants.

Now at this day comes Michael McGinley and Frank McGinley, the plaintiffs in the above entitled cause, before the undersigned Clerk of the Circuit Court of Pettis county, Missouri, in vacation, and file their affidavit stating, among other things, that the above named defendant, Mary Weyant and Martin Weyant, are both non-residents of this state, the plaintiffs having heretofore, to-wit: on the 25th day of April, 1895, filed their petition in the office of the clerk of the court, and said Pettis county, wherein they allege and state, among other things, that the above defendants are both non-residents of the State of Missouri.

It is thereupon ordered by the Clerk aforesaid, in vacation, that publication be made, notifying the said defendants that an action has been commenced against them of indebtedness by attachment, against and upon the real estate of the defendants already attached, and which is described as follows, to-wit: Lot 14 in block 23, of the city of Sedalia, within the county of Pettis, State of Missouri, on the 2nd day of September, 1895, and on or before the third day thereof, if the term shall so long continue, and if not, then before the end of the term, answer or plead to said petition, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered against them, and their property sold to satisfy the same.

The object and general nature of this suit is to enforce the collection of the above mentioned account and statement of indebtedness by attachment, against and upon the real estate of the defendants already attached, and which is described as follows, to-wit: Lot 14 in block 23, of the city of Sedalia, within the county of Pettis, State of Missouri, on the 2nd day of September, 1895, and on or before the third day thereof, if the term shall so long continue, and if not, then before the end of the term, answer or plead to said petition, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered against them, and their property sold to satisfy the same.

[A true copy, attested.]

P. H. LONGAN, Clerk Circuit Court, Pettis County, Missouri.

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss. COUNTY OF PETTIS. In the Circuit Court of Pettis county, Missouri, September term, 1895.

The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Michael Doherty, collector of the revenue within and for Pettis county, in the state of Missouri, plaintiff,

vs. Elizabeth Slavin, and the unknown heirs of Patrick Slavin, deceased, and Charles Richardson, trustee for J. L. Fast, defendants.

Now at this day comes the plaintiff herein, by its attorney, W. D. Steele, and files amended petition herein, and the said W. D. Steele, for and in behalf of the plaintiff, alleges in said amended petition, under his oath, that he verily believes that there are persons interested in the subject matter of the petition, whose names he cannot insert therein because they are unknown to him; that so far as his knowledge extends as to the same, that the interest of said unknown persons consist in an undivided one-half interest in the property described in the said petition; that said interest was derived by said unknown persons by their being the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, of Patrick Slavin, who died in Pettis county, Missouri, intestate, leaving no children, or their descendants, and leaving the defendant, Elizabeth Slavin, who was then his wife, as his widow, and the brothers and sisters, or their descendants, of said deceased, as his sole heirs at law.

Whereupon it is ordered by the clerk, in vacation, that the said defendant, the unknown heirs of the said Patrick Slavin, deceased, be notified, by publication, that the plaintiff has commenced suit against them in this court, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the state of Missouri for the state and county taxes levied and assessed upon and against the following described lands for the taxes for the years 1892 and 1893, to-wit:

Lot 3, in block five, of McVey's second addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri; the east three-fourths of lot ten, in block three, of V. L. Hamner's second addition to the city of Sedalia, Mo.; and the twenty-two and one-half feet of lot six, of block one, of Martin & Cotton's third addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri, which lies immediately west of the east ten feet of said lot; and unless the said defendants, the unknown heirs of the said Patrick Slavin, deceased, be and appear at the court, at the next term of the said city of Sedalia, in said county of Pettis and state of Missouri, on the first Monday of September next, and on or before the third day of said term, if said term shall so long continue—and if not, then on or before the last day of said term—answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the Sedalia Weekly Democrat, a newspaper printed and published in Sedalia, Pettis county, Missouri, for four weeks successively, the last insertion hereof shall be at least fifteen days before the commencement of the said term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

[SEAL.] P. H. LONGAN, Clerk of the Circuit Court.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, Charles Bates and Edith A. Bates, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the eighteenth day of June 1892, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, Missouri, at deed book 90, page 146, conveyed to the undersigned, J. M. Byler, trustee, all their right, title, interest and estate in and to the following described real estate situated in the county of Pettis, state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot fourteen (14) in block twenty-three (23) original plat of Sedalia.

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed described, and whereof, as said note has become due and is unpaid, with the interest thereon, now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I shall proceed to sell the above described real estate, at the west door of the court house in the city of Sedalia, in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on Saturday, the 10th day of August, 1895,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note, together with the cost and expense of executing this trust.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1895.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned executor of the estate of Hiram McLellan, deceased, will make final settlement of its accounts with said estate as such executor at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri, to be held at Sedalia, in said county, on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1895.

With will annexed.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned executor of the estate of Hiram McLellan, deceased, will make final settlement of its accounts with said estate as such executor at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri, to be held at Sedalia, in said county, on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1895.

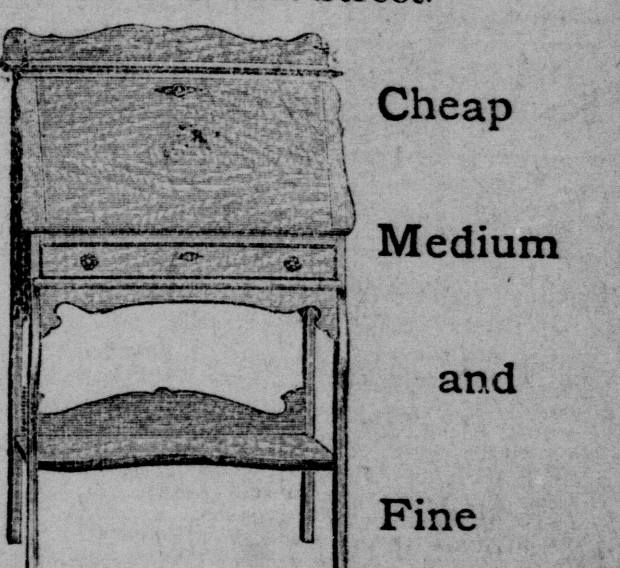
DAVID H. LOVELACE, Executor.

Notice of Final Settlement.

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ATTEND THE PRIMARIES.

The democratic voters of Pettis county have been called upon by the county committee to meet in the various townships at 2 p. m. on next Saturday, August 3d, to elect delegates to a county convention to held be in this city on August 5th to choose seven delegates to represent Pettis county at the forthcoming democratic state convention.

The DEMOCRAT would urge every democrat in the county to attend these township meetings.

It is important that the county convention be composed of thoughtful, conservative, consistent democrats—men who are imbued with the real principles of democracy and thoroughly familiar with the sentiments of the masses of the party.

The duty of choosing such delegates devolves upon each individual member of the party, and all who believe in majority rule in political affairs are expected to accept in good faith the result of the state convention.

Thus will harmony be restored, party strife in Missouri allayed and the work of organization for the great battle of 1896 will be promoted.

The Missouri democracy has declared for bimetalism time and again, and has demanded the free coinage of gold and silver into redemption money, both through its platforms and its representatives in congress, and until recently the position of the party on this issue has never been questioned.

The Pertle Springs convention is to again enunciate this oft declared doctrine and to officially dispute and disprove the assertion that Missouri democrats have become converted to the gold standard doctrine.

When this is done the whole duty of the convention will have been performed, but it should be the sincere aim and purpose to perform this duty so as to create the least possible friction in the party.

The convention should present the spectacle of political brethren counseling together for the common good, rather than that of enemies flying at each others throats.

The democratic party organization will be strong, active and aggressive long after the silver question has been settled and gone into history.

No one issue should be sufficient to divide intelligent men who agree upon the fundamental principles that underlie free government.

The DEMOCRAT hopes that Pettis county, at least, will go to the state convention with the earnest desire to at one and the same time declare anew her desire for the restoration of the free bimetallic coinage of the constitution, and bring to an end the strife of rival factions in the state.

"Party harmony and party success without the surrender of principle" should be the motto; and, that this spirit shall prevail, let

every democrat attend the primaries and then cheerfully accept the result.

MAKE IT PERMANENT.

The zeal with which the various communities are taking hold of the "Missouri on Wheels" movement indicates that there is a widespread desire to advertise the state and show the world what we have to offer the investor and home hunter.

Now that the scheme to send out a train load of sample products is an assured success, it is none too soon to suggest that the movement be made permanent.

* Missouri should have a live, energetic immigration society with branches in every county in the state.

If such a movement is taken hold of in earnest the population and wealth of the state can be increased twenty-five per cent. by the year 1900.

Is not this worth striving for?

Are there not one hundred thousand Missourians who will contribute one dollar each per annum to a fund for the purpose of attracting capital, brain and brawn to the state?

What say the press of the state? Discuss the proposition; feel the public pulse, and, if the response is as favorable as it should be, let us hold a grand immigration convention to celebrate the return of "Missouri on Wheels" late this fall and perfect an organization on even a broader scale for next year.

PETTIS COUNTY'S DISPLAY.

Active work should be begun at once to collect and prepare the exhibit of Pettis county products to form a part of the "Missouri on Wheels" display.

Sedalia has contributed liberally to the movement, but much of the direct benefit will be lost to us locally unless Sedalia and Pettis county are represented by a display of the products and samples of the resources upon which we count for future development.

The managers of the "Missouri on Wheels" movement will find their hands full in attending to the arrangements for the train, without looking after local exhibits.

Our citizens must therefore see to it that an exhibit is gotten together that will be creditable to the county, and to that end a committee should be appointed at once.

The board of trade and the horticultural society should co-operate in the matter and secure the assistance of one or more live, energetic, intelligent citizens in each neighborhood to select and send in samples of this year's products of the farm, the orchard and the garden, as well as samples of the timber and mineral wealth of the county.

There is no time to lose.

If Pettis county is to be properly represented work should begin at once.

Every section of the county should become interested and every wide-awake citizen should assist the regularly appointed committees in the work.

SILVER IN THE EAST.

For the past two or three weeks the New York Mercury has been running a silver and anti-silver ballot contest in its columns. This is the last week of the voting, and Saturday night the returns stood:

For free coinage of silver.....9,830

Against.....519

Of these votes, 2,500 in the affirmative and 120 in the negative are from New York city and state; the others are from the eastern states generally.

Straws show which way the wind blows.—Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. Cleveland had better send Carlisle and Eckels east. These gentlemen have assured us in weekly interviews that "the silver craze is about dead in the west," and they should go where the "craze" is so prevalent.

According to the Post-Dispatch an effort is being made by certain politicians to induce the state committee to meet and change the place of holding the democratic state convention from Pertle Springs to Sedalia. The DEMOCRAT does not know to what extent this movement will be carried, but we do know that Sedalia has no hand in it; and while the Future Capital at all times and under all circumstances has a cordial welcome for her guests, she has no disposition to interfere with

the present arrangement or by word or deed to take from her neighbor what the enterprising citizens of that locality have secured. Pertle Springs will entertain the convention handsomely; she secured the prize fairly, and it would be unjust to deprive her of it. So far as transportation for the delegates is concerned, and that seems to be the cause of complaint, the railroads are under no special obligation to carry the delegates free. The Post-Dispatch has complained loudly of attempts on the part of the railroads to control the politics of the state, and now, when the roads refuse to issue passes, the same paper files objections. The DEMOCRAT does not believe that any change should be made as to time or place of holding the convention, nor is it consistent to damn the railroads for issuing passes and then damn them for not doing it.

The question before the American people is, Shall we have gold monometallism, or shall both gold and silver be coined into redemption money? It is an issue that earnest, sincere men are not afraid to meet, and it is one that cannot be evaded or disguised. From the day when John Sherman succeeded in depriving silver of its ancient right of way to the mints down to the present this question has been the foot ball of the dodgers and tricksters of political conventions. But now it must be met. The man who hopes to dodge it will find his utterances without interest in the next campaign. Honest gold advocates have thrown off the mask and boldly proclaim the doctrine that a gold standard is best. Bimetallists contend that both gold and silver should be coined freely. One thing is certain, however, and that is that silver should be recognized as a money metal worthy to stand beside gold, or it should be retired in favor of something less expensive as representative money. If silver must be redeemed in gold, why would paper not do as well? If silver is not a money metal why should it be coined? Why put 50 cents' worth of material in a credit dollar when one-tenth of one cent's worth would do as well? These are questions which the false bimetalist will have to answer.

A DISPATCH from New York notes the arrival of nine foreign capitalists who come for the purpose of investing their money in American securities and American enterprises. One of the best informed of these investors is quoted as saying that, while for two years he had been advising his friends and clients to sell their American securities, he is now advocating a precisely opposite course. These men are not frightened at the prospect of the free coinage of silver. They know that any policy that will increase the prosperity of the country will increase the value of their holdings.

The tariff law enacted by the last congress has been tested by time and has accomplished all and more than its most sanguine supporters promised. The returning prosperity is general and is felt in all sections and among every class of citizens. Judged by its results, it is the wisest and most just tariff measure that has been put upon the statute books since 1846. From time to time amendments may be necessary to meet changing conditions, but no attempt at a general revision will be attempted even by the congress which was elected last fall.

The calamity howlers who deceived so many people last fall will find their usefulness as campaigners gone in 1896. The business revival is genuine, and that it so speedily followed the disastrous panic of 1893 shows that the tariff law enacted by the last congress was all that its friends claimed for it. The people understand now what they lost sight of last fall, that is, that the McKinley tariff was a restriction upon industry and that times grew gradually worse from 1890 to 1893, the entire period when the McKinley law was in force.

The gold syndicate which is "protecting" the federal treasury has had to deposit \$2,000,000 in gold to maintain the gold reserve. But as the syndicate was given \$2,000,000 in greenbacks in exchange, and as it is the policy of the admin-

istration to redeem these greenbacks in gold on demand, the syndicate can have its gold back as soon as the contract expires and be in position to reduce the reserve so as to compel another issue of bonds. The government should get rid of everything in the shape of demand notes at the earliest opportunity.

A GREAT many people are in doubt—it is honest doubt—about what is meant by the expression, "ratio of 16 to 1." The Butler Democrat advances the theory that it means 16 bushels of corn for 1 dollar. The Clinton Democrat, where they are bothered with cows on the street going to and from pasture, thinks it means 16 cows to 1 small boy. But both of these are wrong. It means 16 people to 1 passenger at the depot when the train comes in.—Warrensburg Tribune.

Gentlemen, you are all wrong. "Sixteen to one" this year means sixteen barrels of corn to one acre. This can be proven in almost any county in Missouri.

THE Post-Dispatch has made a gallant fight for free coinage of silver, but it must understand that the success of a principle cannot be made the occasion for gratifying personal animosities. Its attacks upon Francis and Maffitt will injure rather than strengthen free silver, while its demands that the Missouri Pacific shall furnish transportation free to delegates places the party in a false position.

By a poll of the editors of weekly papers the St. Louis Chronicle has discovered that Sedalia is far ahead of Jefferson City in the contest for the state capital. Jefferson City discovered that fact long ago and now bases her only hope upon a lawsuit wherein it is set up that the people of Missouri have no right to vote upon the question of the location of the capital.

THE movement to perpetuate the "Missouri on Wheels" scheme is a good one and every patriotic Missourian should do all in his power to make it a success. There should be no difficulty in getting 100,000 men in the state who are willing to put up \$1 a year to further such a good cause.—Kansas City Journal.

MR. WM. C. WHITNEY says he "would not turn his hand for the presidency." Many a politician turns his coat for a great deal less. But, if the democracy goes east for its candidate, Mr. Whitney is the most available man, whether he turns at all or not.

THE free silver men carried every ward but one in St. Louis Saturday. If "the free silver craze is dying out" it must have been quite prevalent in Missouri at one time.

INDICATIONS point to a big crowd in this city on August 8th to witness the sham battle and pyrotechnic display.

GET to work on that exhibit of Pettis county products at once.

STORMS IN MISSOURI.

The Wind and Rain of Monday Night Did Great Damage.

A dispatch of the 30th from El Dorado Springs says that Cedar county has been visited by a regular waterspout. The streams are all out of their banks and several bridges have been washed off on Clear creek, west of town, and passage to the railroad is almost impossible. The Osage river north of El Dorado is a mile wide, and still rising. Crops along the banks are all under water. Monegaw Springs, a health resort on the Osage, is entirely under water.

A Nevada dispatch says: "A heavy rain has been falling for the past twelve hours. The Marmaton today overflowed its banks and hundreds of acres of growing crops are now under water. The creeks have covered a large acreage of corn. The loss will be heavy. A local statistician says the large flax crop has been damaged in the shock over 25 per cent."

A Marshall dispatch says: "About 4:30 o'clock yesterday evening a fierce wind and rain storm did great damage in this city and county to the heavy laden fruit trees and some to corn. Many people sought cellars and places of safety."

Large List of Personal Property.

Henry Schlusin, of Smithton, was in town Thursday, and handed his assessment lists to County Assessor Capen. He is one of the largest farmers in Smithton township, and returned nearly \$2,000 worth of personal property.

'BLOOMERS' COMING.

A Sedalia Young Lady Will Introduce Them.

NOT AFRAID OF OPINION.

Sam Jones Endorses Them and That Is Sufficient—A Bloomer Sensation.

The bloomer costume will be seen in Sedalia in the immediate future. One of Sedalia's most graceful bike riders, who is an artist on both a type-writer and a wheel, said to a DEMOCRAT reporter last evening:

"I am having me a bloomer suit made, and as soon as it is finished I expect to appear in public in it. Sam Jones, the evangelist, says there is nothing wrong with the bloomers, and when he doesn't find fault there is no occasion for anyone else grumbling."

Another young lady said: "I want to see the bloomer come into general use. I am free to admit that I have not the 'cheek' to introduce it, but I'll fall into line as soon as the break is made."

In this connection the following dispatch from Mason, O., dated July 30, is of interest:

Miss Ada Coleman, one of the belles of Warren county, and organist of the Methodist church, marched down the center aisle of the church last evening attired in red bloomers of the most fashionable cut. Miss Coleman walked to the organ, thoroughly unconcerned, and commenced to play as usual. She played until the end, but the meeting was cut very short. The members of the church fled to their homes, horrified beyond description.

For several weeks an epidemic of bloomers has engulfed this quiet little town. A few days ago Miss Coleman, who is a leader and general favorite among the society belles of the town, appeared on a wheel in the main streets. She wore bloomers of the most pronounced type, red in color and trimmed gorgeously. They were the first pair of bloomers the residents had ever seen and the whole town turned out to see Miss Coleman ride.

She soon induced her friends to buy wheels and bloomers, and Saturday at least ten young women appeared in a company attired in different colored bloomers.

Rev. John Woodworth, pastor, thought they were very sensible and applauded rather than chided them.

Saturday night a committee requested that he denounce the action of the young women Sunday. Sunday's services came and Rev. Mr. Woodworth never even referred to the bloomers.

There was no end of gossip over the pastor's stand, and last night everybody turned out to prayer meeting.

Last night, when Miss Coleman calmly strode down the center aisle, low murmurs of "Oh, my," "How shocking," "Perfectly dreadful" and "Mercy on us" came from every quarter.

Rev. Mr. Woodworth stood at his pulpit, calm and undisturbed, while the organist in her bloomers marched to her seat, with as much assurance as if she were the best dressed woman in the world. She played the opening hymn, as usual, and sang with more vigor than was her custom. But there was no prayer meeting for that congregation. They could not take their eyes off Miss Coleman's red bloomers.

The girls are with Miss Coleman, and they say it's "bloomers," even if they have to leave the church. Rev. Mr. Woodworth will undoubtedly uphold the young women in their action.

"It is the best patent medicine in the world," is what Mr. E. M. Hartman, of Marquam, Oregon, says of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy. "What leads me to make this assertion is from the fact that dysentery in its worst form was prevalent around here last summer and it never took over two or three doses of that remedy to effect a complete cure."

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, Servant's Pharmacy, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, J. R. Myers, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

State School Money.

At the session of the county court on Monday an order will be entered directing the auditor of the state to draw his warrant for Pettis county's proportion of the state school money.

ITS HANDS A PIGEON ROOST.

How a New York Tower Clock Is Kept in Constant Disorder.

If the time kept by any clock in the city should be accurate, it is that indicated by the tower clock at the Grand Central depot.

People hurrying to catch trains are able to see it from Third avenue, and those coming from Sixth avenue get a glimpse of it before they have cleared Fifth avenue. To the suburbanite, always in a hurry, a few minutes means a great deal. Often it means the buying of a cigar or a newspaper to keep him company on his half hour-ride to New Rochelle or Mount Vernon. No matter what it is the tower clock is consulted. If he has five minutes to spare, and after spending three of the five minutes he excitedly rushes into the depot to find the train gone his wrath knows no bounds. He consults his own watch and the clock in the waiting-room and finds they agree, then he goes across the street and look at the tower clock, which is five minutes slower. He then wanders around the corner to spend the hour that lapses before his next train, and misses the next one on purpose.

To the attendants at the Grand Central the clock is a constant source of trouble, and about twice a day, as a rule, somebody has to set it right. The clock is all right, but the difficulty lies in the fact that no glass protects the face and hands.

Pigeons and sparrows, attracted by the crumbs and sweepings from the cars in the railroad yard, make the depot a loafing place and a roost of the hands of the clock. One pigeon alone cannot affect the hands, but when two or three cluster together upon one hand, the works fail to lift the load, and the hand steadily drops behind.—N. Y. World.

Time Spent with the Barber.

"Speaking of barbers," remarked the club kicker, although, to tell the truth, nobody had mentioned barbers, "I have just finished a fifty minutes' siege in one of those infernal tonsorial establishments. Fifty minutes! Just think of it. What a lot of things a man might do during the time he spends waiting his turn in a barber shop before he even has a chance to get shaved. I'll wager that on an average it takes twenty minutes of my time every day. Some days it's probably less, and some days a good bit more. But we'll say twenty minutes, anyhow. Now, I get shaved every day. There are three hundred and sixty-five days in the year, and twenty minutes every day would make—let me see—that would make seventy-three hundred minutes in a year. Sixty minutes to an hour would be a little over one hundred and twenty-one hours, and twenty-four hours in a day would make—Great Scott! If anybody had told me I spent over five days every year in a barber shop I would have called him a fool."—Philadelphia Record.

Did Not Blame the Japanese.

A pretty and talkative little girl, evidently her mother's pet, was riding in a Sixth avenue "L" train the other afternoon. Her mother accompanied her. The child often set the passengers laughing at her droll and ingenious remarks. Presently a remarkably fat Chinaman, in full Chinese costume, entered and sat opposite the child.

She looked at him in apparent amazement, and then, turning to her mother, with an air that she had "given it up," asked:

"Mamma, what's that opposite?"

"Sh— That's a Chinaman, my dear," answered the mother in a low tone.

"The same kind of Chinaman papa says the Japanese are killing?"

"Yes, my dear. Don't talk so loud."

The child meditated a moment and then said:

"Well, I don't blame them."—N. Y. Herald.

Descendants of Molly Stark.

Molly Stark not only did not die a widow because of the valorous battle of Bennington, but she lived to become a noble mother of Israel. At one time thirty out of forty of the children attending the district school in what is called the "Stark district" of New Hampshire were named Stark. They were all descendants of the four children Molly bore to the hero of Bennington. Now, however, the name is almost extinct in New Hampshire, and in Manchester, the center of the Stark district, only two or three persons are left who bear that name. Molly Stark has a namesake now living in Alameda, Cal., a little girl of thirteen years, who is the sixth generation in lineal descent from the heroine of Bennington.

Strong-Minded.

"Is Letty really as strong-minded as you said?"

"Indeed she is. Why, she can tie the latest sort of a necktie without getting her brother to help her."—N. Y. World.

WAS FAIR BUT FALSE

An Old Man's Darling Gave Him the "Shake."

GOT A HANDSOMER MAN.

Left a Thirteen-Months-Old Babe With Her Despondent and Heart-Broken Husband.

"We hear a good deal of man's perfidy and woman's frailty these days," said Frank Callaway to a Nevada Mail reporter, "but I never personally knew of a case of that kind until last Sunday. In this case, however, it was the woman who was perfidious as well as frail."

"About three weeks ago an old man with a young wife, her thirteen-months-old babe and three other children of the father by a former marriage, came into our neighborhood and camped out by the sulphur spring."

"The man said his name was Hatton and that he hailed from Taney county. He was about 50 years of age and his wife, who was quite a pretty little woman, did not appear to be over 18. He said he had come to Vernon to reside and made numerous inquiries for land to rent. One of the boys hired out to work for George Armstrong. They had some good teams and everything seemed to be moving smoothly enough with them."

"When the Eldorado Springs anniversary celebration was held, old man Hatton hitched up his teams and left for that point with all his belongings, but said he would return. That was the last I saw of him until he came to my home Sunday afternoon. He had his children with him, the 13-months-old baby included, but no wife."

"The old fellow was in deep distress. He said that soon after they arrived at Eldorado they went into camp, a nicely dressed young fellow drove up in a buggy to where his wife was standing and introduced himself as a former acquaintance. The wife did not seem to remember him very well, but finally said she remembered him. The stranger then drove away and old man Hatton saw nothing more of him."

"On Saturday afternoon the old man went out to a pasture after his horses, intending to start back to Nevada that night. When he got back he found his wife gone. His older children told him that while he was after the horses the strange young fellow already mentioned had driven up in his buggy and said he was ready. The woman at once got into the vehicle, bade them good-bye, telling them she was going away for good, and to tell their father it was no use to follow, and drove away."

"Old man Hatton said he would not try to follow her, as he was satisfied the elopement had all been planned between them beforehand. He seemed to be more hurt at the heartlessness of the mother in leaving her thirteen-months-old baby than at her leaving him. He left here Monday morning, saying he was going back to Taney county, where he would leave the baby with his wife's mother, hoping she might thereby be induced to call for it and give it a mother's care."

THE ENCAMPMENT.

It Is To Be Held at Sedalia, August 4th to the 11th.

The encampment of the Second regiment, National Guards of Missouri, will be held at Sedalia, beginning next Sunday, and continuing a week, says the Warrensburg Tribune of yesterday.

Sedalia offered inducements, and the soldier boys will no doubt have a good time.

The companies of the Second regiment are located in Southern and Southwestern Missouri. The latest acquisition to the regiment is Co. F, located in Clinton. Clinton also has the regimental band. It will be remembered that this band was one of the crack bands at the recent band association meeting.

Carthage is headquarters for the Second regiment, with Col. Caffee commanding. It is one of the best regiments in the service.

Urign's Cave and Rocheport

And return, \$1.25. On Sunday, August 4th, a special train will leave the Union station at 7:30 a. m., running via Tipton to Booneville, and steamer from there to Rocheport and the Cave. Returning, leave Booneville at 7 p. m.

H. L. BERRY,
Ticket Agt.

WHEN CUPID REIGNS.

A Curious Festival at Which the Little God Is Supreme.

A singular and ancient custom takes place the first Thursday in December every year in the little Belgian city of Arton. This is the celebrated St. Nicholas festival, and its counterpart is probably impossible to find in any other country.

Peasants, male and female, enter the city in the early morning, all dressed in their holiday dress and all bent on being married. The young men and women march up and down the market place, and as soon as a young peasant sees the girl for whom he has a liking he invites her into one of the many cabarets or cafes that surround the market, and here the agreement and conditions for the marriage are talked over.

The young peasant is always attended by an important personage called "the spokesman." This person plays a most important part, and without him no marriage could be arranged. This man enjoys the confidence of both parties; he knows the qualifications of every young peasant and how much of a marriage portion each girl is provided with. It is he who does the talking for both parties, and if an agreement is entered into and a wedding is the result, he receives a certain part of the wedding portion, a new high hat and a pair of boots. As long as the consultation between the two families, commenced at the festival, continues, the spokesman has a good time. He is entitled to the best of food and drink, and if he successfully carries out the negotiations he is the first one to be invited to the wedding.

As soon as the couple are engaged, which must be done before the festival is over, the custom is for the beau to purchase some oranges and candy for his girl, and she presents her intended husband with a pipe and a package of tobacco.

The origin of this marriage festival is lost in obscurity, but it is faithfully observed by the people of this province year after year.

Dr. De Koven's Letter.

At a recent exhibition of dolls in Chicago a doll was shown which once had a letter addressed to it by the late Dr. De Koven, the great Episcopal high church leader. It was as follows:

"My Dear Wax: I am glad to hear of your birth, and that you are named for me and that you are of wax. You could not be of better stuff for a minister. You will look sweet; this will please the young; you cannot talk too much; this will please the old. You can wink at things, which you will have to do. You will eat little, you will need but small pay. When you are bruised, you can be put on the shelf without a word, and a doll, new, fresh and with red cheeks, will take your place. If you have to be a martyr by fire you will melt easy and save pain to those who have to put you in, but if you do good to even one little girl like C—your life will be worth a great deal. So good-bye, from your affectionate friend, J. De K."

Mistakes Will Happen.

The Telegraph Age tells how a telegraph editor in a Boston newspaper office wrote a note of remembrance to the telegraph operator because the latter in his copy had entirely omitted the letters "i" and "k" where they should have appeared. The operator replied to the note, saying: "Mr. Editor: Mistakes are liable to happen in the best of regulated families and to typewriters as well. It is, indeed, a very unfortunate affair, but the 'eph' and the 'ey' fell out and are lost. This morning I called at the office of the gentleman from whom I rent this outfit, but failed to find him in; in fact, the 'ophice' said he will not return for four or five days. I don't like the look of this variety of spelling myself, but will get the specials applier a phasion. I, myself, consider this no joke, but a serious affair. Phaithphully yours, J. Logan."

A Story of Mascagni.

The Philadelphia Record tells a good story of Mascagni, the composer. During his recent visit in London, while in his room at a hotel, he heard an organ-grinder play the intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana." The man playing the piece entirely too fast exasperated Mascagni, and descending into the street the composer addressed the organist, saying: "You play entirely too fast. Let me show you how it ought to be played." "And who are you?" asked the wandering minstrel. "I happen to be the composer of the piece," replied Mascagni, and then he played the intermezzo for the astonished organ-grinder in the correct tempo. Imagine Mascagni's surprise when on the following day he saw the same organ-grinder in front of his house with a placard on the organ, on which was inscribed in large letters: "Pupil of Mascagni."

A GREAT INDUSTRY.

Something About the Harvesting and Shipping of Ice.

February Is a Busy Month in the Ice Fields of the Northwest—Methods Now in Vogue—A Cold Place.

In the month of February the rich ice harvest of the vast northwestern country is well under way. Until very recently the ice shippers in the vicinity of Minneapolis and St. Paul supplied the southern market with a large amount of the ice used in the region below the frost line, but now a considerable quantity is harvested in northern Iowa and shipped south by rail from points along the clear Iowa rivers, while much of the ice used in the south is made by artificial means.

The industry in the northwest, however, is one which has not flagged. Hundreds of men are employed in the ice fields in the vicinity of Minneapolis and St. Paul, and thousands of tons of ice are stored in a single house, while the total output, or input, of the season now in progress will be very large.

The methods in vogue in harvesting ice in these days are far different from those employed when all that was necessary for the work was to be found in a long saw, two or three men and a team of horses. In these days all this has given way to elaborate time-saving machinery, and the industry is quite intricate. After the ice has been cleared of snow it is marked off into sections; a plow drawn by two stout horses cuts down in the lines two or three inches; men with long bars of iron follow on and wedge the ice off into great cubes of translucent crystal, which then go sailing down a long canal in the ice and are drawn by steam machinery up a long carriage-way to the icehouse. There are various galleries in the house into which the ice is railroaded by means of tracks adjusted to each gallery.

The buildings for the housing of the ice are immense affairs. If we could suddenly strip the outer covering from one of these buildings alongside some snowy lake in Minnesota we should see a vast oblong cake of ice rising nearly a hundred feet in air, two hundred feet long, and another hundred wide, twenty-five thousand tons of it, all in one solid mass with nothing to mar its opaque beauty.

The weather is often intensely cold when the men are at work in the height of the ice harvest, though the sun may be bright and the sky as blue as a robin's egg, and the air so still you would never dream it could be stirred by a blizzard's breath. In the lakes around the two cities mentioned, when the thermometer declines to thirty or forty degrees below zero, the ice frequently reaches a thickness of three feet and over.

The ice harvest in the northwest has become an industry of immense importance, whether we consider it from the standpoint of the shipper of perishable fruits and meats, from that of those who delight in all the refreshment which it affords in the long, hot summer days, or from that of the fever-scorched sufferer who, in the merciful light of modern medical science, may hold the cooling crystal upon his parched tongue.

—W. S. Harwood, in Leslie's Weekly.

Japanese Whisky.

"Saki" is the name of a Japanese alcoholic beverage distilled in some way from the wine of the country which is said to have effects as much more bewildering than Mexican pulque as the effects of the pulque are more bewildering than those of lager beer. It is remarked that the variety of whisky known as "Jersey lightning" is as new milk compared with the "saki" of Japan. It makes a man drunker, stays by him longer, produces tremors of a more vivacious character, and brings total alcoholic eclipse of the intellect more rapidly than any other brew or distillation known to mankind. That is, other people are affected that way. It does not affect seriously the Japanese, who drink it moderately. It has been introduced recently in the Sandwich islands, and the natives are crazy after it. Experts express their opinion that it will settle the Hawaiian question permanently in from a year and a half to two years.—Chicago Herald.

New Chinese Stamps.

A new set of postage stamps has been issued by the Chinese customs post office to commemorate the sixtieth birthday of the empress dowager. There are nine stamps, in place of the former three, and all bear the customs water mark on the paper.

He Was Justified.

Old Gent—Young man, when I was your age I thought a horse car plenty good enough for me.

Youth (alighting from hansom)—But you were never the only son of a rich father or you would not have taken such risks.—N. Y. World.

Diplomatic Dufferin.

"I heard the other day," says the editor of London Truth, "a story about Lord Dufferin, which goes to show his ability as a diplomatist. When the French government had determined to have a Joan of Arc demonstration the French minister of foreign affairs went out of his way to explain to the English ambassador that this was in no way intended against England. Lord Dufferin concurred, and pointed out that as the Burgundians had insisted on her execution it was fully realized in England that the demonstration was against Burgundians. The Frenchman had to concur in this. 'I shall be happy to take part myself in the procession,' said Lord Dufferin. The Frenchman smiled in a sickly way. 'Nay, more,' continued Lord Dufferin, 'there is a gentleman at my embassy who is a lineal descendant of the Lord Talbot of that day. He, too, will be delighted to join.' The smile became more sickly. 'In the ancestral halls of the head of his family there is possibly the armor of the Lord Talbot of the days of Joan of Arc; his descendant would wear it.' The Frenchman changed the subject of the conversation."

"Important If True."

A young Washingtonian, recently returned from Chicago, tells a good story, which should properly go under the heading: "Important If True." According to his account the young man was going home late one night, and when crossing the Clark street bridge was accosted by a beggar. On being refused alms the mendicant suddenly developed into a highwayman, and, putting a pistol under the young man's nose, compelled him to shell out all his personal possessions. Then the highwayman made a bad break, for, laughing at the frightened victim, he said:

"Why, you're dead easy. Dis pop ain't loaded—it's only a bluff."

Whereupon the young Washingtonian whipped out a revolver that was loaded, and, with dire threats of shooting the highwayman's head off, compelled him to give back all the plunder.

"I made sixty-nine cents by the operation," said the self-confessed hero, in telling the story. "And I in the poor box."—Washington Post.

He Sniffeth the Earthquake.

It is a well-known fact that horses can hear sounds that are not perceptible to human ears. For days previous to the great earthquake in the Riviera the horses of that locality showed every symptom of fear, which continued without change of character, unless it was in the direction of greater frenzy, till the fury of the great convulsion broke forth. Not until a few seconds, however, before the earth began to tremble did human beings hear the subterranean rumblings. One writer from the scene says that in his opinion the horses knew that the great quake was on the way from seventy-two to one hundred hours before their masters heard or felt the first jar.—St. Louis Republic.

Visiting the Pope of Rome.

The crown princess of Sweden and Norway, who is sojourning in Rome for the winter, is now so improved in health that the other Sunday she was able to pay her long-deferred visit to the holy father. Her royal highness was received with royal honors. This visit recalls an incident which occurred on the occasion of the first visit of King Oscar to his holiness some years ago, when the bluff Scandinavian sea king startled the Pontifex Maximus and his entire entourage by, instead of the proverbial kissing of his toe, seized Leo XIII. in his manly arms, and in the fashion among royalty, kissing him on both cheeks!

Two Bad Months.

The number of wrecks at sea and the consequent loss of life in January and February of this year were unprecedented. During those two months, seventy-five vessels, including twenty-eight schooners, seven steamers, fourteen sloops, five barges, three barks, three brigs, two barkentines, two ships and one pilot boat, were wrecked, with a total loss of 1,190 lives. Over half these losses, or 669 lives, were occasioned by seven disasters, viz.: Steamer Elbe, 332; steamer Port Netheroy, 120; ferry boat Terciera, 100; steamer Kingdom, 40; steamer Chicora, 26; steamer Iutrahul, 26, and steamer Nordsee, 23.—Chicago Tribune.

Looking Forward to the Chase.

"You ought to take some rest," said the sympathetic friend. "Can't you go fishing or something like that?"

"Well," replied Mr. Weary, "I'm going duck-hunting pretty soon."

"Where?"

"Up on F street. My wife has seen a duck of a bonnet that I have to go in pursuit of."—Washington Star.

RAMIE CLOTH.

Facts Concerning This New Material for Sails.

It Will Be Used on the Yachts Valkyrie and Defender—The Ramie Plant and Its History in This Country.

Adrian Wilson, the well-known Boston sailmaker, in speaking of the Defender's lighter canvas, said that our new cup defender's jib top-sail would be made of ramie cloth, says the New York Sun. As it is rumored that both the Valkyrie III's and the Defender's head sails will be made of this cloth, some facts about this new material for sails will undoubtedly prove of interest to yachtsmen.

The following concerning ramie is from E. A. Posselt's "Structure of Fibers, Yarns and Fabrics," a standard work on the manufacture of textile fabrics:

"Ramie is a specimen of the nettle family. It is a native of East India, China and Japan, but at present experiments are being made rather extensively in our own country's gulf states (especially in the vicinity of New Orleans) to cultivate this fiber. The actual introduction of it into this country dates back to the year 1855."

"The plant, when fully grown, attains a height of from four to eight feet, and is surrounded with large ovate acuminate leaves, which are green above and whitish or silvery beneath, the fiber being formed in the bark surrounding the stalk, which has a pithy center. Similar to China grass, it is of rapid growth, producing from two to five crops a year, according to climate and soil, without replanting."

"The method for obtaining the fiber, as practiced by the natives in East India, China and Japan, is splitting and scraping the plant stems and then steeping them. As this method is very tedious, a machine and process are wanted to accomplish this labor quickly and automatically. The ordinary rotting process, as used for flax, is not sufficiently effective, since the succulent nature of the stem and the great amount and acidity of the gummy matter cause rapid coagulation, and become insoluble on exposure to the air."

"In East India, China and Japan the fiber is manufactured not only into cordage, nets and similar coarse fabrics, but is also used for the construction of some of their most beautiful textile fabrics. On the European continent and in England the fiber has also been woven into a great variety of fabrics, since it can be dyed in any color, and rivals silk in brilliancy."

"Another feature greatly in favor of this fiber is its remarkable strength and durability. It is also the textile fabric least affected by moisture. With reference to spinning, ramie can be used either alone or in conjunction with cotton, wool, silk or flax, for the manufacture of textiles in which elasticity is not essential."

"Ramie has three times the strength of Russian hemp, while its filaments can be separated almost to the fineness of silk. The average value of ramie, either imported (including transportation and duty) or American grown material, is nine cents per pound."

Recent improvements in the manufacture of ramie makes its use possible in yacht sails. The duck made from it will neither stretch nor shrink, and it is stronger when wet than when dry. It has not so smooth a surface as the cotton duck, but can be made lighter with equal strength."

The sails for the French men-of-war have been made from it for several years.

Soups for Warm Weather.

When summer comes it is a good plan to begin a luncheon with fruit, or with a fruit soup. The latter is also sometimes served at dinners. The fruit may be large, choice strawberries with the hulls on, grapefruit, or a mixture of fruits served ice cold in the skins of oranges or grapefruit, or the inside of a coconut or pineapple. Sometimes these fruits are dashed with sherry or a liquor.

Orange soup, indeed most of the fruit soups, are best cold, and therefore are best suited to a hot day. To make a quart of such soup, a quart of fruit juice is necessary. Put over the fire in a double boiler, add to it a half cupful of granulated sugar. Moisten two tablespoonsful of arrowroot with a little cold orange juice or with water and add to the hot juice. Stir until perfectly smooth and begins to thicken. Cool and add two tablespoonsful of curacao, the flavor of which will blend most perfectly with the soup, as it is, as you probably know, cordial flavored with orange peel, cinnamon and mace. Cool before using, and serve in punch cups, putting in each a piece of ice the size of an English walnut before serving.—N. Y. Evening Post.

OUR TREATY WITH ENGLAND.

Was Written on Cheap Paper and Tied with Blue Ribbon.

The first thing was to get from the king of England a statement that he and his ministers were willing formally to acknowledge American independence. When this was done three American commissioners went to Paris, in order to be upon neutral territory, and there they met one David Hartley, who had been named by the king to represent Great Britain. Each spent some time examining the other's credentials to see that they were treating with the right parties. When finally satisfied upon this important matter, they took a few sheets of common and rather coarse white paper, nine by fifteen inches in size, and folded once, and at the top of the first page of it they wrote, in coarse and crude hand: "In the name of the most holy and undivided Trinity."

Writing in unbroken lines across the entire page, on both sides of the paper, and frequently referring each to the other as "high mightinesses," these commissioners filled nearly four sheets of the paper and at the end they signed their names. David Hartley signed first, and he placed his name away up in the left hand corner, just under the last line of the text, where it appears almost crowded off the paper by the names of the American signers, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin and John Jay.

They tied the sheets together with some very narrow and very cheap blue ribbon, the ends of which were fastened to the paper with patches of red sealing wax. This wax they needlessly burned in placing it just at the left of their signatures.

This is the definite treaty of Versailles, now yellow and faded. By it Great Britain formally renounced all claim to the thirteen original states. These four sheets of cheap paper, with their "high mightinesses," their "most potents," and their faded blue ribbon, constitute the official close of the revolutionary war.—Harper's Magazine.

An Elaborate Dinner Service.

A valuable and interesting dinner service painted by an American consul during a fifteen years' absence in Germany consists of one hundred and thirty-one pieces, on which are painted the portraits of the reigning sovereigns of Europe. Many of them are copied from photographs presented by the subjects themselves, and the fine miniatures made after them are accurate in every detail. The plates, which have a framework of gold, have on the rim of each four medallions representing the arms of the nation or its ruler or principal events that have taken place during his reign. Between these medallions there are designs that represent periods in the art development of each country. The portrait of the ruler is in the center. One of the plates of this remarkable set which is devoted to England has on the border the crown, the royal orders, the national emblems of red and white roses, shamrock and thistle, as well as views of Windsor castle, the Parliament house, etc.—N. Y. Post.

Figures in a Barber's Shop.

A Chester man who was anxious to know how many strokes of the razor a barber made in shaving him counted them, and was quite surprised to find what a contract it was to remove the hair from his cuticle. The work of lathering the customer's Roman mug wasn't included in the enumeration, the counting not beginning until the razor, freshly stropped, was applied to the face. The barber removed the soap first applied, and by that time the strokes numbered 206. The lathering was done over again, and when the soap was removed the second time the score had crept up to 425. The barber gave his customer a careful shave, and when the last stroke had been made the customer had counted 679.—Chester News.

He Knew the Boy.

This story is told of Mr. Rudyard Kipling, as illustrating very clearly the characteristics of the vigorous English boy who was afterwards to achieve such widespread fame with his pen. When a boy of twelve, he went on a voyage with his father, who, becoming desperately seasick, retired to his berth, leaving young Rudyard to his own devices. Presently the poor father heard a tremendous commotion over his head, and down the companionway dashed the boatswain three steps at a time, shouting excitedly: "Mr. Kipling, your boy has crawled out on the yard arm; if he ever lets go he'll drown, sure." "Yes," said Mr. Kipling, falling back on his pillow, with a sigh of relief, "but he won't let go."—Household Words.

Hard Luck.

"I had awful hard luck," said a forger to his warder at Portland. "I spent a month learning the signature of a reputed millionaire, and just when I had the check ready the fool went bankrupt."—Tit-Bits.

IT WOULD NOT WORK.

Hoke's Scheme Falls Flat in Georgia.

WELL-DESERVED REBUKE.

A Georgia Democratic Postmaster Administers It to the Secretary of the Interior.

The following correspondence between a cabinet officer and a straight-out democratic postmaster discloses how the effort to "work" the south and the southern officeholders is falling flat, and indicates pretty clearly the opinion which is generally entertained regarding the effort that is being made to constitute the postoffices of the country recruiting stations for the gold standard campaign. The story is stated as follows by the Atlanta Constitution:

"From all parts of Georgia the Constitution is receiving from fourth-class postmasters the semi-official letters which are being sent out from cabinet headquarters in Washington, enclosing Secretary Carlisle's gold speech and other campaign literature for circulation among the people. The following correspondence speaks for itself:

THIS WAS TO POSTMASTER HOLLEMAN.
"Department of the Interior, Washington. Mr. G. T. Holleman, Postmaster Lamar's ill, Ga.—My Dear Sir: Without any purpose to affect your personal action I send you several copies of Secretary Carlisle's recent speeches. I will, however, appreciate your distributing them among those likely to read them. Yours very truly,
"HOKE SMITH."

THIS WAS HIS REPLY.
"LAMAR'S ILL, Ga., July 16, 1895.—Hon. Hoke Smith, Secretary of the Interior, Washington, D. C.—DEAR SIR: Your letter and copies of speeches recently made by Secretary Carlisle received. I assure you that I will take pleasure in distributing them, should I find any one who desires to read them. But I apprehend that there are very few people in this section of country who care to read Mr. Carlisle on finance since he was appointed secretary of the treasury.

"If you can send copies of some of his speeches made when he represented the people of his state in congress and was not representing a class, as he is now, the people of this section will be glad to read them, or if you can send some of the speeches made by your honorable self a few years ago, when you were trying to make the populists believe that you and the democratic party were more friendly to the free coinage of silver than the populist party was, I am sure the people would read them with pleasure. The people of this section are democrats, pure and simple, and cannot be fooled, cajoled, bought or bulldozed by the power at Washington, though they were aided by all the imps of hades, into the support of republican principles on finance. Their manhood revolts at the idea. They are not fools, neither are they children. They will not be led from their time-honored principles by any traitor who, by accident, has got into power or wears the collar of his master. I am, sir, yours respectfully,
"GEO. T. HOLLEMAN."

Many of these postmasters who have received these letters seeking to enlist them as dispensers of gold literature have sent both letters and their replies to the Constitution for publication and it is probable that the exposure will compel the gold men to change their policy, or at least refrain from such open and notorious violations of Mr. Cleveland's civil service rules.

A PIONEER'S DEATH.

Dr. W. C. Overstreet, Sr., Died at His Home in Smithton.

Dr. W. C. Overstreet, sr., one of the pioneers of Pettis county, as well as one of its most highly respected citizens, died at his home in Smithton at 5:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon, of Bright's disease, at the advanced age of 71 years.

Dr. Overstreet was born in Jessamine county, Ky., October 16, 1824, and was married there to Miss Mary Ann Seaton, by whom he had six children, five of whom are living, viz: R. W. S. Overstreet, Mrs. W. J. Mann and David M. Overstreet, of Smithton; Dr. W. C. Overstreet, of this city, and Mrs. David Seaman, of Sacramento, Cal.

Mrs. Overstreet died some fifteen years ago, and the doctor was married to Miss Ella Overstreet, who survived him.

In 1847 Dr. Overstreet first came to Smithton and practiced his profession for a year. He also entered some land, and then, owing to the small population, removed to Monmouth, Warren county, Ill., where he lived for sixteen years.

In 1864 he returned to Smithton and had resided there continuously since, practicing his profession until 1886, when he retired.

Dr. Overstreet was one of nature's noblemen, and it could be truthfully said of him that his word was as good as his bond. He was for many years a member of the Baptist church and also a Mason.

His sons, R. W. S. and W. C. Overstreet, and his brother, Dr. J. M. Overstreet, of Sedalia, were with him when he died.

SENATOR VEST'S RETURN.

He Will Sail from Antwerp, Belgium, About Sept. 15.

George P. Vest, son of Senator George G. Vest, came in last night from Sweet Springs, where he is spending the summer with his family, and registered at the Midland, says the Kansas City Times.

During his father's absence in Europe Mr. Vest is keeping close watch on Missouri politics. He attended the editorial convention in Sedalia this week and will also attend the Pettie Springs convention.

When questioned on that subject he at once began to manifest an interest in the hot night and Kansas City's business outlook. Senator Vest will sail from Antwerp, Belgium, about September 15. His health is much improved by the trip and rest.

A RABID DOG.

He Bit Both Father and Son at Warrensburg.

SPECIAL TO THE DEMOCRAT.
WARRENSBURG, Mo., July 27.—H. S. Townsend and his son were bitten by a mad dog in this city last evening.

The dog attacked young Townsend and chewed his left leg up in a horrible manner. The father of the boy, in trying to rescue him, was also bitten in the ankle.

Mr. Townsend, however, grabbed the dog by the throat and held him until assistance came, when he was shot.

HE WAS A FRAUD.

An Alleged United States Marshal at Carthage.

SPECIAL TO THE DEMOCRAT.
CARTHAGE, Mo., July 27.—John Doles, an alleged United States marshal, after counterfeiting, searched a man named Deaver, and his family and secured \$23 and a gold watch, all that Deaver, who is a camper on his way to Mt. Vernon, Mo., had. After taking Deaver toward Springfield the alleged marshal skipped out.

A Woman Horse Thief Caught.

JOPLIN, Mo., July 27.—A few days ago a strange woman came here with a team and buggy and offered them for sale. She was arrested on suspicion of horse stealing. Yesterday telegrams from Caldwell, Kas., described a woman and team closely corresponding with these and requested that she be arrested. The authorities of Caldwell were notified and an officer is expected here this evening.

A Negro Whipped in Mexico.

MEXICO, Mo., July 27.—Joe Luke, a negro aged about 50 years, accused of having insulted the 10-year-old daughter of Alonzo Morris, owner of a large livery stable here, was whipped terribly by Morris last night. The negro begged for mercy, but his appeals were unheard until blood had been sufficiently drawn to satisfy the enraged father.

Notice of Free Scholarship.

Notice is hereby given that an examination will be held at the court house, beginning at 11 a. m. Monday, August 5th, 1895, to award, according to law, to the applicant passing the most meritorious examination one free scholarship in any department, school or college of the university of the state of Missouri.

Done by order of the court this 6th day of May, 1895.

W. E. CONNER,
Presiding Judge.

Money to Lend.

We have a large sum of money to lend on farms and central city property. Call on or address A. P. Morey, 410 Ohio street, Sedalia, Mo.

THEY DUG OUT.

Three Prisoners Make Their Escape From the Pettis County Jail.

Three prisoners broke jail at about 8 o'clock Friday night, while the watch was temporarily absent, and are still at liberty. They tore up a part of the floor and then dug their way out through the old wall. Sheriff Porter issued the following announcement yesterday, and mailed several hundred copies to various parts of the country:

\$30 REWARD!

The following named prisoners broke jail at 8 o'clock p. m. last night: John G. Thatcher, forger; age, about 28 years, 5 feet 8 inches high; weight, 165 to 175 pounds; dark complexion, heavy brown-mustache, heavy set and a little round-shouldered, large eyes, has swinging walk; is a little hard of hearing; is a railroad brakeman and is known by every railroad man in the country. Robert McCormick, age, about 27 years; 5 feet 11 inches high; weight about 160 pounds; light complexion; sandy mustache; slender build; a farmer by trade; is apt to apply to farmer for work; charge, grand larceny. William Finley, colored; a bright mulatto; age, 19 years; 5 feet 7 inches high; weight, 150 pounds; reddish hair; quick-spoken; charge, burglary and larceny. A reward of \$10 each will be paid for their arrest and detention.

JOHN C. PORTER,
Sheriff of Pettis County.

A telephone message was received at 8 o'clock Saturday evening that Ed. Finley, the negro, had been hemmed up in a cornfield at Smithton, and Deputy Sheriff Ramsey and Policeman John Jackson went at once to the scene.

TEACHERS GRADED.

Certificates Issued to Seventeen Applicants at the Normal Institute.

County Superintendent Driskell completed the grading of the papers of the teachers at the last institute Thursday, and Friday issued certificates as follows:

FIRST CLASS.

Xenophon P. Willey, Sedalia.
Joseph W. Parker, Green Ridge.

SECOND CLASS.

Mrs. Elva Van Bibber, Dunksburg.
Mrs. M. E. Wood, Lamonte.
Miss Anna Farley, Lookout.
Miss Eva Newkirk, Georgetown.
Miss Cora Logan, Lamonte.
Miss Lydia Montgomery, Sedalia.
Miss Agnes Wittstock, Sedalia.
Miss Jennie Williams, Houstonia.
Miss Gwynne Washington, Warrensburg.
Miss Sue M. Luckett, Dresden.
Miss Emma Barrick, Sedalia.
W. E. Heim, Blackwater.
W. O. Hatton, Sedalia.
W. T. Asbury, Postal.
Marion Jackson, Sweet Springs.

Four or five other sets of papers have to be gone over yet, and it is probable that one or more of these applicants will be granted certificates.

HUGHESVILLE ITEMS.

Miss Ruth Black, of Lookout, is the guest of Mrs. J. B. Mockbee.

Miss Lillian Preshaw has been visiting with her uncle, T. T. Veits.
C. O. Hess, with Stewart & Overstreet, St. Louis, came up Wednesday.

Saturday afternoon John McClure left here with five car loads of very fat corn fed cattle for St. Louis.

Elliott & McClure arrived with a hundred head of fine steers, which they put on feed for the fall market.

A. R. Berry, of St. Louis, cattle salesman for Cassidy Bros., has been here for a few days, on business for the firm.

Newton Wood received one hundred head of cattle from the Richardson ranch in Colorado, which he expects to feed this fall and winter.

L. H. Darley and Vas Gorrell are perfectly willing to quit farming and stump the state in the interest of free silver, when necessity demands.

E. F. Scott received from Kansas City seventy head of feeding cattle to take the place of those he is feeding now, which he will ship next week.

A short ride through the country has convinced your correspondent that it has been a long time since we had such a promising prospect for a big corn crop.

To Trade.

A good second hand organ for milk cows.
J. M. OFFIELD.

Cattle Killed by Hydrophobia.

WICHITA, Kas., July 27.—A large number of cattle are reported to be dead or dying in the Osage country in the territory from hydrophobia. Quite a number of mad dogs and

wolves have been seen in that country and some of the cattle have exhibited every sign of hydrophobia. The cowboys are making a determined raid on mad dogs and wolves and are killing cattle that show symptoms of rabies.

A NEW SYSTEM.

Collector Landmann Introduces Some Meritorious Innovations.

County Collector Frank Landmann, in having prepared the receipts and blank books for the taxes of 1895, has introduced a novel and commendable innovation in the manner of checking up and entering the amounts paid, which will obviate much of the annoyance arising from failure to properly enter the record.

The tax receipt is made in duplicate at the time of payment, the "stub," bearing all the data of the original receipt, remaining firmly bound in a substantial book. The original and duplicate receipts are numbered alike in red ink and each taxpayer is given a "current number," so that, should a question arise in the future, the taxpayer can produce his receipt and the consecutive number will render easy the finding of the duplicate on the collector's books.

The books are made to correspond with the two receipts and one acts as a check upon the other. Mr. Landmann received the supply of books yesterday.

Real Estate Sales.

W. L. Phelps to J. W. Mallory, lots 8 and 9, block 7, Hale & Gentry's addition to Sedalia, \$500.

Fannie Bergsesser to Harmon R. Scott, all of lot 7, block 33, Martin & Smith's second addition to Sedalia, \$5,500.

Wm. H. Reynolds to Thekla V. Beaver and Bertha E. Huffman, the west half of lot 2 of the northwest quarter of section 5, township 44, range 20; also 15.8 acres in section 32, township 45, range 20; also 25.2 acres in same section, township and range, \$2,000.

Porter Real Estate Co. to Wm. H. Noftsker, block "K," Arlington Heights, Sedalia, \$2,000.

Wm. H. Noftsker and wife to Porter Real Estate Co., lot 5, block 1, Hoff & Madan's addition to Sedalia; also part of lot 10, block 1, Smith & Martin's first addition to Sedalia, \$1,700.

W. C. Overstreet, sr., and wife to Walter C. Overstreet, jr., 50 acres in section 10, township 45, range 20, \$1750.

John D. Crawford and wife to A. P. Morey, undivided one-half interest in the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 30, and the south half of lot 1 of the northwest quarter, and the north half of lot 1 of the southwest quarter of section 30, township 45, range 21, \$840.

Edward Demand to Catherine Pleasants Kernodle, the south 26 feet of lot 3, and the north 26 feet of lot 4, block 5, West Broadway addition to Sedalia, \$1700.

Louis Stockman to George W. Cook, the southwest quarter of section 32 and all that part of the southwest quarter of section 31 lying south and east of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, and also all that part of the east half of the southeast quarter of section 31 lying south and east of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, all in township 45, range 22, \$3,850.

Sam Small Muled for Libel.

NORFOLK, Va., July 27.—The jury in the Pilot-Massey libel suit rendered a verdict of \$1,600 against Sam W. Small and R. E. Pyrd. The suit grew out of a publication in the Pilot, then edited by Sam Small, formerly well known as an evangelist, charging bribery against Massey, superintendent of public construction of Virginia, in connection with the state's dealings with the school book trust.

Invitation.

To the Farmers of Pettis and Adjoining Counties:

We will have the McCormick corn binder at work Saturday, August 3d, in the afternoon on the farm of J. L. Warren, a quarter of a mile west of Forest park. Sedalia Implement Co.

P. J. BERRY,
Manager.

Don't Believe Any Man.

Go there yourself, and if you can't buy anything you want in groceries, country produce and all kinds of feed at the lowest cash prices, F. G. Lange won't ask you to buy.
308 WEST MAIN.

Telephone 63. Goods delivered promptly.

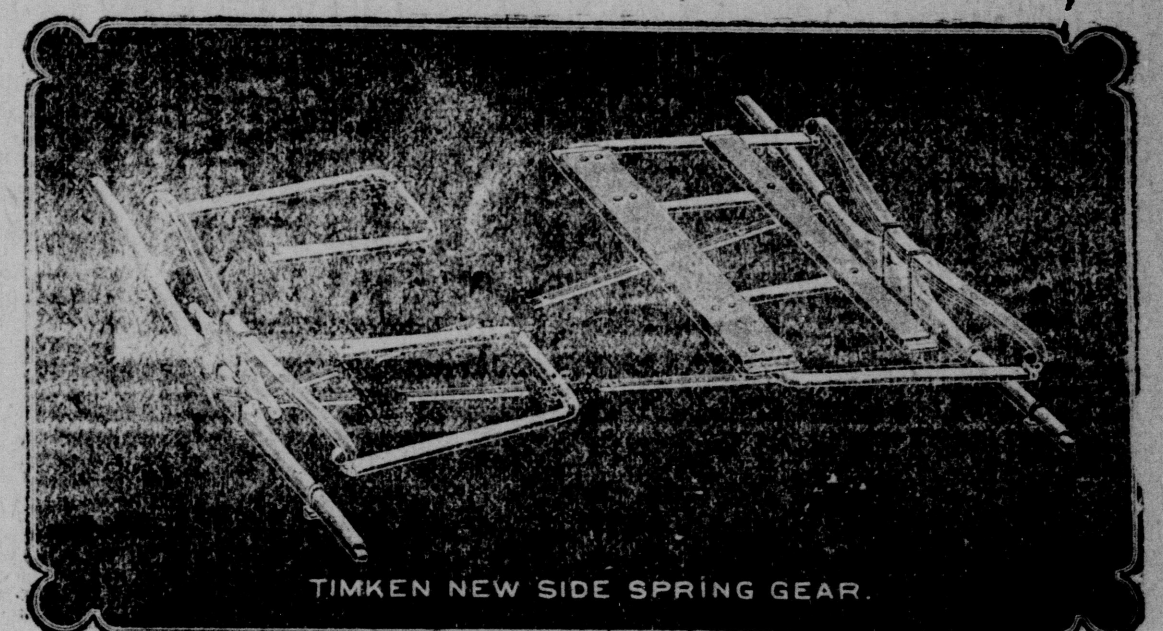
Tourists Rates

Are in effect now to various points north and east. For particulars call on or address,

A. C. MINER,
T. P. A., M. K. & T. Ry.,
Sedalia, Mo.

HAMMAR PAINT CO.
Hammar Paints
Guaranteed 5 years
PURE Prepared
Cost LESS than cheap paint or S. P. White Lead
Sample Card & Book
1220-1224 SPRING ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.
S. P. JOHNS & SONS.

Central Missouri Branch
LEE'S SUMMIT STAR NURSERIES,
M. BUTTERFIELD, Proprietor.
Fruit and Ornamental Trees,
Including a full assortment of Small Fruits, Evergreens, Roses and Shrubbery. Commercial Orchard Planting a Specialty.
Buy only Native Grown Trees. Frigs Reasonable. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Agents Wanted.
T. A. CAMPBELL, Mgr.
ROOM 10, MINTER BLD., SEDALIA, MO.



Go and see some of those fine Buggies and Road Wagons with the celebrated

"TIMKEN SPRING."

First Premium Awarded to Timken New Side Springs at the World's Fair. Warranted for five years at

Luchsinger's,

116 Osage St.

LARGE WELL-VENTILATED ROOMS. TABLE UNSURPASSED
BEST \$2.00-A-DAY HOTEL IN CENTRAL MISSOURI.

SICHER'S HOTEL

The Largest and Best Appointed Hotel in the City.

SICHER & CONRAD, Proprietors
COR. THIRD AND OHIO STREETS.

MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY

Capital Paid in.....\$200,000. Surplus.....\$50,000.

THIS company acts as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, Curator, Receiver and Trustee and accepts Trusts of all kinds, whether created by will or under appointment of courts.

Dealer in investment securities. Loans money on real estate. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers.

Nickle Saving Stamp System—Stamps can be found at the following places: Chris Hye, C. F. Boatright, Otis Smith and at our office.

Five Per Cent. Interest Paid on Savings—The only financial institution in Sedalia authorized by law to receive saving deposits.

Directors—O. A. Crandall, President; F. A. Sampson, Vice President; G. L. Faulhaber, Treasurer; F. E. Hoffman, Secretary; Henry Lamm, Chris Hye, R. H. Moses, J. W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson.

FOURTH & OHIO STREETS, SEDALIA, MO.

JOHN J. YEATER, Pres't. FRANK B. MEYER, Vice-Pres't. ADAM ITTEL, Cash.
Bank of Commerce,
OF SEDALIA, MISSOURI.
Northeast Corner Ohio and Second Streets.
CAPITAL STOCK, Paid Up, \$100,000.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. We solicit accounts of Farmers, Merchants Corporations and Individuals, promising a safe depository for all funds committed to our charge. We are prepared to extend liberal accommodations to the trade, including the Farmers and Live Stock dealers in Pettis county.
DIRECTORS.—John J. Yeater, Frank B. Meyer, W. E. Bard, W. P. Haley, L. H. Durley, A. M. Reed, J. L. Warren, D. H. Orear, J. C. Beedy, Edward Hurley, W. S. Baker, Adam Ittel, and J. M. Offield.

W. W. Finn Wholesale Dealer in and Sole Agent for the
Herl-Rendlen Brewing Co.'s
Celebrated Keg and Bottled Beer.
Family trade solicited and all orders promptly filled.
OFFICE 213 OHIO STREET. TELEPHONE 105.

Which IS THE BEST SCHOOL?
That one possessing the most advantages; best and most healthful location; best faculty of experienced teachers, and offering home comforts! Such is **CHRISTIAN COLLEGE**, for young women, located at Columbia, Mo., the seat of the State University. The Christian College buildings are large and commodious, heated by the hot water system; lighted with electricity; elegant new chapel seated with opera chairs; everything complete. **REFURNISHED THROUGHOUT!**
NO OLD FURNITURE; pianos new. Faculty able, thorough and progressive; all modern comforts and advantages; the best furnished school in the Southwest; graduating courses in Languages, Literature, Elocution, Music and Art. 4th Year, 4th semester, session opens Sept. 4. Send for 32-page illus. catalogue to Mrs. LUELLA WILCOX ST. CLAIR, Pres., Columbia, Mo.

AVOIDING THE MOB.

Callaway County Sheriff's Experience.

A VILE NEGRO RAVISHER.

Finally Landed in the St. Louis Jail and Will Remain Three Weeks.

Emmet Divers, the Callaway county negro who is charged with having outraged Mrs. J. W. Cain, on her husband's farm, six miles west of Fulton, Mo., last Tuesday morning, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in charge of Sheriff W. H. Windsor, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat of Sunday.

The prisoner was taken to the Four Courts and placed in a cell, where he will be kept for three weeks. He will then be taken back to Fulton, Mo., to answer for his crime. Divers is a bright mulatto, about 3 feet 9 inches in height, of rather heavy build. While he did not seem to be frightened, he scrutinized the few who gathered about him in the jailer's office with his small deep-set eyes in a questioning way. His attire was that of a farm hand, and consisted of pants of coarse material, a cotton shirt and a yellow slouch hat. He was barefooted, and heavily ironed with old-fashioned manacles, which restricted his movements considerably.

Sheriff Windsor was well nigh worn out when he left the jail. He had been on the move almost continuously since last Tuesday, evading the various lynching parties organized for the purpose of disposing of the prisoner without process of law, and during the time got practically no sleep. The sheriff said he was first notified of the crime by a runner sent to Fulton last Tuesday shortly before noon. He and his deputies at once started in pursuit of the fugitive, and apprehended him about two miles from where Mrs. Cain was murdered.

"He was covered with blood," said Sheriff Windsor, "as completely as if he had been bathed in it. We called to him to surrender, and after securing him took him to the scene of the crime. Mrs. Cain was found lying in a room of her home with her arms tied, and eight long deep gashes in her throat. There is no question about Divers' guilt. We found his trail near the house and tracked him nearly every foot of the way across muddy fields to the house where he was arrested. He had gone in to get a glass of cider, and we were on him before he knew it. The piece of broken suspender buckle found under Mrs. Cain's body fitted exactly to the other found on Divers. His victim evidently made a stout resistance. Although she was only 18 years old, she was a fine, stout woman, and handsome, too, though you would never have thought it to have seen her lying there with her throat all gashed and her arms tied. The rope had slipped into one of the wounds in her throat.

"We did not remain at the Cain place long, for we knew we couldn't save the negro if we lingered till the people found we had him. We got to Fulton at 1:30 p. m. and put Divers in jail. The news of the capture had spread rapidly, and it was apparent from the way men were standing around in groups and whispering that Fulton wasn't a safe place for the murderer. To keep him there meant trouble, and that night I slipped him into a carriage and drove him to Mexico, twenty-five miles north, arriving at 1:30 o'clock Wednesday morning. Sheriff Stephens took Divers and I went back to Fulton. Stephens anticipated trouble, too, and he took the murderer on a train to Bowling Green, where Sheriff Daugherty kept him until Thursday morning. I again took charge of him then, and ran him over to New London. I got there about 10 o'clock at night, having dodged the lynching parties all right.

"New London is not far from Fulton, however, and last night I concluded to bring Divers to St. Louis. I did it, and the negro will remain here until court convenes in Fulton, which will be in three weeks. I will take him back then. The excitement will probably have somewhat subsided by that time, but if Divers were in Fulton now he would surely be lynched. This is not the first offense he has been charged with. He once assaulted his wife's 9-year-old sister, and he had trouble of a similar character about a negro woman. He was employed as a laborer on

Dr. Harvard's farm, about two miles from Fulton and four miles from where the Cains lived.

"He denies his guilt, but the evidence against him is very strong. He comes of a bad family. Two of his brothers have been convicted as assaulting women and one of them is still in the penitentiary.

"The fact that Mrs. Cain had only been married two months has lent an additional touch of horror to the tragedy, which, without that, is the most horrible that ever occurred in Callaway county."

Sheriff Windsor is staying at the residence of his kinsman, Sergt. W. S. Gregory, of the Fifth district.

JUST ROMANTIC.

A Couple from Other Counties Comes to Sedalia to Get Married.

Gip McMahan, of Lamine, Cooper county, and Miss Ada M. Townsend, of Arrow Rock, Saline county, were married at 9:30 Monday forenoon, in the parlor of the Union hotel, corner Fourth and Engineer streets, by Rev. Stokely, pastor of the Montgomery Street Methodist church, in the presence of the landlady and a score of guests.

Mr. McMahan and his sweetheart, appeared at the residence of County Recorder McDougal early this morning for a license, and he went at once with them to his office and issued the document.

Miss Townsend, when asked if she had eloped with Mr. McMahan, said that was too harsh a term. Her parents did not object to her marriage with Mr. McMahan, but they wanted her to wait awhile. They decided against this, however, and for the sake of a little romance and the pleasure of being married in the future capital of Missouri, hied themselves to Sedalia. They will return to Lamine this evening.

In the language of the melodrama, the DEMOCRAT exclaims, "Bless you, my children!"

SEEN AGAIN.

Ed Finley, the Escaped Alleged Burglar, Changed His Clothes Sunday.

Saturday night a telephone message was received at the jail, notifying the sheriff that Ed Finley, the escaped mulatto, had been corralled in a cornfield at Smithton, and Deputy Sheriff Ramsey and Policeman John Jackson went down at once. They failed to catch the fellow and came home.

Sunday word was received that Finley had been again seen and had gone to his mother's house and changed his clothes.

More deputy sheriffs were sent out and the local officers at Smithton were wired to capture the fellow if they could, but he managed to elude their vigilance and again hide himself.

Nothing has been heard regarding the whereabouts of Thatcher and McCormick, who escaped at the time Finley did.

INNOCENT NEGRO LYNCHED.

Supposed Murderers Put an Informer Out of Their Path.

MERIDIAN, Miss., July 29.—Charlie Burwell, colored, about 65 years of age, was lynched near here Saturday night. It was thought that he was concerned in the Farmer murder which occurred within a stone's throw of where he was hung.

On the night of July 4, Lewis Farmer and wife, who ran a small store about two miles from here, were murderously assaulted and left for dead. Then their store was robbed. Later developments seem to fasten the lynching upon the real culprits, since it is learned that this old negro Burwell was promised a reward of \$250 to ferret out the guilty parties. This became known to those concerned in the Farmer murder and they are thought to have made way with Burwell.

Cattle Selling High.

J. B. Rickman, the East Sedalia butcher, has just returned from a buying trip in the northern and western parts of the county. He reports plenty of fat cattle, but that the owners demand as much for them as they could hope to get in St. Louis, and in some instances more.

Getting Well Rapidly.

Clark McClure, the young man who was accidentally shot by his father a few days ago, is getting well as rapidly as his friends could wish, and will have no permanent hurt from the wounds.

Horses Killed by Lightning.

J. K. Thompson & Son, residing two miles north of Smithton, had four valuable horses killed by lightning Sunday morning.

CUT WITH A RAZOR.

Albert Corum, a Former Printer of This City.

Al. Corum, for years a printer employed in Sedalia, and whose former home was at Knobnoster, was thus referred to in Sunday's Kansas City Journal:

A dispute over a match resulted in a fight, in which Albert Corum, a printer living at No. 816 Central street, was seriously stabbed last night. While Corum was standing at the Junction, shortly after midnight, he was accosted by two unknown men, one of whom asked him for a match in such a rough manner as to incur Corum's wrath, and a fight ensued, in which one of the strangers was knocked down, whereupon the other pulled a razor from one of his pockets and inflicted three wounds upon Corum's person, one a deep gash in the left leg half way between hip and knee. The other wounds were on his right leg, and were slight. Corum was removed to police headquarters after some delay, and his wounds were dressed. His assailants escaped.

Corum has worked in different newspaper offices in Kansas City, but at the time of the affray was out of employment.

FIGHT WITH A SNAKE.

The Lively Experience of a Cole County Farmer.

Philip Howland, living near Jefferson City, says he had a hard fight with a black snake last Saturday.

After finishing his day's work he started across the meadow toward home. Suddenly a large black snake sprang out of the thicket and started toward him. The snake, Howland said, lashed its tail furiously and struck him upon the body.

Howland managed to get clear of the reptile and pick up a club. Then, Howland says, he had a lively fight with the snake. When he struck at the reptile it would dodge the blow and strike him with its tail. The reptile hissed loudly all the while. At last Howland got in a good blow and stretched the snake upon the ground. He then mashed its head. The reptile measured over eight feet.

TORNADO IN THREE STATES.

A Village by That Collective Name in Missouri Visited by a Storm.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 29.—A special to the Republic from Cairo, Ill., says: Reports just received state that on Saturday afternoon a tornado passed over the village of Three States, situated on the Mississippi river, forty-five miles south of here, on the Missouri side. Lightning struck a shanty-boat tied at the bank, killing the owner, George McClelland, and wife, and fatally injuring their three children, who are since reported to have died. Their home was said to be Kenosha, Wis.

At Barnes' Ridge, three miles west of Three States, lightning struck a farm house, killing a man and wife named Thomas. The wind came from a western direction and with such terrific force that it blew down a huge smokestack of the Three States Milling company's mill. Fortunately, the chimney fell lengthwise with the building, doing no damage. The tornado literally cut a swath through the woods 100 yards wide, uprooting trees and in some instances carrying them considerable distances.

VIGILANTES ORGANIZE.

Denver Citizens Determined Not to Have Their Water Supply Cut Off.

DENVER, Col., July 29.—The citizens of South Denver have organized a vigilance committee with the object of preventing the Denver Union Water company from shutting the water off their premises for non-payment of their bills before rates are readjusted in accordance with the contract with the city. Similar action will probably be taken in other wards. The question of arranging rates will come up in the city council again this week.

Valuable Stallions Burned.

Bagnell Bros.' barn, on Elk Hill Stock Farm, Saline county, was burned by lightning Sunday morning, and four fine stallions, Eros, Revenue, Magnet, Librarian, and a fine jack, Prince, were destroyed, together with the contents of the barn. Loss nearly \$2,000.

SLEEPLESSNESS.

Nervous Debility, Nervous Exhaustion, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Melancholia, and kindred ailments, whether resulting from over anxiety, overwork or study, or from unnatural habits or excesses, are treated as a specialty, with great success, by the Staff of Specialists attached to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Personal examinations not always necessary. Many cases are successfully treated at a distance.

ASTHMA. A new and wonderfully successful treatment has been discovered for Asthma and Hay Fever, which can be sent by Mail or Express. It is not simply a palliative but a radical cure.

For pamphlets, question blanks, references and particulars, in relation to any of the above mentioned diseases, address, with ten cents in stamps, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

CONCERNING CROPS.

What the Bulletin Issued Tuesday Says Regarding Them.

In many of the northeastern, east-central and southeastern counties the weather continued damp and showery and harvest and haying have progressed very slowly the past week. Further damage has been done to grain in shock and corn and cotton are being injured in some localities by too much rain. Over the balance of the state threshing, stacking and haying have progressed rapidly under favorable conditions and this work is now nearing completion.

Oats have yielded well, as a rule, but in many counties have been damaged to a greater or less extent by the wet weather.

Corn continues in excellent condition, generally, though in some districts it has become very grassy and weedy. But little damage by chinch bugs is reported.

Flax is about all cut and is a good crop.

Hay has been considerably damaged by rain in some sections, but on the whole the crop is better than expected and in some localities is reported up to the average. Pastures are good and the second crop of clover promises well.

Sorghum, millet, tobacco, castor beans, late potatoes and garden vegetables are generally doing well, and fruits continue in good condition, with the exception of grapes, which are still rotting badly in some localities.

Turnips are being sown in the southern counties, and fall plowing has commenced.

SALTED THE WELL.

Brass Filings Worked Off On a Morning Newspaper for Copper Ore.

One of the morning Sedalia newspapers had a wonderful story of the finding of a vein of copper ore in the well now being drilled at Forest park, and some of its readers went at once to secure option on all the salable lands in that neighborhood.

Some of the so-called free copper ore was exhibited on the streets today, in the shape of shavings, with an occasional crystal of barite. Part of these were shown Mr. R. A. Blair, and he examined them carefully under a strong glass.

"I've seen a good many ores in my time," he said, with a queer sort of a smile lighting up his good-natured face, "but I don't think I ever before saw free copper chipped from an old brass kettle or something like that."

The supposition is that in the parlance of ore miners the well was salted, either by design or accident. If the former, as a joke on the men in charge of the drill; if the latter, by some one letting a small piece of brass fall into the well, where the drill whetted it up into small pieces.

'Tis safe to say, at any rate, that the copper excitement has died out in that region of country lying immediately beyond Thirty-second street.

Among the numerous persons who have been cured of rheumatism by Chamberlain's Pain Balm, mention should be made of Mrs. Emily Thorne, of Toledo, Wash., who says: "I have never been able to procure any medicine that would relieve me of rheumatism like Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I have also used it for lame back with great success. It is the best liniment I have ever used and I take pleasure in recommending it to my friends."

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, Servant's Pharmacy, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, O. M. Brooks, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Notice.

All accounts due us can be paid at our present location, in the D. H. Smith building, corner Main and Ohio streets.

VAN WAGNER-HENNEY SHOE CO. JOHN WALMSLEY & CO. GENTRY & CLONEY.

16 to 1.
FREE.
As a Waterspout.

The earth is no rounder than it ever was.

It gave the pattern for the ups and downs in human life.

It bursted open and threw Free Silver out of its innermost bowels purposely for man to get it for his oats; therefore all sow oats, and all want free silver.

Blair Bros., also came up out the hole to offer you more clothes, more new Hats, more Underwear than any body else for it.

Don't have spasms---Don't swallow anybody's physic but ours.

If your hide gets hungry for clothes see Blairs'---If you want the latest Hat go to Blairs'---If you obey the law and wear Shirts, see Blairs'---If you want a good chaw of decent destiny, see Blairs' always, while you are not on your knees praying for free silver.

The earth is yours and all that's in it---we are in it---we are yours.

Blairs'

CUT PRICES

ON REAL ESTATE FOR

10 days.

Call on Porter Real Estate Co., 404 Ohio St.

Good Looking Feet come from wearing

SELZ' NU-SHU

"Make Your Feet Glad"

It's as comfortable as can be and wonderfully durable.

Selz Royal Blue \$4.00 Shoe is the best you can get. Both made by Selz, Schwab & Co., Chicago, largest manufacturers of shoes in United States.

AT YOUR DEALERS.

A Reward Offered for Murderer Ray.

Governor Stone has offered a reward of \$100 for the capture of W. J. Ray, who murdered A. C. Crain in Christian county July 23, 1895.

Monuments, Monuments.

Do you want one cheap? See Clay & Heynen, North Ohio street.

He Had No Insurance.

James C. Connor is in receipt of a letter from H. C. Taylor, owner of Elk Hill Stock Farm, Saline county, saying that his loss in the killing of Eros and three other stallions by lightning on Sunday would

Dr. A. J. TUCKER, OCUList

FITS CORRECTLY.

Practice limited to diseases of the eye and the fitting of glasses.

Will remain in Sedalia only a short time.

Consultation Free.

ROOMS 303-304, HOFFMAN BUILDING.

Take Elevator.

be about \$20,000, with no insurance. Enos was a half brother to Elliston, owned by Arnold Bros., of this city, and had a record of 2:22½, while thirteen of his colts are in the :30 class.

Married at the Court House.

David Shaw and Janie Owsley, respectable colored people from Green Ridge, were married in County Recorder McDougal's office at the court house at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, by Judge W. H. Nichols, of the probate court, and will return to their home at Green Ridge Tuesday evening.

Heaviest Rain for a Year.

Mel Coats, who lives two miles east of Houstonia, says the heaviest rain in a twelve-month fell in that section at 6 o'clock Monday evening.

PUTS 'EM TO SLEEP.

Prof. Barnes Gives a Lesson in Hypnotism.

SUBJECTS DO WHAT BID.

A Young Lady Plucks Flowers from a Man's Beard and Then Dances Jigs.

"Keep your eye on my finger, look at it! Don't take your eye off it! Look right at it!" yelled Professor Barnes as he made little rings in the air with his forefinger in a parlor at the Southern hotel last night, says the Chicago Chronicle.

A pudgy man who had been standing at the doorway of the parlor for half an hour looked at the finger, and as it began to revolve rapidly the pudgy man's head rolled around and his eyes followed every move of the finger.

"Now, come in here, come right here where I am," went on Professor Barnes, as he began to draw his finger back toward his shoulder; "come on, you can't get away from that finger, you know you can't."

The pudgy man was thirty feet from the professor and there were two people in the room watching him, but he wanted that finger, and he started after it. He never looked at the floor to see how the land lay, but plunged up the aisle, between the seats, keeping an eye fixed on that moving finger, until he stood beside it.

"Now, you can't get away from it; you've got to follow it," said Professor Barnes, as he rapidly moved backward in a circle, holding the coveted finger about a foot from the pudgy man's face. Round and round went the finger and after it went the anxious man, over chairs and feet, until Professor Barnes suddenly snapped his fingers, stamped his foot and said:

"Here, what's the matter with you?"

Then the pudgy man stopped, looked around at the crowd in surprise, rubbed his eyes and sat down in a corner.

BARNES' STRANGE POWER.
Professor Wm. E. Barnes is a thin young man with a brown moustache, and does not look at all extraordinary. But after he had fastened his eyes upon a few people in the Southern hotel last night and brushed their foreheads with his hands, they did a lot of very queer things. The professor is a hypnotist, and he was showing how the thing is done, but few of the crowd knew an alarming amount about it when they went away.

"Will the young lady kindly take this seat?" asked Prof. Barnes. The young lady kindly did; a tall, dark young lady who giggled a good deal until the professor got gold of her.

"Now watch my finger," said he, holding it close to her eyes and twirling it rapidly. She watched the finger, and the professor slowly closed her eyelids with his left hand, saying as he did so:

"Now, you can't open your eyes." But she could, and did, and while the crowd laughed the hypnotist went at her again, and again she refused to play, but flashed her eyes open after all the professor's hard work. But he did not give up, and after passing his hands quickly over her forehead and eyes he waved one hand at her and said:

"You can't get up." This time he got it the first guess, for the girl apparently could not rise from the chair. She struggled to rise, but she appeared as if tied to the seat, and at last she gave it up and smiled. Then it was Professor Barnes' turn to laugh, and the crowd was very quiet. Quickly he passed his hands over her eyes, saying, "When you open your eyes you will see beautiful flowers growing in the grass here at your feet. Now, open your eyes."

prise, dropped the doctor's beard and sat down in some confusion.

This young lady, however, was no novice as a traveler in the mystic land beyond the looking glass. She had often before been operated upon and was an easy subject.

A tousled youth of about twenty years was called from the door, another subject who had been under Professor Barnes' influence many times. He, too, was made to stick to his chair and then the professor asked him to remove his coat. The young man asked no questions, but stripped it off and Barnes stretched out one of the subject's arms.

"Now, you can't move that, can you?" he said. "You can't let it down."

The arm stayed rigidly where it was placed.

GOES TO DREAMLAND.

"Now, I will put this young man to sleep," said the professor, placing his hand on the subject's head and gently rolling it around on the neck. Slowly the eyes closed, and when the hypnotist removed his hand the sleeper's head sunk forward on his breast.

"He is asleep," said Barnes, "and now I will remove every particle of feeling from this arm."

Hastily unbuttoning the shirt sleeve, he bared the right arm and made three quick passes from the elbow to the hand.

"There is not a particle of feeling in that arm now," said Barnes, "and to prove it I will run this pin through the flesh," and he produced a hat pin about eight inches long. The crowd leaned forward and narrowly watched the performance, while the hypnotist pinched up a little ridge of flesh in the forearm, and, driving the pin clear through, left it sticking there, half projecting on either side. There was not a tremor on the face of the sleeping boy as the pin was withdrawn, and with a wave of his hands the professor released him from the spell. In a dazed way he pulled down his shirt sleeve over his arm, and as he did so two tiny blood spots appeared on the linen to show where the incision had been made.

Then there was a call for subjects, but the crowd seemed perfectly willing to sit around and let someone else be operated upon. Barnes asked for a half a dozen to test and see whether or not they could be hypnotized and, after much coaxing, seven or eight went forward and the professor went at them. He had poor success as a rule, only a few failing to open their eyes after his operations. A small boy who totes ice water and things in the hotel made much joy for the crowd, however. He was easily influenced and then he thought a grave doctor on the front seat was his father; he turned his coat inside out and made violent love to a walking stick under the impression that it was a girl he used to know.

And soon after that the crowd began to go home and wonder how it is done and whether it hurts.

A COSTLY MISTAKE.

By Using Too Many Letters the Telegraph Company Was Out \$5,541.

The insertion of the letter "r" in the name of H. W. Baker promises to cost the Western Union Telegraph company about \$5,000. In the suit brought by Baker at Seattle, Wash., to recover \$7,160, loss caused by the delivery of a dispatch from Australia to Abram Barker, a jury in the United States court returned a verdict for plaintiff for \$5,841.51 after deliberating about an hour. Judge Hanford instructed the jury that a telegraph company was charged with the duty of exercising a high degree of care as to promptness, and that any neglect entitled the parties injured to damages. Barker's measure of damage was the amount he would have realized had he accepted a cabled offer, less the amount he received.

The defense moved for a nonsuit on the ground that the terms of the telegraph blank especially exempted the company from any damages either for mistake or delay, and also as the error was made in Australia by a connecting line, no responsibility could attach, particularly as the cablegram was addressed "Barker," and was actually delivered to "Barker."

Mr. Lewis, for Baker, insisted that conditions in a telegraphic message exempting the company from losses could only apply to a sender, not to one receiving the cable; also that, though the error was made in Australia, the Western Union was liable, as its contract with the Australia company as its agent, and that the mere fact that the message was addressed "Barker" could not excuse the failure to deliver to Baker, where the contents of the message could show it was for the commission merchant. The nonsuit was refused.

The case will probably be appealed.

IS THE WOMAN DEAD?

Mrs. Gardiner, of Arcadia, Neb., Has Vanished.

VERY MYSTERIOUS CASE.

A Search in Vain in the House Where the Missing Woman Is Said to Have Died.

Enough has been become known about Mrs. Gardiner, of Arcadia, Neb., who disappeared in Boston during the week of the Christian Endeavor convention, to make the case one of the most perplexing that the police have had to deal with for a long time.

Every antecedent of the circumstances in the woman's life is against the presumption that she has deserted her husband and her three children. She left home with her ticket and \$100 in money in her pocket. No one came with her from that part of the state, and during the long journey she was practically alone. The night of her arrival, July 11, she sent this letter to her husband:

"I am all right and at a house where Michigan people are to be entertained if they come. I did not have any trouble in getting a place. My money will do me nicely."

The day before her supposed death, July 13, she sent a letter, in which she says in part: "Dear Husband—My day has been well spent, and it is over at last. I find that my strength is hardly equal to the meetings of the Endeavorers, and every one else seems so well. Really, it is very hard work, and I need lots of strength and determination. I have enough of the latter to last me through, I think. People here are very kind to me."

That night, according to the evidence in the letter, she was taken very ill, and on the Sunday following died. She realized that her end was near, and wrote a third letter to her husband, beginning: "It has come at last," saying she was dying and bidding him and her children an affectionate farewell.

The next day, July 15, a fourth letter was written, signed "Mrs. M. J. Brown, South Boston," which said, in brief: "I have sad news to tell you. Your wife passed away at 7 o'clock Sunday. Saturday evening and Sunday she was ill, and we asked for advice in the case, but it was too late. Sold effects and inclosed a ring and C. E. pin, which she got ready herself."

James W. Landers, of Arcadia, is in Boston looking into the case. He says that the news about Mrs. Gardiner's death was unquestionably accepted in Arcadia at first and Mr. Gardiner at once started for Boston to claim the body. He could not find any trace of the place where his wife stopped, and returned home in despair. Funeral services in memory of the missing woman were held in Arcadia.

Inquiry thus far fails to discover any M. J. Brown in South Boston, or elsewhere, or any Mrs. Brown who knows anything about the case.

A BICYCLE ROAD.

Chicago and Milwaukee to Be Connected by It.

Chicago and Milwaukee are to be connected by an elevated bicycle road. A company has been formed in Chicago, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to build the road. The capital stock has all been subscribed, the plans of the road have been prepared, and the work will begin as soon as the right of way has been obtained.

The plan is to construct a wooden elevated road 16 feet wide, on a nearly straight line between the two cities, and to have the terminus in each city as near the business center as possible. It is to be a toll road, but it is proposed to make the toll between Chicago and Milwaukee only 10 cents. Its projectors think it will be patronized by 20,000 wheelmen per week.

To Sell or Lease.

A good weekly newspaper plant, in small town. Has a liberal patronage and is a good opening for some intelligent, practical printer. For full information address "J. R. D., care SEDALIA DEMOCRAT."

A Gift of \$5,000.

Dr. R. W. McClelland, of Arrow Rock, Saline county, has given \$5,000 to the building fund of the new Stephens college chapel at Columbia, says the Herald. This handsome donation was given almost unsolicited, and as a mark of affection

and gratitude. The chapel, when completed, will be called Nora McClelland chapel, in memory of a departed daughter, who graduated from the college some years since. Miss McClelland died in Arrow Rock August 11, 1894, and is buried in Columbia cemetery.

MR. BOTHWELL IS BUSY

Hunting Up Law Points on the Injunction Suit.

The Hon. J. H. Bothwell, of Sedalia, Pettis county, Mo., arrived in the city yesterday, and his figure has not been seen on the streets since his arrival, says Wednesday's Jefferson City Courier.

He has no time to spend gadding about, as he is employing his time in the supreme court building hunting up evidence to see why that injunction suit cannot be knocked out in the courts. It is warm work, and Mr. Bothwell removes his coat in order that his enduring qualities may have full play.

So far, it is believed he has discovered that several capitals have been removed in the United States, but not on the same plan as the one inflicted on the honest people of Missouri.

When Mr. Bothwell secures all the evidence from the United States digests he may be forced to take up the common law of England and possibly Lobengula's African excerpts on "Removals to the Other Worlds by Decapitation."

A "SQUEALER" SKIPS.

What He Said About the Sunday Law Being Violated.

Ever since the statement was made from the pulpit of Centenary church that the Sunday closing law was violated in this city, City Marshal Alderson has been on his mettle, says the Nevada Mail. In a published item yesterday he stated emphatically that such was not the case—that he and the other members of the police force had kept close watch and not in a single instance were they able to discover any infraction of the law.

He learned from Pastor Carpenter that a man named C. A. Grant had given him the information upon which that gentleman's public utterance was based.

"I immediately hunted up this man Grant," said Mr. Alderson. "He said he did not have the necessary data to make the affidavit, but would make it last night. When called upon last night he was still not ready. This morning I met him again and he told me he would make it as soon as he had his breakfast. After breakfast I went to old man Newell's boarding house where he had been stopping and found that he had skipped out. He got his bundle of clothing, telling Mr. Newell that he would be back shortly. He left owing Mr. Newell for three days' board, and also carried off a pair of spectacles belonging to Jeweler Poe, thus proving himself to be both a thief and liar."

Grant is a Kansas exotic. He came here from Pittsburg about three months ago, and was a painter by trade. He claimed to be a Good Templar and sought to get into the good graces of people by such fake stories as the one in question. He made the same statement to Mayor Jones that he made to Mr. Carpenter and to the city marshal, but on being pressed to make affidavit flew the track altogether. City Marshal Alderson followed him as far as Deerfield on the 12:35 train, hoping to overtake him, but failed to hear anything definite. It is likely that Grant has gone back to Kansas, where such informers are taken at their own valuation without question.

Mr. C. G. Strong, principal of the public schools at Anderson, Cal., says: "I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have found it an excellent remedy for lameness and slight wounds."

Lameness usually results from a sprain, or other injury, or from rheumatism, for which Chamberlain's Pain Balm is especially intended and unequalled. It affords almost immediate relief and in a short time effects a permanent cure.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, Servant's Pharmacy, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, J. R. Myers, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Burial of Mrs. Byrnes.

The funeral of Mrs. Nannie Byrnes, who died Wednesday at her home, six miles south of the city, aged 26 years and leaving two children, took place Thursday afternoon Rev. J. S. Myers officiating. The interment was in the De Jarnett burying ground, four miles north of the city.

This, will be a regular

BARGAIN WEEK

with us. The entire shipment of New Goods received during the past few days placed on Sale at ridiculously low prices. Right now, if ever, is the time to buy

Bargain Prices.		Bargain Prices.	
Table Linens.	12½c	Lace Curtains.	50c
About ten pieces of Genuine Turkey Red Table Linen, well worth 20c a yard to be given away at 12½c a yard.		It hardly seems reasonable, but the early buyer can secure during this great sale, Lace Curtains at 50c a pair—just the trick for Bed Room Windows.	
Here's a banana. An assortment of 30c, 32½c and 35c. Half Bleached and Genuine Oil Red Table Linens on one counter and tick. cited your choice 25c a yard.	25c	At 98c a pair we will sell Nottingham Lace Curtains that can not be purchased elsewhere less than \$1.50 per pair.	98c
A line of full bleached half Bleached, Buff and Red Table Linens, worth 45c to 50c to be closed out at 37½c a yard.	37½c	Brussels effect Curtains, others ask \$2.25 for like grade, our price \$1.50 per pair.	\$1.50
By far the best values ever granted in 60c to 75c Table Linens will be offered during this sale, Bargain Sale Price being 45c a yard.	48c	Extra size Lace Curtains with \$2.50, to \$3.25 a pair choice of lot \$2.00 a pair. Finer grade Curtains at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 up to \$10.00 per pair, all reduced.	\$2.00
About six designs in Regular \$1.00 full Bleached Damasks to be closed out at 75c a yard.	75c	Curtains on Spring Rollers go at 12½c.	12½c
Napkins.		Towels.	
All Linen Napkins sold this week at 4c, 5c, 7c, 10c and upwards, worth much more.		See our Huck Towels at 5c, see our All Linen or Turkish Towels at 10c 12½c, 15c, 25c. To see is to buy. Extra inducements also offered in Towelings this week.	
See our "ad" in Gazette for Bargain Prices on Vests, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces and Vellings. See "Bazaar" Prices on Dress Goods and Gents Furnishings.			
Frank E. Meyer & Bro., Grand Central,		304-306 OHIO STREET.	



We want your
REPAIR WORK
And you can have it when promised.
All work warranted and satisfaction guaranteed.
Dickman's JEWELRY STORE.
105 W. 3d St., Sedalia Nat'l Bank Bld.
SIGN: "BIG SPECK."

MANY DEAD FISH.

The River at Jefferson City Is Full of Them.

All of yesterday there was a procession of dead fish floating past Jefferson City in the Missouri river. They were of three kinds—carp, buffalo and drum. The largest observed will weigh probably four pounds, and they have apparently been dead from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

The attention of State Fish and Game Warden J. W. Henry was called to the matter, and he expressed the opinion that the presence of so many dead fish was not due to the use of dynamite. Various theories are advanced, but the most likely and plausible of them is that the fish were washed out of the numerous small streams above by late freshets and were unable to live in the muddy water of the Missouri river.

Some of the late rainfalls have been tremendous, and one stream rose 14 feet in one hour. It is estimated that fifty miles of dead fish floated by Jefferson City yesterday and at 7 o'clock last evening the river was still full of them.

One night when Mr. Isaac Reese was stopping with me, says M. F. Hatch, a prominent merchant of Quartermaster, Washington, I heard him groaning. On going to his room I found him suffering from cramp colic. He was in such agony I feared he would die. I hastily gave him a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy. He was soon relieved and the first words he uttered were, "what was that stuff you gave me?" I informed him. A few days ago we were talking about his attack and he said he was never without that remedy now. I have used it in my family for several years. I know its worth and do not hesitate to recommend it to my friends and customers.

For sale by P. E. Ott, W. E. Bard, A. T. Fleischmann, Servant's Pharmacy, M. T. Miles, A. S. McGowan, Mertz & Hale, O. W. Smith, J. R. Myers, T. J. Fletcher, H. W. Wood, J. F. Stephens.

Election of Officers.

The directors of the Sedalia Building and Loan association elected the following officers yesterday afternoon: John B. Gallie, president; Chas. L. Taylor, vice president; S. P. Johns, Jr., treasurer; Chas. Van Antwerp, secretary; Jno. Montgomery, Jr., attorney.

Capital Removal Popular.

From the Pilot Grove Herald. Capital removal, from the rock-ribbed regions of Jefferson City to the Queen City of Missouri—Sedalia—becomes more apparent every day.

A Hen Operated Upon.

Dr. A. J. Maury has a Langshan hen that had been indisposed for several days, and as the trouble appeared to be in the craw, he yesterday decided to perform an operation. The craw was opened, and imbedded therein was a bunch of hay and some manilla rope, which stopped up the passage. These were removed, the wound sewed up and the fowl is expected to recover.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.			
Going East.		Going West.	
Arrive.	Depart.	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6:10:25 a.m.	10:20 a.m.	No. 3:10 a.m.	3:17 a.m.
No. 2:12:45 p.m.	12:50 p.m.	No. 5:30 p.m.	3:35 p.m.
No. 4:10 p.m.	4:15 p.m.	No. 12:30 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
No. 8:12:30 a.m.	12:25 a.m.	No. 1:15 p.m.	8:30 a.m.
		Local Freight, 6:30 a.m.	

NOTE. o. 7. Fast Mail, will carry passengers to Warrensburg, Holden, Pleasant Hill and Kansas City, but will not carry baggage. Annual passes only will be good on No. 7.

LEXINGTON BRANCH.

No. 192 arrives 10:20 a.m. No. 193 departs 5:50 a.m.
No. 194 arrives 11:20 p.m. No. 191 departs 3:30 p.m.
No. 198 Local Frt. 3 p.m. No. 197 Local 10:50 a.m.

M., K. & T.

Going North and East.		Going South.	
Arrive.	Depart.	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 2:35 a.m.	8:55 a.m.	No. 3:55 a.m.	9:15 a.m.
No. 4:40 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	No. 1:70 p.m.	7:20 p.m.

MARKET REPORT.

Live Stock.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—CATTLE—Receipts 3,800, shipments 200. Market strong and active and prices a shade better, within the range. Good shipping to choice export steers, \$2.40-2.50; fair to medium shipping, \$2.10-2.20; good butchers and dressed beef steers, \$1.90-2.15; mostly at \$1.25-1.45; steers under 1,000 pounds, \$1.00-1.10, with bulk of sales at \$1.00-1.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.25-2.40; cows and heifers, \$2.25-2.40, mostly at \$2.00-2.25; Texas and Indian steers, \$2.75-2.90; bulk of sales, \$2.00-2.25; cows and mixed lots, \$2.00-2.25.

HOGS—Receipts 2,100, shipments none. Market active and 10c higher at \$4.80-5.10; pigs, 5c lower at \$4.20-4.35; heavies, \$4.70-5.00.

SHEEP—Receipts 600, shipments none. Market supply light and prices higher; native sheep, \$2.75-3.75; lambs, \$3.00-4.75; South-west sheep, \$2.50-3.25.

Grain and Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, July 31.—FLOUR—Receipts, 2,000 barrels, and shipments, 4,000 barrels. Steady and higher, \$5.25-5.35; fancy, \$2.00-2.10; choice, \$2.75-2.85.

WHEAT—Receipts, 17,000 bushels, and shipments, 21,000 bushels. Weak and lower on news of heavy crops for crops generally, together with depressed domestic market. No. 2 red, cash, 68½c; July, 68½c bid; August, 68½c-69c; September, 69c.

CORN—Receipts, 15,000 bushels, and shipments, 8,000 bushels. While weak and extremely dull, did not go off much in price, even where wheat was at its lowest. No. 2 mixed, cash, 30c; July, 30½c; September, 40c-40½c.

OATS—Receipts, 25,000 bushels, and shipments, 1,000 bushels. A small squeeze developed in July that put the price up to 27c; otherwise the market was dull and weak.

No. 2, cash and July, 27c; August, 27½c asked; September, 27½c bid.

CORNEAL—Dull and lower. Quoted at \$1.90-2.00 per barrel.

EGGS—Firm, Fresh, 8½c.

BUTTER—Steady. Creamery, 16-17c.

HAY—Choice, old timothy scarce, in demand and higher, new timothy, plenty and hard to dispose of; prairie, broken badly on pressure of heavy receipts.

PORK—Standard mess, \$12.50.

LARD—Prime steam, 5½c; choice, \$6.05.

BACON—Boxed shoulders, \$6.37½; longs, \$6.75; ribs, \$6.87½; shorts, \$7.00.

DRY SALT MEATS—Boxed shoulders, \$6.62½; longs, \$6.37½; ribs, \$6.50; shorts, \$6.75.

Executrix Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John W. DeJarnett, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 28th day of July, 1895, by the Probate court of Pettis county, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the executrix within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred.

This 28th day of July, 1895.

DONA M. DEJARNETT, Executrix.